

Cisco

Exam Questions 350-701

Implementing and Operating Cisco Security Core Technologies



NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which method is used to deploy certificates and configure the supplicant on mobile devices to gain access to network resources?

- A. BYOD on boarding
- B. Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol
- C. Client provisioning
- D. MAC authentication bypass

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/ise/2-4/admin_guide/b_ISE_admin_guide_24/m_ise_devices_by

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which attack is preventable by Cisco ESA but not by the Cisco WSA?

- A. buffer overflow
- B. DoS
- C. SQL injection
- D. phishing

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/esa/esa13-5/user_guide/b_ESA_Admin_Guide_13-5/m_advance

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 2)

What does Cisco AMP for Endpoints use to help an organization detect different families of malware?

- A. Ethos Engine to perform fuzzy fingerprinting
- B. Tetra Engine to detect malware when the endpoint is connected to the cloud
- C. Clam AV Engine to perform email scanning
- D. Spero Engine with machine learning to perform dynamic analysis

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.amp.cisco.com/AMP%20for%20Endpoints%20User%20Guide.pdf> ETHOS = Fuzzy Fingerprinting using static/passive heuristics

Reference: <https://www.ciscolive.com/c/dam/r/ciscolive/emea/docs/2016/pdf/BRKSEC-2139.pdf>

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 2)

An attacker needs to perform reconnaissance on a target system to help gain access to it. The system has weak passwords, no encryption on the VPN links, and software bugs on the system's applications. Which vulnerability allows the attacker to see the passwords being transmitted in clear text?

- A. weak passwords for authentication
- B. unencrypted links for traffic
- C. software bugs on applications
- D. improper file security

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which type of algorithm provides the highest level of protection against brute-force attacks?

- A. PFS
- B. HMAC
- C. MD5
- D. SHA

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a benefit of conducting device compliance checks?

- A. It indicates what type of operating system is connecting to the network.
- B. It validates if anti-virus software is installed.

- C. It scans endpoints to determine if malicious activity is taking place.
- D. It detects email phishing attacks.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 2)

An administrator is trying to determine which applications are being used in the network but does not want the network devices to send metadata to Cisco Firepower. Which feature should be used to accomplish this?

- A. NetFlow
- B. Packet Tracer
- C. Network Discovery
- D. Access Control

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/solutions/collateral/enterprise-networks/enterprise-network-security/white-paper>

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a function of 3DES in reference to cryptography?

- A. It hashes files.
- B. It creates one-time use passwords.
- C. It encrypts traffic.
- D. It generates private keys.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 2)

Using Cisco Firepower's Security Intelligence policies, upon which two criteria is Firepower block based? (Choose two)

- A. URLs
- B. protocol IDs
- C. IP addresses
- D. MAC addresses
- E. port numbers

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/623/configuration/guide/fpmc-configguide-v623/secu>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 2)

A network administrator is using the Cisco ESA with AMP to upload files to the cloud for analysis. The network is congested and is affecting communication. How will the Cisco ESA handle any files which need analysis?

- A. AMP calculates the SHA-256 fingerprint, caches it, and periodically attempts the upload.
- B. The file is queued for upload when connectivity is restored.
- C. The file upload is abandoned.
- D. The ESA immediately makes another attempt to upload the file.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/email-security-appliance/118796-technoteesa-00.html>In this question, it stated "the network is congested" (not the file analysis server was overloaded) so the appliance will not try to upload the file again.

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 2)

How does Cisco Advanced Phishing Protection protect users?

- A. It validates the sender by using DKIM.
- B. It determines which identities are perceived by the sender
- C. It utilizes sensors that send messages securely.
- D. It uses machine learning and real-time behavior analytics.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.ces.cisco.com/docs/advanced-phishing-protection>

NEW QUESTION 15

- (Exam Topic 2)

Why is it important to have logical security controls on endpoints even though the users are trained to spot security threats and the network devices already help prevent them?

- A. to prevent theft of the endpoints
- B. because defense-in-depth stops at the network
- C. to expose the endpoint to more threats
- D. because human error or insider threats will still exist

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 16

- (Exam Topic 2)

An engineer has enabled LDAP accept queries on a listener. Malicious actors must be prevented from quickly identifying all valid recipients. What must be done on the Cisco ESA to accomplish this goal?

- A. Configure incoming content filters
- B. Use Bounce Verification
- C. Configure Directory Harvest Attack Prevention
- D. Bypass LDAP access queries in the recipient access table

Answer: C

Explanation:

A Directory Harvest Attack (DHA) is a technique used by spammers to find valid/existent email addresses at a domain either by using Brute force or by guessing valid e-mail addresses at a domain using different permutations of common username. Its easy for attackers to get hold of a valid email address if your organization uses standard format for official e-mail alias (for example: jsmith@example.com). We can configure DHA Prevention to prevent malicious actors from quickly identifying valid recipients. Note: Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) is an Internet protocol that email programs use to look up contact information from a server, such as ClickMail Central Directory. For example, here's an LDAP search translated into plain English: "Search for all people located in Chicago who's name contains "Fred" that have an email address. Please return their full name, email, title, and description.

NEW QUESTION 19

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a feature of Cisco NetFlow Secure Event Logging for Cisco ASAs?

- A. Multiple NetFlow collectors are supported
- B. Advanced NetFlow v9 templates and legacy v5 formatting are supported
- C. Secure NetFlow connections are optimized for Cisco Prime Infrastructure
- D. Flow-create events are delayed

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa92/configuration/general/asa-general-cli/monitor-nse1.pdf>

NEW QUESTION 21

- (Exam Topic 2)

Why is it important to implement MFA inside of an organization?

- A. To prevent man-the-middle attacks from being successful.
- B. To prevent DoS attacks from being successful.
- C. To prevent brute force attacks from being successful.
- D. To prevent phishing attacks from being successful.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 25

- (Exam Topic 2)

An organization is trying to implement micro-segmentation on the network and wants to be able to gain visibility on the applications within the network. The solution must be able to maintain and force compliance. Which product should be used to meet these requirements?

- A. Cisco Umbrella
- B. Cisco AMP
- C. Cisco Stealthwatch
- D. Cisco Tetration

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/data-center-analytics/tetration-analytics/solutionoverview-c22>

NEW QUESTION 26

- (Exam Topic 2)

An engineer notices traffic interruption on the network. Upon further investigation, it is learned that broadcast packets have been flooding the network. What must be configured, based on a predefined threshold, to address this issue?

- A. Bridge Protocol Data Unit guard
- B. embedded event monitoring
- C. storm control
- D. access control lists

Answer: C


Explanation:

Storm control prevents traffic on a LAN from being disrupted by a broadcast, multicast, or unicast storm on one of the physical interfaces. A LAN storm occurs when packets flood the LAN, creating excessive traffic and degrading network performance. Errors in the protocol-stack implementation, mistakes in network configurations, or users issuing a denial-of-service attack can cause a storm. By using the "storm-control broadcast level [falling-threshold]" we can limit the broadcast traffic on the switch.

NEW QUESTION 30

- (Exam Topic 2)

Refer to the exhibit.



An administrator is adding a new Cisco FTD device to their network and wants to manage it with Cisco FMC. The Cisco FTD is not behind a NAT device. Which command is needed to enable this on the Cisco FTD?

- A. configure manager add DONTRESOLVE registration key>
- B. configure manager add <FMC IP address> <registration key> 16
- C. configure manager add DONTRESOLVE <registration key> FTD123
- D. configure manager add <FMC IP address> <registration key>

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://cyruslab.net/2019/09/03/ciscocisco-firepower-lab-setup/>

NEW QUESTION 33

- (Exam Topic 2)

A network engineer is deciding whether to use stateful or stateless failover when configuring two ASAs for high availability. What is the connection status in both cases?

- A. need to be reestablished with stateful failover and preserved with stateless failover
- B. preserved with stateful failover and need to be reestablished with stateless failover
- C. preserved with both stateful and stateless failover
- D. need to be reestablished with both stateful and stateless failover

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 35

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a benefit of using Cisco FMC over Cisco ASDM?

- A. Cisco FMC uses Java while Cisco ASDM uses HTML5.
- B. Cisco FMC provides centralized management while Cisco ASDM does not.
- C. Cisco FMC supports pushing configurations to devices while Cisco ASDM does not.
- D. Cisco FMC supports all firewall products whereas Cisco ASDM only supports Cisco ASA devices

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/security/firesight-management-center/datasheetc78-736775.ht>

NEW QUESTION 39

- (Exam Topic 2)

An organization has a Cisco Stealthwatch Cloud deployment in their environment. Cloud logging is working as expected, but logs are not being received from the on-premise network, what action will resolve this issue?

- A. Configure security appliances to send syslogs to Cisco Stealthwatch Cloud
- B. Configure security appliances to send NetFlow to Cisco Stealthwatch Cloud
- C. Deploy a Cisco FTD sensor to send events to Cisco Stealthwatch Cloud
- D. Deploy a Cisco Stealthwatch Cloud sensor on the network to send data to Cisco Stealthwatch Cloud

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: CCNP And CCIE Security Core SCOR 350-701 Official Cert Guide

NEW QUESTION 41

- (Exam Topic 2)

Drag and drop the capabilities from the left onto the correct technologies on the right.

detection, blocking, tracking, analysis, and remediation to protect against targeted persistent malware attacks	Next Generation Intrusion Prevention System
superior threat prevention and mitigation for known and unknown threats	Advanced Malware Protection
application-layer control and ability to enforce usage and tailor detection policies based on custom applications and URLs	application control and URL filtering
combined integrated solution of strong defense and web protection, visibility, and controlling solutions	Cisco Web Security Appliance

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Text, chat or text message Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 45

- (Exam Topic 1)

An engineer must force an endpoint to re-authenticate an already authenticated session without disrupting the endpoint to apply a new or updated policy from ISE. Which CoA type achieves this goal?

- A. Port Bounce
- B. CoA Terminate
- C. CoA Reauth
- D. CoA Session Query

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 50

- (Exam Topic 2)

An organization has two systems in their DMZ that have an unencrypted link between them for communication.

The organization does not have a defined password policy and uses several default accounts on the systems. The application used on those systems also have not gone through stringent code reviews. Which vulnerability would help an attacker brute force their way into the systems?

- A. weak passwords
- B. lack of input validation
- C. missing encryption
- D. lack of file permission

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3954>

NEW QUESTION 51

- (Exam Topic 1)

Refer to the exhibit.

```
Sysauthcontrol          Enabled
Dot1x Protocol Version      3

Dot1x Info for GigabitEthernet1/0/12
-----
PAE                        = AUTHENTICATOR
PortControl                = FORCE_AUTHORIZED
ControlDirection          = Both
HostMode                   = SINGLE_HOST
QuietPeriod                = 60
ServerTimeout              = 0
SuppTimeout                = 30
ReAuthMax                  = 2
MaxReq                     = 2
TxPeriod                   = 30
```

Which command was used to display this output?

- A. show dot1x all
- B. show dot1x
- C. show dot1x all summary
- D. show dot1x interface gi1/0/12

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 55

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which policy represents a shared set of features or parameters that define the aspects of a managed device that are likely to be similar to other managed devices in a deployment?

- A. Group Policy
- B. Access Control Policy
- C. Device Management Policy
- D. Platform Service Policy

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/620/configuration/guide/fpmc-configguide-v62/platfo> the answer should be “Platform Settings Policy”, not “Platform Service Policy” but it is the best answer here so we have to choose it.

NEW QUESTION 58

- (Exam Topic 1)

What can be integrated with Cisco Threat Intelligence Director to provide information about security threats, which allows the SOC to proactively automate responses to those threats?

- A. Cisco Umbrella
- B. External Threat Feeds
- C. Cisco Threat Grid
- D. Cisco Stealthwatch

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://blogs.cisco.com/developer/automate-threat-intelligence-using-cisco-threat-intelligencedirector>

NEW QUESTION 60

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the primary benefit of deploying an ESA in hybrid mode?

- A. You can fine-tune its settings to provide the optimum balance between security and performance for your environment
- B. It provides the lowest total cost of ownership by reducing the need for physical appliances
- C. It provides maximum protection and control of outbound messages

D. It provides email security while supporting the transition to the cloud

Answer: D

Explanation:

Cisco Hybrid Email Security is a unique service offering that facilitates the deployment of your email security infrastructure both on premises and in the cloud. You can change the number of on-premises versus cloud users at any time throughout the term of your contract, assuming the total number of users does not change. This allows for deployment flexibility as your organization's needs change.

NEW QUESTION 61

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is a required prerequisite to enable malware file scanning for the Secure Internet Gateway?

- A. Enable IP Layer enforcement.
- B. Activate the Advanced Malware Protection license
- C. Activate SSL decryption.
- D. Enable Intelligent Proxy.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 66

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two key and block sizes are valid for AES? (Choose two)

- A. 64-bit block size, 112-bit key length
- B. 64-bit block size, 168-bit key length
- C. 128-bit block size, 192-bit key length
- D. 128-bit block size, 256-bit key length
- E. 192-bit block size, 256-bit key length

Answer: CD

Explanation:

The AES encryption algorithm encrypts and decrypts data in blocks of 128 bits (block size). It can do this using 128-bit, 192-bit, or 256-bit keys

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Exam Topic 1)

For which two conditions can an endpoint be checked using ISE posture assessment? (Choose two)

- A. Windows service
- B. computer identity
- C. user identity
- D. Windows firewall
- E. default browser

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 75

- (Exam Topic 1)

Refer to the exhibit.

```
snmp-server group SNMP v3 auth access  
15
```

What does the number 15 represent in this configuration?

- A. privilege level for an authorized user to this router
- B. access list that identifies the SNMP devices that can access the router
- C. interval in seconds between SNMPv3 authentication attempts
- D. number of possible failed attempts until the SNMPv3 user is locked out

Answer: B

Explanation:

The syntax of this command is shown below: `snmp-server group [group-name {v1 | v2c | v3 [auth | noauth | priv]] [read read-view] [write write-view] [notify notify-view] [access access-list]` The command above restricts which IP source addresses are allowed to access SNMP functions on the router. You could restrict SNMP access by simply applying an interface ACL to block incoming SNMP packets that don't come from trusted servers. However, this would not be as effective as using the global SNMP commands shown in this recipe. Because you can apply this method once for the whole router, it is much simpler than applying ACLs to block SNMP on all interfaces separately. Also, using interface ACLs would block not only SNMP packets intended for this router, but also may stop SNMP packets that just happened to be passing through on their way to some other destination device.

NEW QUESTION 76

- (Exam Topic 1)

Refer to the exhibit.


```
aaa new-model
radius-server host 10.0.0.12 key
secret12
```

Which statement about the authentication protocol used in the configuration is true?

- A. The authentication request contains only a password
- B. The authentication request contains only a username
- C. The authentication and authorization requests are grouped in a single packet
- D. There are separate authentication and authorization request packets

Answer: C

Explanation:

This command uses RADIUS which combines authentication and authorization in one function (packet).

NEW QUESTION 78

- (Exam Topic 1)

An organization is trying to improve their Defense in Depth by blocking malicious destinations prior to a connection being established. The solution must be able to block certain applications from being used within the network. Which product should be used to accomplish this goal?

- A. Cisco Firepower
- B. Cisco Umbrella
- C. ISE
- D. AMP

Answer: B

Explanation:

Cisco Umbrella protects users from accessing malicious domains by proactively analyzing and blocking unsafe destinations – before a connection is ever made. Thus it can protect from phishing attacks by blocking suspicious domains when users click on the given links that an attacker sent.

NEW QUESTION 80

- (Exam Topic 1)

What are two reasons for implementing a multifactor authentication solution such as Duo Security provide to an organization? (Choose two)

- A. flexibility of different methods of 2FA such as phone callbacks, SMS passcodes, and push notifications
- B. single sign-on access to on-premises and cloud applications
- C. integration with 802.1x security using native Microsoft Windows supplicant
- D. secure access to on-premises and cloud applications
- E. identification and correction of application vulnerabilities before allowing access to resources

Answer: AD

Explanation:

Two-factor authentication adds a second layer of security to your online accounts. Verifying your identity using a second factor (like your phone or other mobile device) prevents anyone but you from logging in, even if they know your password. Note: Single sign-on (SSO) is a property of identity and access management that enables users to securely authenticate with multiple applications and websites by logging in only once with just one set of credentials (username and password). With SSO, the application or website that the user is trying to access relies on a trusted third party to verify that users are who they say they are.

NEW QUESTION 83

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which technology must be used to implement secure VPN connectivity among company branches over a private IP cloud with any-to-any scalable connectivity?

- A. DMVPN
- B. FlexVPN
- C. IPsec DVTI
- D. GET VPN

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/products/collateral/security/group-encrypted-transport-vpn/GETVPN_DIG_

NEW QUESTION 84

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which deployment model is the most secure when considering risks to cloud adoption?

- A. Public Cloud
- B. Hybrid Cloud
- C. Community Cloud
- D. Private Cloud

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 85

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two prevention techniques are used to mitigate SQL injection attacks? (Choose two)

- A. Check integer, float, or Boolean string parameters to ensure accurate values.
- B. Use prepared statements and parameterized queries.
- C. Secure the connection between the web and the app tier.
- D. Write SQL code instead of using object-relational mapping libraries.
- E. Block SQL code execution in the web application database login.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 86

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which network monitoring solution uses streams and pushes operational data to provide a near real-time view of activity?

- A. SNMP
- B. SMTP
- C. syslog
- D. model-driven telemetry

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://developer.cisco.com/docs/ios-xe/#!streaming-telemetry-quick-start-guide>

NEW QUESTION 88

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which exfiltration method does an attacker use to hide and encode data inside DNS requests and queries?

- A. DNS tunneling
- B. DNSCrypt
- C. DNS security
- D. DNSSEC

Answer: A

Explanation:

DNS Tunneling is a method of cyber attack that encodes the data of other programs or protocols in DNS queries and responses. DNS tunneling often includes data payloads that can be added to an attacked DNS server and used to control a remote server and applications.

NEW QUESTION 93

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two characteristics of messenger protocols make data exfiltration difficult to detect and prevent? (Choose two)

- A. Outgoing traffic is allowed so users can communicate with outside organizations.
- B. Malware infects the messenger application on the user endpoint to send company data.
- C. Traffic is encrypted, which prevents visibility on firewalls and IPS systems.
- D. An exposed API for the messaging platform is used to send large amounts of data.
- E. Messenger applications cannot be segmented with standard network controls

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 95

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which policy is used to capture host information on the Cisco Firepower Next Generation Intrusion Prevention System?

- A. Correlation
- B. Intrusion
- C. Access Control
- D. Network Discovery

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/640/configuration/guide/fpmc-configguide-v64/introd>

NEW QUESTION 98

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which flaw does an attacker leverage when exploiting SQL injection vulnerabilities?

- A. user input validation in a web page or web application
- B. Linux and Windows operating systems
- C. database
- D. web page images

Answer: A

Explanation:

SQL injection usually occurs when you ask a user for input, like their username/userid, but the user gives("injects") you an SQL statement that you will unknowingly run on your database. For example: Look at the following example, which creates a SELECT statement by adding a variable (txtUserId) to a selectstring. The variable is fetched from user input (getRequestString):txtUserId = getRequestString("UserId");txtSQL = "SELECT * FROM Users WHERE UserId = " + txtUserId;If user enter something like this: "100 OR 1=1" then the SzQL statement will look like this:SELECT * FROM Users WHERE UserId = 100 OR 1=1;The SQL above is valid and will return ALL rows from the "Users" table, since OR 1=1 is always TRUE. Ahacker might get access to all the user names and passwords in this database.

NEW QUESTION 103

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two application layer preprocessors are used by Firepower Next Generation Intrusion Prevention System? (Choose two)

- A. packet decoder
- B. SIP
- C. modbus
- D. inline normalization
- E. SSL

Answer: BE

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/60/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide/v60/Applic> uses many preprocessors, including DNS, FTP/Telnet, SIP, SSL, SMTP, SSH preprocessors.

NEW QUESTION 107

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two endpoint measures are used to minimize the chances of falling victim to phishing and social engineering attacks? (Choose two)

- A. Patch for cross-site scripting.
- B. Perform backups to the private cloud.
- C. Protect against input validation and character escapes in the endpoint.
- D. Install a spam and virus email filter.
- E. Protect systems with an up-to-date antimalware program

Answer: DE

Explanation:

Phishing attacks are the practice of sending fraudulent communications that appear to come from a reputable source. It is usually done through email. The goal is to steal sensitive data like credit card and login information, or to install malware on the victim's machine.

NEW QUESTION 109

- (Exam Topic 1)

An engineer wants to generate NetFlow records on traffic traversing the Cisco ASA. Which Cisco ASA command must be used?

- A. flow-export destination inside 1.1.1.1 2055
- B. ip flow monitor input
- C. ip flow-export destination 1.1.1.1 2055
- D. flow exporter

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: [https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa84/configuration/guide/asa_84_cli_config/monitor_nsel.h](https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa84/configuration/guide/asa_84_cli_config/monitor_nsel.html)

NEW QUESTION 110

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which statement about the configuration of Cisco ASA NetFlow v9 Secure Event Logging is true?

- A. To view bandwidth usage for NetFlow records, the QoS feature must be enabled.
- B. A sysopt command can be used to enable NSEL on a specific interface.
- C. NSEL can be used without a collector configured.
- D. A flow-export event type must be defined under a policy

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 112

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which benefit is provided by ensuring that an endpoint is compliant with a posture policy configured in Cisco ISE?

- A. It allows the endpoint to authenticate with 802.1x or MAB.
- B. It verifies that the endpoint has the latest Microsoft security patches installed.
- C. It adds endpoints to identity groups dynamically.
- D. It allows CoA to be applied if the endpoint status is compliant.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 114

- (Exam Topic 1)

When using Cisco AMP for Networks which feature copies a file to the Cisco AMP cloud for analysis?

- A. Spero analysis
- B. dynamic analysis
- C. sandbox analysis
- D. malware analysis

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/60/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guidev60/Refere> Spero analysis only uploads the signature of the (executable) files to the AMP cloud. It does not upload the whole file. Dynamic analysis sends files to AMP ThreatGrid. Dynamic Analysis submits (the whole) files to Cisco Threat Grid (formerly AMP Threat Grid). Cisco ThreatGrid runs the file in a sandbox environment, analyzes the file's behavior to determine whether the file is malicious, and returns a threat score that indicates the likelihood that a file contains malware. From the threat score, you can view a dynamic analysis summary report with the reasons for the assigned threat score. You can also look in Cisco Threat Grid to view detailed reports for files that your organization submitted, as well as scrubbed reports with limited data for files that your organization did not submit. Local malware analysis allows a managed device to locally inspect executables, PDFs, office documents, and other types of files for the most common types of malware, using a detection rule set provided by the Cisco Talos Security Intelligence and Research Group (Talos). Because local analysis does not query the AMP cloud, and does not run the file, local malware analysis saves time and system resources. -> Malware analysis does not upload files to anywhere, it only checks the files locally. There is no sandbox analysis feature, it is just a method of dynamic analysis that runs suspicious files in a virtual machine.

NEW QUESTION 118

- (Exam Topic 1)

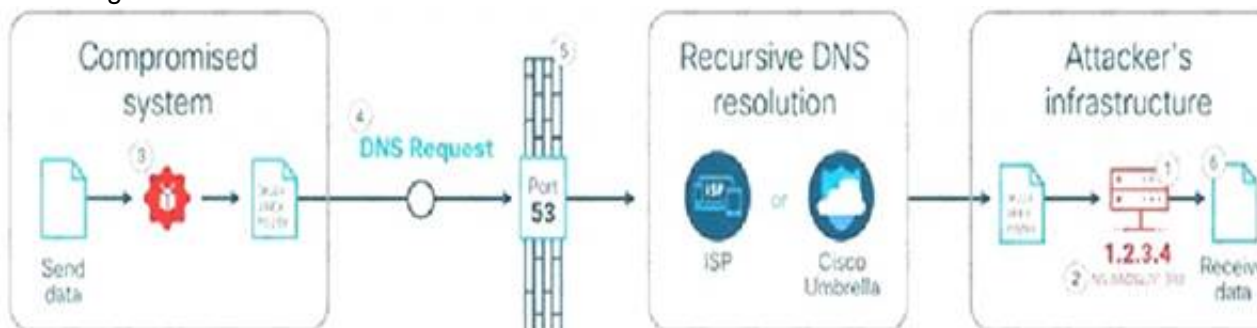
How is DNS tunneling used to exfiltrate data out of a corporate network?

- A. It corrupts DNS servers by replacing the actual IP address with a rogue address to collect information or start other attacks.
- B. It encodes the payload with random characters that are broken into short strings and the DNS server rebuilds the exfiltrated data.
- C. It redirects DNS requests to a malicious server used to steal user credentials, which allows further damage and theft on the network.
- D. It leverages the DNS server by permitting recursive lookups to spread the attack to other DNS servers.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Domain name system (DNS) is the protocol that translates human-friendly URLs, such as securitytut.com, into IP addresses, such as 183.33.24.13. Because DNS messages are only used as the beginning of each communication and they are not intended for data transfer, many organizations do not monitor their DNS traffic for malicious activity. As a result, DNS-based attacks can be effective if launched against their networks. DNS tunneling is one such attack. An example of DNS Tunneling is shown below:



➤ The attacker incorporates one of many open-source DNS tunneling kits into an authoritative DNS nameserver (NS) and malicious payload. 2. An IP address (e.g. 1.2.3.4) is allocated from the attacker's infrastructure and a domain name (e.g. attackerdomain.com) is registered or reused. The registrar informs the top-level domain (.com) nameservers to refer requests for attackerdomain.com to ns.attackerdomain.com, which has a DNS record mapped to 1.2.3.43. The attacker compromises a system with the malicious payload. Once the desired data is obtained, the payload encodes the data as a series of 32 characters (0-9, A-Z) broken into short strings (3KJ242AIE9, P028X977W,...). 4. The payload initiates thousands of unique DNS record requests to the attacker's domain with each string as

Reference: <https://learn-umbrella.cisco.com/i/775902-dns-tunneling/0>

NEW QUESTION 122

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which feature within Cisco Umbrella allows for the ability to inspect secure HTTP traffic?

- A. File Analysis
- B. SafeSearch
- C. SSL Decryption
- D. Destination Lists

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://support.umbrella.com/hc/en-us/articles/115004564126-SSL-Decryption-in-the-IntelligentProxy>

NEW QUESTION 123

- (Exam Topic 1)

The Cisco ASA must support TLS proxy for encrypted Cisco Unified Communications traffic. Where must the ASA be added on the Cisco UC Manager platform?

- A. Certificate Trust List
- B. Endpoint Trust List
- C. Enterprise Proxy Service
- D. Secured Collaboration Proxy

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 127

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which benefit does endpoint security provide the overall security posture of an organization?

- A. It streamlines the incident response process to automatically perform digital forensics on the endpoint.
- B. It allows the organization to mitigate web-based attacks as long as the user is active in the domain.
- C. It allows the organization to detect and respond to threats at the edge of the network.
- D. It allows the organization to detect and mitigate threats that the perimeter security devices do not detect.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 129

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which functions of an SDN architecture require southbound APIs to enable communication?

- A. SDN controller and the network elements
- B. management console and the SDN controller
- C. management console and the cloud
- D. SDN controller and the cloud

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Southbound API is used to communicate between Controllers and network devices

NEW QUESTION 132

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which SNMPv3 configuration must be used to support the strongest security possible?

- A. asa-host(config)#snmp-server group myv3 v3 privasa-host(config)#snmp-server user andy myv3 auth sha cisco priv des ciscXXXXXXXXX asa-host(config)#snmp-server host inside 10.255.254.1 version 3 andy
- B. asa-host(config)#snmp-server group myv3 v3 noauthasa-host(config)#snmp-server user andy myv3 auth sha cisco priv aes 256 ciscXXXXXXXXX asa-host(config)#snmp-server host inside 10.255.254.1 version 3 andy
- C. asa-host(config)#snmpserver group myv3 v3 noauthasa-host(config)#snmp-server user andy myv3 auth sha cisco priv 3des ciscXXXXXXXXX asa-host(config)#snmp-server host inside 10.255.254.1 version 3 andy
- D. asa-host(config)#snmp-server group myv3 v3 privasa-host(config)#snmp-server user andy myv3 auth sha cisco priv aes 256 ciscXXXXXXXXX asa-host(config)#snmp-server host inside 10.255.254.1 version 3 andy

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 135

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which proxy mode must be used on Cisco WSA to redirect TCP traffic with WCCP?

- A. transparent
- B. redirection
- C. forward
- D. proxy gateway

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/td/docs/solutions/CVD/Aug2013/CVDWebSecurityUsingCiscoWSADesign>

NEW QUESTION 140

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which feature of Cisco ASA allows VPN users to be postured against Cisco ISE without requiring an inline posture node?

- A. RADIUS Change of Authorization
- B. device tracking
- C. DHCP snooping
- D. VLAN hopping

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 143

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is a characteristic of a bridge group in ASA Firewall transparent mode?

- A. It includes multiple interfaces and access rules between interfaces are customizable
- B. It is a Layer 3 segment and includes one port and customizable access rules
- C. It allows ARP traffic with a single access rule
- D. It has an IP address on its BVI interface and is used for management traffic

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa95/configuration/general/asa-95-generalconfig/intro-fw.h> BVI interface is not used for management purpose. But we can add a separate Management slot/port interface that is not part of any bridge group, and that allows only management traffic to the ASA.

NEW QUESTION 144

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which solution protects hybrid cloud deployment workloads with application visibility and segmentation?

- A. Nexus
- B. Stealthwatch
- C. Firepower
- D. Tetration

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 147

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which IPS engine detects ARP spoofing?

- A. Atomic ARP Engine
- B. Service Generic Engine
- C. ARP Inspection Engine
- D. AIC Engine

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 149

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two request of REST API are valid on the Cisco ASA Platform? (Choose two)

- A. put
- B. options
- C. get
- D. push
- E. connect

Answer: AC

Explanation:

The ASA REST API gives you programmatic access to managing individual ASAs through a Representational State Transfer (REST) API. The API allows external clients to perform CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on ASA resources; it is based on the HTTPS protocol and REST methodology. All API requests are sent over HTTPS to the ASA, and a response is returned. Request Structure Available request methods are: GET – Retrieves data from the specified object. PUT – Adds the supplied information to the specified object; returns a 404 Resource Not Found error if the object does not exist. POST – Creates the object with the supplied information. DELETE – Deletes the specified object

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/api/qsg-asa-api.html>

NEW QUESTION 152

- (Exam Topic 1)

Refer to the exhibit.

```
SwitchA(config)#interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
SwitchA(config-if)#dot1x host-mode multi-host
SwitchA(config-if)#dot1x timeout quiet-period 3
SwitchA(config-if)#dot1x timeout tx-period 15
SwitchA(config-if)#authentication port-control
auto
SwitchA(config-if)#switchport mode access
SwitchA(config-if)#switchport access vlan 12
```

An engineer configured wired 802.1x on the network and is unable to get a laptop to authenticate. Which port configuration is missing?

- A. authentication open
- B. dot1x reauthentication
- C. cisp enable
- D. dot1x pae authenticator

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 155

- (Exam Topic 1)

Refer to the exhibit.

```
def add_device_to_dnac(dnac_ip, device_ip, snmp_version,
    snmp_ro_community, snmp_rw_community,
    snmp_retry, snmp_timeout,
    cli_transport, username, password, enable_password):
    device_object = {
        'ipAddress': [
            device_ip
        ],
        'type': 'NETWORK_DEVICE',
        'computeDevice': False,
        'snmpVersion': snmp_version,
        'snmpROCommunity': snmp_ro_community,
        'snmpRWCommunity': snmp_rw_community,
        'snmpRetry': snmp_retry,
        'snmpTimeout': snmp_timeout,
        'cliTransport': cli_transport,
        'userName': username,
        'password': password,
        'enablePassword': enable_password
    }
    response = requests.post(
        'https://{}/dna/intent/api/v1/network-
device'.format(dnac_ip),
        data=json.dumps(device_object),
        headers={
            'X-Auth-Token': '{}'.format(token),
            'Content-type': 'application/json'
        },
        verify=False
    )
    return response.json()
```

What is the result of this Python script of the Cisco DNA Center API?

- A. adds authentication to a switch
- B. adds a switch to Cisco DNA Center
- C. receives information about a switch
- D. deletes a switch from Cisco DNA Center

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 158

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is a difference between FlexVPN and DMVPN?

- A. DMVPN uses IKEv1 or IKEv2, FlexVPN only uses IKEv1
- B. DMVPN uses only IKEv1 FlexVPN uses only IKEv2
- C. FlexVPN uses IKEv2, DMVPN uses IKEv1 or IKEv2
- D. FlexVPN uses IKEv1 or IKEv2, DMVPN uses only IKEv2

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 163

- (Exam Topic 1)

How does Cisco Umbrella archive logs to an enterprise owned storage?

- A. by using the Application Programming Interface to fetch the logs
- B. by sending logs via syslog to an on-premises or cloud-based syslog server
- C. by the system administrator downloading the logs from the Cisco Umbrella web portal
- D. by being configured to send logs to a self-managed AWS S3 bucket

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.umbrella.com/deployment-umbrella/docs/manage-logs>

NEW QUESTION 168

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two features are used to configure Cisco ESA with a multilayer approach to fight viruses and malware? (Choose two)

- A. Sophos engine
- B. white list
- C. RAT

- D. outbreak filters
- E. DLP

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 170

- (Exam Topic 1)

What provides the ability to program and monitor networks from somewhere other than the DNAC GUI?

- A. NetFlow
- B. desktop client
- C. ASDM
- D. API

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 175

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which statement about IOS zone-based firewalls is true?

- A. An unassigned interface can communicate with assigned interfaces
- B. Only one interface can be assigned to a zone.
- C. An interface can be assigned to multiple zones.
- D. An interface can be assigned only to one zone.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 178

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two behavioral patterns characterize a ping of death attack? (Choose two)

- A. The attack is fragmented into groups of 16 octets before transmission.
- B. The attack is fragmented into groups of 8 octets before transmission.
- C. Short synchronized bursts of traffic are used to disrupt TCP connections.
- D. Malformed packets are used to crash systems.
- E. Publicly accessible DNS servers are typically used to execute the attack.

Answer: BD

Explanation:

Ping of Death (PoD) is a type of Denial of Service (DoS) attack in which an attacker attempts to crash, destabilize, or freeze the targeted computer or service by sending malformed or oversized packets using a simple ping command. A correctly-formed ping packet is typically 56 bytes in size, or 64 bytes when the ICMP header is considered, and 84 including Internet Protocol version 4 header. However, any IPv4 packet (including pings) may be as large as 65,535 bytes. Some computer systems were never designed to properly handle a ping packet larger than the maximum packet size because it violates the Internet Protocol documented. Like other large but well-formed packets, a ping of death is fragmented into groups of 8 octets before transmission. However, when the target computer reassembles the malformed packet, a buffer overflow can occur, causing a system crash and potentially allowing the injection of malicious code.

NEW QUESTION 180

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is a characteristic of Dynamic ARP Inspection?

- A. DAI determines the validity of an ARP packet based on valid IP to MAC address bindings from the DHCP snooping binding database.
- B. In a typical network, make all ports as trusted except for the ports connecting to switches, which are untrusted
- C. DAI associates a trust state with each switch.
- D. DAI intercepts all ARP requests and responses on trusted ports only.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 182

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two preventive measures are used to control cross-site scripting? (Choose two)

- A. Enable client-side scripts on a per-domain basis.
- B. Incorporate contextual output encoding/escaping.
- C. Disable cookie inspection in the HTML inspection engine.
- D. Run untrusted HTML input through an HTML sanitization engine.
- E. Same Site cookie attribute should not be used.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 186

- (Exam Topic 1)

When wired 802.1X authentication is implemented, which two components are required? (Choose two)

- A. authentication server: Cisco Identity Service Engine
- B. supplicant: Cisco AnyConnect ISE Posture module
- C. authenticator: Cisco Catalyst switch

- D. authenticator: Cisco Identity Services Engine
- E. authentication server: Cisco Prime Infrastructure

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 191

- (Exam Topic 1)

On Cisco Firepower Management Center, which policy is used to collect health modules alerts from managed devices?

- A. health policy
- B. system policy
- C. correlation policy
- D. access control policy
- E. health awareness policy

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 195

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which algorithm provides encryption and authentication for data plane communication?

- A. AES-GCM
- B. SHA-96
- C. AES-256
- D. SHA-384

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/routers/sdwan/configuration/security/vedge/security-book/security-overview.html>

NEW QUESTION 198

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which CLI command is used to register a Cisco FirePower sensor to Firepower Management Center?

- A. configure system add <host><key>
- B. configure manager <key> add host
- C. configure manager delete
- D. configure manager add <host><key>

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 202

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the function of Cisco Cloudlock for data security?

- A. data loss prevention
- B. controls malicious cloud apps
- C. detects anomalies
- D. user and entity behavior analytics

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 207

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which cloud service model offers an environment for cloud consumers to develop and deploy applications without needing to manage or maintain the underlying cloud infrastructure?

- A. PaaS
- B. XaaS
- C. IaaS
- D. SaaS

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: CCNP and CCIE Security Core SCOR 350-701 Official Cert Guide

NEW QUESTION 208

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two capabilities does TAXII support? (Choose two)

- A. Exchange
- B. Pull messaging
- C. Binding
- D. Correlation

E. Mitigating

Answer: AB

Explanation:

The Trusted Automated eXchange of Indicator Information (TAXII) specifies mechanisms for exchanging structured cyber threat information between parties over the network. TAXII exists to provide specific capabilities to those interested in sharing structured cyber threat information. TAXII Capabilities are the highest level at which TAXII actions can be described. There are three capabilities that this version of TAXII supports: push messaging, pull messaging, and discovery. Although there is no “binding” capability in the list but it is the best answer here.

NEW QUESTION 210

- (Exam Topic 1)

An engineer is trying to securely connect to a router and wants to prevent insecure algorithms from being used. However, the connection is failing. Which action should be taken to accomplish this goal?

- A. Disable telnet using the no ip telnet command.
- B. Enable the SSH server using the ip ssh server command.
- C. Configure the port using the ip ssh port 22 command.
- D. Generate the RSA key using the crypto key generate rsa command.

Answer: D

Explanation:

In this question, the engineer was trying to secure the connection so maybe he was trying to allow SSH to the device. But maybe something went wrong so the connection was failing (the connection used to be good). So maybe he was missing the “crypto key generate rsa” command.

NEW QUESTION 215

- (Exam Topic 1)

How many interfaces per bridge group does an ASA bridge group deployment support?

- A. up to 2
- B. up to 4
- C. up to 8
- D. up to 16

Answer: B

Explanation:

Each of the ASAs interfaces need to be grouped into one or more bridge groups. Each of these groups acts as an independent transparent firewall. It is not possible for one bridge group to communicate with another bridge group without assistance from an external router. As of 8.4(1) up to 8 bridge groups are supported with 2-4 interface in each group. Prior to this only one bridge group was supported and only 2 interfaces. Up to 4 interfaces are permitted per bridge-group (inside, outside, DMZ1, DMZ2)

NEW QUESTION 217

- (Exam Topic 1)

The main function of northbound APIs in the SDN architecture is to enable communication between which two areas of a network?

- A. SDN controller and the cloud
- B. management console and the SDN controller
- C. management console and the cloud
- D. SDN controller and the management solution

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 218

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which protocol provides the strongest throughput performance when using Cisco AnyConnect VPN?

- A. TLSv1.2
- B. TLSv1.1
- C. BJTLSv1
- D. DTLSv1

Answer: D

Explanation:

DTLS is used for delay sensitive applications (voice and video) as its UDP based while TLS is TCP based. Therefore DTLS offers strongest throughput performance. The throughput of DTLS at the time of AnyConnect connection can be expected to have processing performance close to VPN throughput.

NEW QUESTION 220

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two deployment model configurations are supported for Cisco FTDv in AWS? (Choose two)

- A. Cisco FTDv configured in routed mode and managed by an FMCv installed in AWS
- B. Cisco FTDv with one management interface and two traffic interfaces configured
- C. Cisco FTDv configured in routed mode and managed by a physical FMC appliance on premises
- D. Cisco FTDv with two management interfaces and one traffic interface configured

E. Cisco FTDv configured in routed mode and IPv6 configured

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 224

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which form of attack is launched using botnets?

- A. EIDDOS
- B. virus
- C. DDOS
- D. TCP flood

Answer: C

Explanation:

A botnet is a collection of internet-connected devices infected by malware that allow hackers to control them. Cyber criminals use botnets to instigate botnet attacks, which include malicious activities such as credentialsleaks, unauthorized access, data theft and DDoS attacks.

NEW QUESTION 227

- (Exam Topic 3)

During a recent security audit a Cisco IOS router with a working IPSEC configuration using IKEv1 was flagged for using a wildcard mask with the crypto isakmp key command The VPN peer is a SOHO router with a dynamically assigned IP address Dynamic DNS has been configured on the SOHO router to map the dynamic IP address to the host name of vpn.sohoroutercompany.com In addition to the command crypto isakmp key Cisc425007536 hostname vpn.sohoroutercompany.com what other two commands are now required on the Cisco IOS router for the VPN to continue to function after the wildcard command is removed? (Choose two)

- A. ip host vpn.sohoroutercompany.eom <VPN Peer IP Address>
- B. crypto isakmp identity hostname
- C. Add the dynamic keyword to the existing crypto map command
- D. fqdn vpn.sohoroutercompany.com <VPN Peer IP Address>
- E. ip name-server <DNS Server IP Address>

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 232

- (Exam Topic 3)

How does the Cisco WSA enforce bandwidth restrictions for web applications?

- A. It implements a policy route to redirect application traffic to a lower-bandwidth link.
- B. It dynamically creates a scavenger class QoS policy and applies it to each client that connects through the WSA.
- C. It sends commands to the uplink router to apply traffic policing to the application traffic.
- D. It simulates a slower link by introducing latency into application traffic.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 233

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the term for the concept of limiting communication between applications or containers on the same node?

- A. container orchestration
- B. software-defined access
- C. microservicing
- D. microsegmentation

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 235

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the difference between a vulnerability and an exploit?

- A. A vulnerability is a hypothetical event for an attacker to exploit
- B. A vulnerability is a weakness that can be exploited by an attacker
- C. An exploit is a weakness that can cause a vulnerability in the network
- D. An exploit is a hypothetical event that causes a vulnerability in the network

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 240

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which algorithm is an NGE hash function?

- A. HMAC
- B. SHA-1
- C. MD5
- D. SISHA-2

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 245

- (Exam Topic 3)

Why is it important for the organization to have an endpoint patching strategy?

- A. so the organization can identify endpoint vulnerabilities
- B. so the internal PSIRT organization is aware of the latest bugs
- C. so the network administrator is notified when an existing bug is encountered
- D. so the latest security fixes are installed on the endpoints

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 248

- (Exam Topic 3)

An engineer enabled SSL decryption for Cisco Umbrella intelligent proxy and needs to ensure that traffic is inspected without alerting end-users. Which action accomplishes this goal?

- A. Restrict access to only websites with trusted third-party signed certificates.
- B. Modify the user's browser settings to suppress errors from Cisco Umbrella.
- C. Upload the organization root CA to Cisco Umbrella.
- D. Install the Cisco Umbrella root CA onto the user's device.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 253

- (Exam Topic 3)

An engineer is configuring their router to send NetFlow data to Stealthwatch which has an IP address of 1.1.1.1 using the flow record Stealthwatch406397954 command. Which additional command is required to complete the flow record?

- A. transport udp 2055
- B. match ipv4 ttl
- C. cache timeout active 60
- D. destination 1.1.1.1

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 257

- (Exam Topic 3)

Refer to the exhibit.

```
import requests

client_id = 'a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8i9j0'

api_key = 'a1b2c3d4-e5f6-g7h8-i9j0-k1l2m3n4o5p6'
```

What does the API key do while working with <https://api.amp.cisco.com/v1/computers>?

- A. displays client ID
- B. HTTP authorization
- C. Imports requests
- D. HTTP authentication

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 258

- (Exam Topic 3)

A customer has various external HTTP resources available including Intranet, Extranet, and Internet, with a proxy configuration running in explicit mode. Which method allows the client desktop browsers to be configured to select when to connect direct or when to use the proxy?

- A. Transparent mode
- B. Forward file
- C. PAC file
- D. Bridge mode

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 260

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which two Cisco ISE components must be configured for BYOD? (Choose two.)

- A. local WebAuth
- B. central WebAuth
- C. null WebAuth
- D. guest
- E. dual

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 262

- (Exam Topic 3)

When a transparent authentication fails on the Web Security Appliance, which type of access does the end user get?

- A. guest
- B. limited Internet
- C. blocked
- D. full Internet

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 267

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which cloud service offering allows customers to access a web application that is being hosted, managed, and maintained by a cloud service provider?

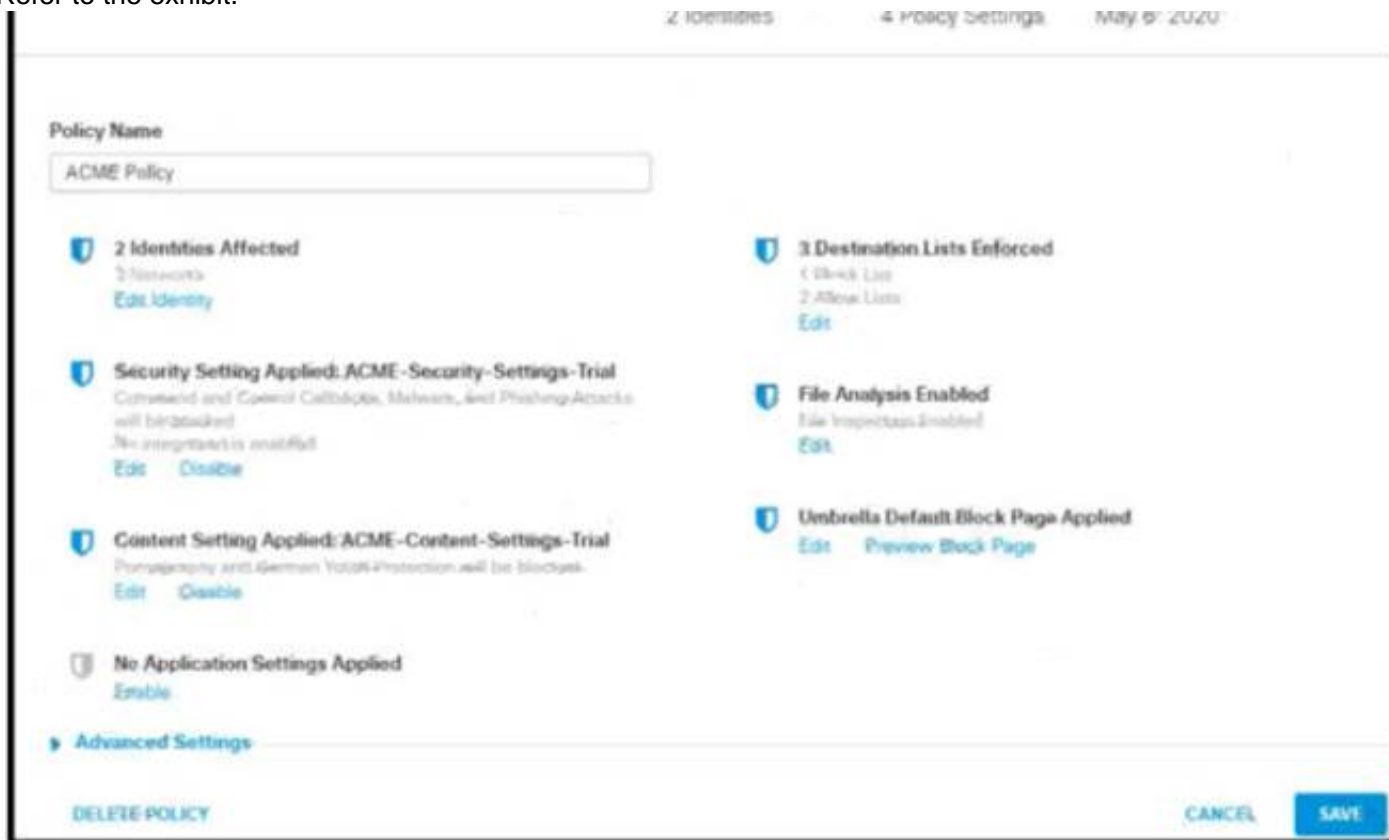
- A. IaC
- B. SaaS
- C. IaaS
- D. PaaS

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 271

- (Exam Topic 3)

Refer to the exhibit.



How does Cisco Umbrella manage traffic that is directed toward risky domains?

- A. Traffic is proxied through the intelligent proxy.
- B. Traffic is managed by the security settings and blocked.
- C. Traffic is managed by the application settings, unhandled and allowed.
- D. Traffic is allowed but logged.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 276

- (Exam Topic 3)

An engineer is configuring cloud logging using a company-managed Amazon S3 bucket for Cisco Umbrella logs. What benefit does this configuration provide for accessing log data?

- A. It is included in the license cost for the multi-org console of Cisco Umbrella
- B. It can grant third-party SIEM integrations write access to the S3 bucket
- C. No other applications except Cisco Umbrella can write to the S3 bucket
- D. Data can be stored offline for 30 days.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 277

- (Exam Topic 3)

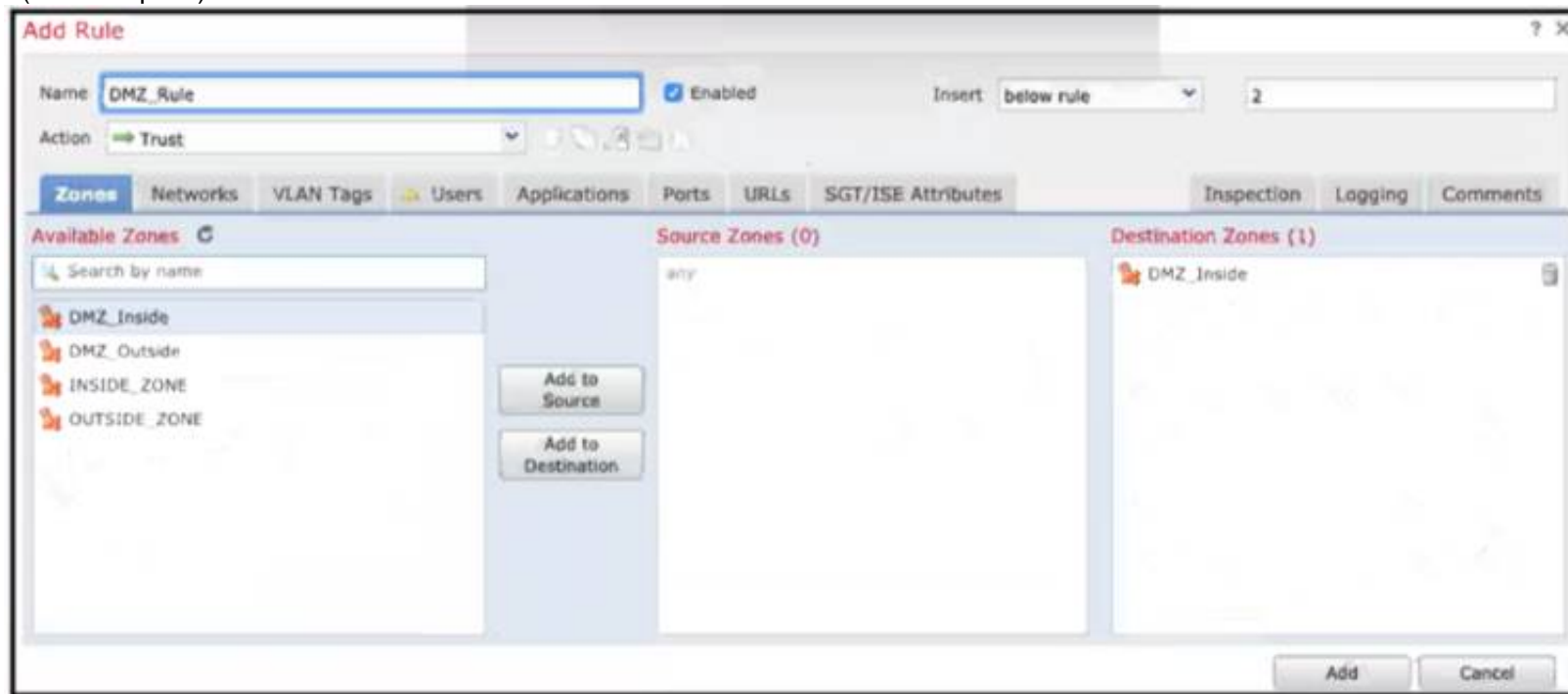
Which two capabilities does an MDM provide? (Choose two.)

- A. delivery of network malware reports to an inbox in a schedule
- B. unified management of mobile devices, Macs, and PCs from a centralized dashboard
- C. enforcement of device security policies from a centralized dashboard
- D. manual identification and classification of client devices
- E. unified management of Android and Apple devices from a centralized dashboard

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 278

- (Exam Topic 3)



Refer to the exhibit When configuring this access control rule in Cisco FMC, what happens with the traffic destined to the DMZinside zone once the configuration is deployed?

- A. All traffic from any zone to the DMZ_inside zone will be permitted with no further inspection
- B. No traffic will be allowed through to the DMZ_inside zone regardless of if it's trusted or not
- C. All traffic from any zone will be allowed to the DMZ_inside zone only after inspection
- D. No traffic will be allowed through to the DMZ_inside zone unless it's already trusted

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 282

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which solution is more secure than the traditional use of a username and password and encompasses at least two of the methods of authentication?

- A. single-sign on
- B. RADIUS/LDAP authentication
- C. Kerberos security solution
- D. multifactor authentication

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 283

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which ESA implementation method segregates inbound and outbound email?

- A. one listener on a single physical Interface
- B. pair of logical listeners on a single physical interface with two unique logical IPv4 addresses and one IPv6 address
- C. pair of logical IPv4 listeners and a pair Of IPv6 listeners on two physically separate interfaces
- D. one listener on one logical IPv4 address on a single logical interface

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 286

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which feature requires that network telemetry be enabled?

- A. per-interface stats
- B. SNMP trap notification
- C. Layer 2 device discovery
- D. central syslog system

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 287

- (Exam Topic 3)

A network engineer is tasked with configuring a Cisco ISE server to implement external authentication against Active Directory. What must be considered about the authentication requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. RADIUS communication must be permitted between the ISE server and the domain controller.
- B. The ISE account must be a domain administrator in Active Directory to perform JOIN operations.
- C. Active Directory only supports user authentication by using MSCHAPv2.
- D. LDAP communication must be permitted between the ISE server and the domain controller.
- E. Active Directory supports user and machine authentication by using MSCHAPv2.

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 290

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which two functions does the Cisco Advanced Phishing Protection solution perform in trying to protect from phishing attacks? (Choose two.)

- A. blocks malicious websites and adds them to a block list
- B. does a real-time user web browsing behavior analysis
- C. provides a defense for on-premises email deployments
- D. uses a static algorithm to determine malicious
- E. determines if the email messages are malicious

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 291

- (Exam Topic 3)

A network engineer is configuring NetFlow top talkers on a Cisco router Drag and drop the steps in the process from the left into the sequence on the right

Configure the ip flow-top-talkers command.	step 1
Configure the ip flow command on an interface.	step 2
Configure IP routing and enable Cisco Express Forwarding.	step 3
Set the top-talkers sorting criterion.	step 4
Specify the maximum number of top talkers.	step 5

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Configure the ip flow-top-talkers command.	Configure IP routing and enable Cisco Express Forwarding.
Configure the ip flow command on an interface.	Configure the ip flow-top-talkers command.
Configure IP routing and enable Cisco Express Forwarding.	Specify the maximum number of top talkers.
Set the top-talkers sorting criterion.	Set the top-talkers sorting criterion.
Specify the maximum number of top talkers.	Configure the ip flow command on an interface.

NEW QUESTION 292

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which feature is leveraged by advanced antimalware capabilities to be an effective endpoint protection platform?

- A. big data
- B. storm centers
- C. sandboxing
- D. blocklisting

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 294

- (Exam Topic 3)

A hacker initiated a social engineering attack and stole username and passwords of some users within a company. Which product should be used as a solution to this problem?

- A. Cisco NGFW
- B. Cisco AnyConnect
- C. Cisco AMP for Endpoints
- D. Cisco Duo

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 297

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement describes a serverless application?

- A. The application delivery controller in front of the server farm designates on which server the application runs each time.
- B. The application runs from an ephemeral, event-triggered, and stateless container that is fully managed by a cloud provider.
- C. The application is installed on network equipment and not on physical servers.
- D. The application runs from a containerized environment that is managed by Kubernetes or Docker Swarm.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 301

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which two parameters are used to prevent a data breach in the cloud? (Choose two.)

- A. DLP solutions
- B. strong user authentication
- C. encryption
- D. complex cloud-based web proxies
- E. antispooofing programs

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 304

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which baseline form of telemetry is recommended for network infrastructure devices?

- A. SDNS
- B. NetFlow
- C. passive taps
- D. SNMP

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 305

- (Exam Topic 3)

A network engineer must migrate a Cisco WSA virtual appliance from one physical host to another physical host by using VMware vMotion. What is a requirement for both physical hosts?

- A. The hosts must run Cisco AsyncOS 10.0 or greater.
- B. The hosts must run different versions of Cisco AsyncOS.
- C. The hosts must have access to the same defined network.
- D. The hosts must use a different datastore than the virtual appliance.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 308

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the process in DevSecOps where all changes in the central code repository are merged and synchronized?

- A. CD
- B. EP
- C. CI
- D. QA

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 309

- (Exam Topic 3)

What are two ways a network administrator transparently identifies users using Active Directory on the Cisco WSA? (Choose two.)

- A. Create an LDAP authentication realm and disable transparent user identification.
- B. Create NTLM or Kerberos authentication realm and enable transparent user identification.
- C. Deploy a separate Active Directory agent such as Cisco Context Directory Agent.
- D. The eDirectory client must be installed on each client workstation.
- E. Deploy a separate eDirectory server; the default IP address is recorded in this server.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 311

- (Exam Topic 3)

An engineer is adding a Cisco DUO solution to the current TACACS+ deployment using Cisco ISE. The engineer wants to authenticate users using their account when they log into network devices. Which action accomplishes this task?

- A. Configure Cisco DUO with the external Active Directory connector and tie it to the policy set within Cisco ISE.
- B. Install and configure the Cisco DUO Authentication Proxy and configure the identity source sequence within Cisco ISE
- C. Create an identity policy within Cisco ISE to send all authentication requests to Cisco DUO.
- D. Modify the current policy with the condition MFASourceSequence DUO=true in the authorization conditions within Cisco ISE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 316

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which solution supports high availability in routed or transparent mode as well as in northbound and southbound deployments?

- A. Cisco FTD with Cisco ASDM
- B. Cisco FTD with Cisco FMC
- C. Cisco Firepower NGFW physical appliance with Cisco FMC
- D. FMC
- E. Cisco Firepower NGFW Virtual appliance with Cisco FMC

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 319

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which metric is used by the monitoring agent to collect and output packet loss and jitter information?

- A. WSAv performance
- B. AVC performance
- C. OTCP performance
- D. RTP performance

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 320

- (Exam Topic 3)

DoS attacks are categorized as what?

- A. phishing attacks
- B. flood attacks
- C. virus attacks
- D. trojan attacks

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 325

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which configuration method provides the options to prevent physical and virtual endpoint devices that are in the same base EPG or uSeg from being able to communicate with each other with VMware VDS or Microsoft vSwitch?

- A. inter-EPG isolation
- B. inter-VLAN security
- C. intra-EPG isolation
- D. placement in separate EPGs

Answer: C

Explanation:

Intra-EPG Isolation is an option to prevent physical or virtual endpoint devices that are in the same base EPG or microsegmented (uSeg) EPG from communicating with each other. By default, endpoint devices included in the same EPG are allowed to communicate with one another.

NEW QUESTION 328

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which type of data exfiltration technique encodes data in outbound DNS requests to specific servers and can be stopped by Cisco Umbrella?

- A. DNS tunneling
- B. DNS flood attack
- C. cache poisoning
- D. DNS hijacking

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 331

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the concept of CI/CD pipelining?

- A. The project is split into several phases where one phase cannot start before the previous phase finishes successfully.
- B. The project code is centrally maintained and each code change should trigger an automated build and test sequence
- C. The project is split into time-limited cycles and focuses on pair programming for continuous code review
- D. Each project phase is independent from other phases to maintain adaptiveness and continual improvement

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 333

- (Exam Topic 3)

An engineer is configuring web filtering for a network using Cisco Umbrella Secure Internet Gateway. The requirement is that all traffic needs to be filtered. Using the SSL decryption feature, which type of certificate should be presented to the end-user to accomplish this goal?

- A. third-party
- B. self-signed
- C. organization owned root
- D. SubCA

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 334

- (Exam Topic 3)

A network security engineer must export packet captures from the Cisco FMC web browser while troubleshooting an issue. When navigating to the address <https://<FMC IP>/capture/CAP/pcap/test.pcap>, an error 403: Forbidden is given instead of the PCAP file. Which action must the engineer take to resolve this issue?

- A. Disable the proxy setting on the browser
- B. Disable the HTTPS server and use HTTP instead
- C. Use the Cisco FTD IP address as the proxy server setting on the browser
- D. Enable the HTTPS server for the device platform policy

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 335

- (Exam Topic 3)

An administrator is adding a new Cisco ISE node to an existing deployment. What must be done to ensure that the addition of the node will be successful when inputting the FQDN?

- A. Change the IP address of the new Cisco ISE node to the same network as the others.
- B. Make the new Cisco ISE node a secondary PAN before registering it with the primary.
- C. Open port 8905 on the firewall between the Cisco ISE nodes
- D. Add the DNS entry for the new Cisco ISE node into the DNS server

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 340

- (Exam Topic 3)

What are two facts about WSA HTTP proxy configuration with a PAC file? (Choose two.)

- A. It is defined as a Transparent proxy deployment.
- B. In a dual-NIC configuration, the PAC file directs traffic through the two NICs to the proxy.
- C. The PAC file, which references the proxy, is deployed to the client web browser.
- D. It is defined as an Explicit proxy deployment.
- E. It is defined as a Bridge proxy deployment.

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 341

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is a benefit of using Cisco Tetration?

- A. It collects telemetry data from servers and then uses software sensors to analyze flow information.
- B. It collects policy compliance data and process details.
- C. It collects enforcement data from servers and collects interpacket variation.

D. It collects near-real time data from servers and inventories the software packages that exist on servers.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 345

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is an advantage of the Cisco Umbrella roaming client?

- A. the ability to see all traffic without requiring TLS decryption
- B. visibility into IP-based threats by tunneling suspicious IP connections
- C. the ability to dynamically categorize traffic to previously uncategorized sites
- D. visibility into traffic that is destined to sites within the office environment

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 346

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Cisco security solution provides patch management in the cloud?

- A. Cisco Umbrella
- B. Cisco ISE
- C. Cisco CloudLock
- D. Cisco Tetration

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 349

- (Exam Topic 3)

```
aaa new-model
radius-server host 10.0.0.12 key secret12
```

Refer to the exhibit. What is the result of using this authentication protocol in the configuration?

- A. The authentication request contains only a username.
- B. The authentication request contains only a password.
- C. There are separate authentication and authorization request packets.
- D. The authentication and authorization requests are grouped in a single packet.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 354

- (Exam Topic 3)

An organization must add new firewalls to its infrastructure and wants to use Cisco ASA or Cisco FTD.

The chosen firewalls must provide methods of blocking traffic that include offering the user the option to bypass the block for certain sites after displaying a warning page and to reset the connection. Which solution should the organization choose?

- A. Cisco FTD because it supports system rate level traffic blocking, whereas Cisco ASA does not
- B. Cisco ASA because it allows for interactive blocking and blocking with reset to be configured via the GUI, whereas Cisco FTD does not.
- C. Cisco FTD because it enables interactive blocking and blocking with reset natively, whereas Cisco ASA does not
- D. Cisco ASA because it has an additional module that can be installed to provide multiple blocking capabilities, whereas Cisco FTD does not.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 356

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is a difference between GETVPN and IPsec?

- A. GETVPN reduces latency and provides encryption over MPLS without the use of a central hub
- B. GETVPN provides key management and security association management
- C. GETVPN is based on IKEv2 and does not support IKEv1
- D. GETVPN is used to build a VPN network with multiple sites without having to statically configure all devices

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 357

- (Exam Topic 3)

What do tools like Jenkins, Octopus Deploy, and Azure DevOps provide in terms of application and infrastructure automation?

- A. continuous integration and continuous deployment
- B. cloud application security broker
- C. compile-time instrumentation
- D. container orchestration

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 358

- (Exam Topic 3)

An engineer is configuring IPsec VPN and needs an authentication protocol that is reliable and supports ACK and sequence. Which protocol accomplishes this goal?

- A. AES-192
- B. IKEv1
- C. AES-256
- D. ESP

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 360

- (Exam Topic 3)

An administrator is establishing a new site-to-site VPN connection on a Cisco IOS router. The organization needs to ensure that the ISAKMP key on the hub is used only for terminating traffic from the IP address of 172.19.20.24. Which command on the hub will allow the administrator to accomplish this?

- A. crypto ca identity 172.19.20.24
- B. crypto isakmp key Cisco0123456789 172.19.20.24
- C. crypto enrollment peer address 172.19.20.24
- D. crypto isakmp identity address 172.19.20.24

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/security/a1/sec-a1-cr-book/sec-crc4.html#wp3880782430>The command “crypto enrollment peer address” is not valid either.The command “crypto ca identity ...” is only used to declare a trusted CA for the router and puts you in the caidentity configuration mode. Also it should be followed by a name, not an IP address. For example: “crypto caidentity CA-Server” -> Answer A is not correct.Only answer B is the best choice left.

NEW QUESTION 365

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the target in a phishing attack?

- A. perimeter firewall
- B. IPS
- C. web server
- D. endpoint

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 369

- (Exam Topic 3)

What are two benefits of using Cisco Duo as an MFA solution? (Choose two.)

- A. grants administrators a way to remotely wipe a lost or stolen device
- B. provides simple and streamlined login experience for multiple applications and users
- C. native integration that helps secure applications across multiple cloud platforms or on-premises environments
- D. encrypts data that is stored on endpoints
- E. allows for centralized management of endpoint device applications and configurations

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 373

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which benefit does DMVPN provide over GETVPN?

- A. DMVPN supports QoS, multicast, and routing, and GETVPN supports only QoS.
- B. DMVPN is a tunnel-less VPN, and GETVPN is tunnel-based.
- C. DMVPN supports non-IP protocols, and GETVPN supports only IP protocols.
- D. DMVPN can be used over the public Internet, and GETVPN requires a private network.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 374

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which action must be taken in the AMP for Endpoints console to detect specific MD5 signatures on endpoints and then quarantine the files?

- A. Configure an advanced custom detection list.
- B. Configure an IP Block & Allow custom detection list
- C. Configure an application custom detection list
- D. Configure a simple custom detection list

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 378

- (Exam Topic 3)
How is data sent out to the attacker during a DNS tunneling attack?

- A. as part of the UDP/53 packet payload
- B. as part of the domain name
- C. as part of the TCP/53 packet header
- D. as part of the DNS response packet

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 379

- (Exam Topic 3)
An administrator enables Cisco Threat Intelligence Director on a Cisco FMC. Which process uses STIX and allows uploads and downloads of block lists?

- A. consumption
- B. sharing
- C. editing
- D. authoring

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 382

- (Exam Topic 3)
Drag and drop the exploits from the left onto the type of security vulnerability on the right.

causes memory access errors	path transversal
makes the client the target of attack	cross-site request forgery
gives unauthorized access to web server files	SQL injection
accesses or modifies application data	buffer overflow

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

causes memory access errors	gives unauthorized access to web server files
makes the client the target of attack	makes the client the target of attack
gives unauthorized access to web server files	accesses or modifies application data
accesses or modifies application data	causes memory access errors

NEW QUESTION 385

- (Exam Topic 3)
A company recently discovered an attack propagating throughout their Windows network via a file named abc428565580xyz.exe. The malicious file was uploaded to a Simple Custom Detection list in the AMP for Endpoints Portal and the currently applied policy for the Windows clients was updated to reference the detection list. Verification testing scans on known infected systems shows that AMP for Endpoints is not detecting the presence of this file as an indicator of compromise. What must be performed to ensure detection of the malicious file?

- A. Upload the malicious file to the Blocked Application Control List
- B. Use an Advanced Custom Detection List instead of a Simple Custom Detection List

- C. Check the box in the policy configuration to send the file to Cisco Threat Grid for dynamic analysis
D. Upload the SHA-256 hash for the file to the Simple Custom Detection List

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 389

- (Exam Topic 3)

Drag and drop the features of Cisco ASA with Firepower from the left onto the benefits on the right.

Full Context Awareness	detection, blocking and remediation to protect the enterprise against targeted malware attacks
NGIPS	policy enforcement based on complete visibility of users and communication between virtual machines
AMP	real-time threat intelligence and security protection
Collective Security Intelligence	threat prevention and mitigation for known and unknown threats

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Full Context Awareness - policy enforcement NGIPS - threat prevention

AMP - real-time

Collective Sec Intel - Detection, blocking an remediation

NEW QUESTION 391

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Cisco DNA Center RESTful PNP API adds and claims a device into a workflow?

- A. api/v1/fie/config
B. api/v1/onboarding/pnp-device/import
C. api/v1/onboarding/pnp-device
D. api/v1/onboarding/workflow

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 395

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which security solution is used for posture assessment of the endpoints in a BYOD solution?

- A. Cisco FTD
B. Cisco ASA
C. Cisco Umbrella
D. Cisco ISE

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 398

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is a difference between a DoS attack and a DDoS attack?

- A. A DoS attack is where a computer is used to flood a server with TCP and UDP packets whereas a DDoS attack is where multiple systems target a single system with a DoS attack
B. A DoS attack is where a computer is used to flood a server with TCP and UDP packets whereas a DDoS attack is where a computer is used to flood multiple servers that are distributed over a LAN
C. A DoS attack is where a computer is used to flood a server with UDP packets whereas a DDoS attack is where a computer is used to flood a server with TCP packets
D. A DoS attack is where a computer is used to flood a server with TCP packets whereas a DDoS attack is where a computer is used to flood a server with UDP packets

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 401

- (Exam Topic 3)

An engineer needs to add protection for data in transit and have headers in the email message Which configuration is needed to accomplish this goal?

- A. Provision the email appliance
- B. Deploy an encryption appliance.
- C. Map sender IP addresses to a host interface.
- D. Enable flagged message handling

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 403

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which endpoint solution protects a user from a phishing attack?

- A. Cisco Identity Services Engine
- B. Cisco AnyConnect with ISE Posture module
- C. Cisco AnyConnect with Network Access Manager module
- D. Cisco AnyConnect with Umbrella Roaming Security module

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 404

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which endpoint protection and detection feature performs correlation of telemetry, files, and intrusion events that are flagged as possible active breaches?

- A. retrospective detection
- B. indication of compromise
- C. file trajectory
- D. elastic search

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 408

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which solution is made from a collection of secure development practices and guidelines that developers must follow to build secure applications?

- A. AFL
- B. Fuzzing Framework
- C. Radamsa
- D. OWASP

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 410

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which two authentication protocols are supported by the Cisco WSA? (Choose two.)

- A. WCCP
- B. NTLM
- C. TLS
- D. SSL
- E. LDAP

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 414

- (Exam Topic 3)

What are two workloaded security models? (Choose two)

- A. SaaS
- B. IaaS
- C. on-premises
- D. off-premises
- E. PaaS

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 417

- (Exam Topic 3)

An administrator needs to configure the Cisco ASA via ASDM such that the network management system can actively monitor the host using SNMPv3. Which two tasks must be performed for this configuration? (Choose two.)

- A. Specify the SNMP manager and UDP port.
- B. Specify an SNMP user group
- C. Specify a community string.

- D. Add an SNMP USM entry
- E. Add an SNMP host access entry

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 421

- (Exam Topic 3)

With regard to RFC 5176 compliance, how many IETF attributes are supported by the RADIUS CoA feature?

- A. 3
- B. 5
- C. 10
- D. 12

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 422

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the result of the ACME-Router(config)#login block-for 100 attempts 4 within 60 command on a Cisco IOS router?

- A. If four log in attempts fail in 100 seconds, wait for 60 seconds to next log in prompt.
- B. After four unsuccessful log in attempts, the line is blocked for 100 seconds and only permit IP addresses are permitted in ACL
- C. After four unsuccessful log in attempts, the line is blocked for 60 seconds and only permit IP addresses are permitted in ACL1
- D. If four failures occur in 60 seconds, the router goes to quiet mode for 100 seconds.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 423

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the most commonly used protocol for network telemetry?

- A. SMTP
- B. SNMP
- C. TFTP
- D. NctFlow

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 426

- (Exam Topic 3)

Drag and drop the Cisco CWS redirection options from the left onto the capabilities on the right.

Cisco AnyConnect client	location-independent, bandwidth-efficient option
ISR with CWS connector	extends identity information and on-premises features to the cloud
NGFW with CWS connector	provides user-group granularity and supports cloud-based scanning
WSAv with CWS connector	supports cached credentials and makes directory information available off-premises

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.westconcomstor.com/medias/CWS-data-sheet-c78-729637-1-.pdf?context=bWFzdGVyfHJvb3R8M>

NEW QUESTION 427

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the term for having information about threats and threat actors that helps mitigate harmful events that would otherwise compromise networks or systems?

- A. trusted automated exchange
- B. Indicators of Compromise
- C. The Exploit Database
- D. threat intelligence

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 428

- (Exam Topic 3)

Drag and drop the cryptographic algorithms for IPsec from the left onto the cryptographic processes on the right.

esp-3des	Authentication
esp-aes-256	
esp-md5-hmac	Encryption
esp-sha-hmac	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Diagram Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 429

- (Exam Topic 3)

A small organization needs to reduce the VPN bandwidth load on their headend Cisco ASA in order to ensure that bandwidth is available for VPN users needing access to corporate resources on the 10.0.0.0/24 local HQ network. How is this accomplished without adding additional devices to the network?

- A. Use split tunneling to tunnel traffic for the 10.0.0.0/24 network only.
- B. Configure VPN load balancing to distribute traffic for the 10.0.0.0/24 network,
- C. Configure VPN load balancing to send non-corporate traffic straight to the internet.
- D. Use split tunneling to tunnel all traffic except for the 10.0.0.0/24 network.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 433

- (Exam Topic 3)

Based on the NIST 800-145 guide, which cloud architecture is provisioned for exclusive use by a specific group of consumers from different organizations and may be owned, managed, and operated by one or more of those organizations?

- A. hybrid cloud
- B. private cloud
- C. community cloud
- D. public cloud

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 435

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which two protocols must be configured to authenticate end users to the Cisco WSA? (Choose two.)

- A. TACACS+
- B. CHAP
- C. NTLMSSP
- D. RADIUS
- E. Kerberos

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 437

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the purpose of the Cisco Endpoint IoC feature?

- A. It is an incident response tool.
- B. It provides stealth threat prevention.
- C. It is a signature-based engine.
- D. It provides precompromise detection.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.amp.cisco.com/Cisco%20Endpoint%20IOC%20Attributes.pdf>

The Endpoint Indication of Compromise (IOC) feature is a powerful incident response tool for scanning of post-compromise indicators across multiple computers.

NEW QUESTION 442

- (Exam Topic 3)

Drag and drop the security solutions from the left onto the benefits they provide on the right.

Full contextual awareness	detection, blocking, tracking, analysis, and remediation to protect the enterprise against targeted and persistent malware attacks
NGIPS	policy enforcement based on complete visibility of users, mobile devices, client-side applications, communication between virtual machines, vulnerabilities, threats, and URLs
Cisco AMP for Endpoints	unmatched security and web reputation intelligence provides real-time threat intelligence and security protection
Collective Security Intelligence	superior threat prevention and mitigation for known and unknown threats

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Diagram Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 446

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the purpose of CA in a PKI?

- A. To issue and revoke digital certificates
- B. To validate the authenticity of a digital certificate
- C. To create the private key for a digital certificate
- D. To certify the ownership of a public key by the named subject

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://cheapsslsecurity.com/blog/understanding-the-role-of-certificate-authorities-in-pki/>

NEW QUESTION 448

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which feature enables a Cisco ISR to use the default bypass list automatically for web filtering?

- A. filters
- B. group key
- C. company key
- D. connector

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 453

- (Exam Topic 3)

When a Cisco WSA checks a web request, what occurs if it is unable to match a user-defined policy?

- A. It blocks the request.
- B. It applies the global policy.
- C. It applies the next identification profile policy.
- D. It applies the advanced policy.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 457

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which threat intelligence standard contains malware hashes?

- A. structured threat information expression
- B. advanced persistent threat
- C. trusted automated exchange or indicator information
- D. open command and control

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 460

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which type of data does the Cisco Stealthwatch system collect and analyze from routers, switches, and firewalls?

- A. NTP
- B. syslog
- C. SNMP
- D. NetFlow

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 464

- (Exam Topic 3)

Why should organizations migrate to a multifactor authentication strategy?

- A. Multifactor authentication methods of authentication are never compromised
- B. Biometrics authentication leads to the need for multifactor authentication due to its ability to be hacked easily
- C. Multifactor authentication does not require any piece of evidence for an authentication mechanism
- D. Single methods of authentication can be compromised more easily than multifactor authentication

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 467

- (Exam Topic 3)

An engineer integrates Cisco FMC and Cisco ISE using pxGrid Which role is assigned for Cisco FMC?

- A. client
- B. server
- C. controller
- D. publisher

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 470

- (Exam Topic 3)

An engineer is adding a Cisco router to an existing environment. NTP authentication is configured on all devices in the environment with the command `ntp authentication-key 1 md5 Clsc427128380`. There are two routers on the network that are configured as NTP servers for redundancy, 192.168.1.110 and 192.168.1.111. 192.168.1.110 is configured as the authoritative time source. What command must be configured on the new router to use 192.168.1.110 as its primary time source without the new router attempting to offer time to existing devices?

- A. `ntp server 192.168.1.110 primary key 1`
- B. `ntp peer 192.168.1.110 prefer key 1`
- C. `ntp server 192.168.1.110 key 1 prefer`
- D. `ntp peer 192.168.1.110 key 1 primary`

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 473

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Cisco Firewall solution requires zone definition?

- A. CBAC
- B. Cisco AMP
- C. ZBFW
- D. Cisco ASA

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 476

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which attribute has the ability to change during the RADIUS CoA?

- A. NTP
- B. Authorization
- C. Accessibility
- D. Membership

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec_usr_aaa/configuration/15-sy/sec-usr-aaa-15-sy-book/sec

NEW QUESTION 477

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which system facilitates deploying microsegmentation and multi-tenancy services with a policy-based container?

- A. SDLC
- B. Docker
- C. Lambda
- D. Contiv

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 480

- (Exam Topic 3)

An engineer configures new features within the Cisco Umbrella dashboard and wants to identify and proxy traffic that is categorized as risky domains and may contain safe and malicious content. Which action accomplishes these objectives?

- A. Configure URL filtering within Cisco Umbrella to track the URLs and proxy the requests for those categories and below.
- B. Configure intelligent proxy within Cisco Umbrella to intercept and proxy the requests for only those categories.
- C. Upload the threat intelligence database to Cisco Umbrella for the most current information on reputations and to have the destination lists block them.
- D. Create a new site within Cisco Umbrella to block requests from those categories so they can be sent to the proxy device.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 483

- (Exam Topic 3)

An organization has a requirement to collect full metadata information about the traffic going through their AWS cloud services. They want to use this information for behavior analytics and statistics. Which two actions must be taken to implement this requirement? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure Cisco ACI to ingest AWS information.
- B. Configure Cisco Thousand Eyes to ingest AWS information.
- C. Send syslog from AWS to Cisco Stealthwatch Cloud.
- D. Send VPC Flow Logs to Cisco Stealthwatch Cloud.
- E. Configure Cisco Stealthwatch Cloud to ingest AWS information.

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 488

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Cisco platform processes behavior baselines, monitors for deviations, and reviews for malicious processes in data center traffic and servers while performing software vulnerability detection?

- A. Cisco Tetration
- B. Cisco ISE
- C. Cisco AMP for Network
- D. Cisco AnyConnect

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 492

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the process of performing automated static and dynamic analysis of files against preloaded behavioral indicators for threat analysis?

- A. deep visibility scan
- B. point-in-time checks
- C. advanced sandboxing
- D. advanced scanning

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 496

- (Exam Topic 3)

How does Cisco Workload Optimization portion of the network do EPP solutions solely performance issues?

- A. It deploys an AWS Lambda system
- B. It automates resource resizing
- C. It optimizes a flow path
- D. It sets up a workload forensic score

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 497

- (Exam Topic 3)

Why is it important to have a patching strategy for endpoints?

- A. to take advantage of new features released with patches
- B. so that functionality is increased on a faster scale when it is used
- C. so that known vulnerabilities are targeted and having a regular patch cycle reduces risks
- D. so that patching strategies can assist with disabling nonsecure protocols in applications

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 500

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which solution detects threats across a private network, public clouds, and encrypted traffic?

- A. Cisco Stealthwatch
- B. Cisco CTA
- C. Cisco Encrypted Traffic Analytics
- D. Cisco Umbrella

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 505

- (Exam Topic 3)

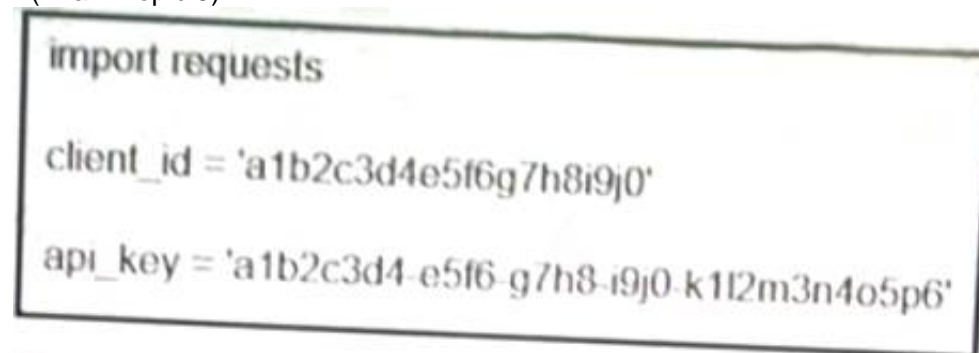
What is an advantage of the Cisco Umbrella roaming client?

- A. the ability to see all traffic without requiring TLS decryption
- B. visibility into IP-based threats by tunneling suspicious IP connections
- C. the ability to dynamically categorize traffic to previously uncategorized sites
- D. visibility into traffic that is destined to sites within the office environment

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 508

- (Exam Topic 3)



Refer to the exhibit. What function does the API key perform while working with <https://api.amp.cisco.com/v1/computers>?

- A. imports requests
- B. HTTP authorization
- C. HTTP authentication
- D. plays dent ID

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 510

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the recommendation in a zero-trust model before granting access to corporate applications and resources?

- A. to use multifactor authentication
- B. to use strong passwords
- C. to use a wired network, not wireless
- D. to disconnect from the network when inactive

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 512

- (Exam Topic 3)

What are two workload security models? (Choose two.)

- A. SaaS
- B. PaaS
- C. off-premises
- D. on-premises
- E. IaaS

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 514

- (Exam Topic 3)

An administrator configures a Cisco WSA to receive redirected traffic over ports 80 and 443. The organization requires that a network device with specific WSA

integration capabilities be configured to send the traffic to the WSA to proxy the requests and increase visibility, while making this invisible to the users. What must be done on the Cisco WSA to support these requirements?

- A. Configure transparent traffic redirection using WCCP in the Cisco WSA and on the network device
- B. Configure active traffic redirection using WPAD in the Cisco WSA and on the network device
- C. Use the Layer 4 setting in the Cisco WSA to receive explicit forward requests from the network device
- D. Use PAC keys to allow only the required network devices to send the traffic to the Cisco WSA

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 516

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which feature within Cisco ISE verifies the compliance of an endpoint before providing access to the network?

- A. Posture
- B. Profiling
- C. pxGrid
- D. MAB

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 518

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which two actions does the Cisco identity Services Engine posture module provide that ensures endpoint security?(Choose two.)

- A. The latest antivirus updates are applied before access is allowed.
- B. Assignments to endpoint groups are made dynamically, based on endpoint attributes.
- C. Patch management remediation is performed.
- D. A centralized management solution is deployed.
- E. Endpoint supplicant configuration is deployed.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 522

- (Exam Topic 3)

An organization wants to secure data in a cloud environment. Its security model requires that all users be authenticated and authorized. Security configuration and posture must be continuously validated before access is granted or maintained to applications and data. There is also a need to allow certain application traffic and deny all other traffic by default. Which technology must be used to implement these requirements?

- A. Virtual routing and forwarding
- B. Microsegmentation
- C. Access control policy
- D. Virtual LAN

Answer: C

Explanation:

Zero Trust is a security framework requiring all users, whether in or outside the organization's network, to be authenticated, authorized, and continuously validated for security configuration and posture before being granted or keeping access to applications and data. Zero Trust assumes that there is no traditional network edge; networks can be local, in the cloud, or a combination or hybrid with resources anywhere as well as workers in any location. The Zero Trust model uses microsegmentation — a security technique that involves dividing perimeters into small zones to maintain separate access to every part of the network — to contain attacks.

NEW QUESTION 526

- (Exam Topic 3)

When a next-generation endpoint security solution is selected for a company, what are two key deliverables that help justify the implementation? (Choose two.)

- A. signature-based endpoint protection on company endpoints
- B. macro-based protection to keep connected endpoints safe
- C. continuous monitoring of all files that are located on connected endpoints
- D. email integration to protect endpoints from malicious content that is located in email
- E. real-time feeds from global threat intelligence centers

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 527

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Cisco security solution determines if an endpoint has the latest OS updates and patches installed on the system?

- A. Cisco Endpoint Security Analytics
- B. Cisco AMP for Endpoints
- C. Endpoint Compliance Scanner
- D. Security Posture Assessment Service

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 529

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is a description of microsegmentation?

- A. Environments deploy a container orchestration platform, such as Kubernetes, to manage the application delivery.
- B. Environments apply a zero-trust model and specify how applications on different servers or containers can communicate.
- C. Environments deploy centrally managed host-based firewall rules on each server or container.
- D. Environments implement private VLAN segmentation to group servers with similar applications.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 533

- (Exam Topic 3)

A security engineer must add destinations into a destination list in Cisco Umbrella. What describes the application of these changes?

- A. The changes are applied immediately if the destination list is part of a policy.
- B. The destination list must be removed from the policy before changes are made to it.
- C. The changes are applied only after the configuration is saved in Cisco Umbrella.
- D. The user role of Block Page Bypass or higher is needed to perform these changes.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 537

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which two parameters are used for device compliance checks? (Choose two.)

- A. endpoint protection software version
- B. Windows registry values
- C. DHCP snooping checks
- D. DNS integrity checks
- E. device operating system version

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 542

- (Exam Topic 3)

How does Cisco Umbrella protect clients when they operate outside of the corporate network?

- A. by modifying the registry for DNS lookups
- B. by using Active Directory group policies to enforce Cisco Umbrella DNS servers
- C. by using the Cisco Umbrella roaming client
- D. by forcing DNS queries to the corporate name servers

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 543

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is a benefit of using Cisco CWS compared to an on-premises Cisco WSA?

- A. Cisco CWS eliminates the need to backhaul traffic through headquarters for remote workers whereas Cisco WSA does not.
- B. Cisco CWS minimizes the load on the internal network and security infrastructure as compared to Cisco WSA.
- C. URL categories are updated more frequently on Cisco CWS than they are on Cisco WSA.
- D. Content scanning for SAAS cloud applications is available through Cisco CWS and not available through Cisco WSA.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 547

- (Exam Topic 3)

Refer to the exhibit.

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/18
description ISE dot1x Port
switchport access vlan 41
switchport mode access
switchport voice vlan 44
device-tracking attach-policy IPDT_MAX_10
authentication periodic
authentication timer reauthenticate server
access-session host-mode multi-domain
access-session port-control auto
snmp trap mac-notification change added
snmp trap mac-notification change removed
dot1x pae authenticator
dot1x timeout tx-period 7
dot1x max-reauth-req 3
spanning-tree portfast
service-policy type control subscriber POLICY_Gi1/0/18
```

What will occur when this device tries to connect to the port?

- A. 802.1X will not work, but MAB will start and allow the device on the network.

- B. 802.1X will not work and the device will not be allowed network access
- C. 802.1X will work and the device will be allowed on the network
- D. 802.1X and MAB will both be used and ISE can use policy to determine the access level

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 550

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which feature must be configured before implementing NetFlow on a router?

- A. SNMPv3
- B. syslog
- C. VRF
- D. IP routing

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 553

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Cisco WSA feature supports access control using URL categories?

- A. transparent user identification
- B. SOCKS proxy services
- C. web usage controls
- D. user session restrictions

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 558

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is a benefit of using a multifactor authentication strategy?

- A. It provides visibility into devices to establish device trust.
- B. It provides secure remote access for applications.
- C. It provides an easy, single sign-on experience against multiple applications
- D. It protects data by enabling the use of a second validation of identity.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 561

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which CoA response code is sent if an authorization state is changed successfully on a Cisco IOS device?

- A. CoA-NCL
- B. CoA-NAK
- C. CoA-ACK

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 562

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Cisco solution extends network visibility, threat detection, and analytics to public cloud environments?

- A. Cisco Umbrella
- B. Cisco Stealthwatch Cloud
- C. Cisco Appdynamics
- D. Cisco CloudLock

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 567

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which security product enables administrators to deploy Kubernetes clusters in air-gapped sites without needing Internet access?

- A. Cisco Content Platform
- B. Cisco Container Controller
- C. Cisco Container Platform
- D. Cisco Cloud Platform

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 569

- (Exam Topic 3)

When NetFlow is applied to an interface, which component creates the flow monitor cache that is used to collect traffic based on the key and nonkey fields in the configured record?

- A. records
- B. flow exporter
- C. flow sampler
- D. flow monitor

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 574

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which category includes DoS Attacks?

- A. Virus attacks
- B. Trojan attacks
- C. Flood attacks
- D. Phishing attacks

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 578

- (Exam Topic 3)

Refer to the exhibit.



Consider that any feature of DNS requests, such as the length off the domain name and the number of subdomains, can be used to construct models of expected behavior to which observed values can be compared. Which type of malicious attack are these values associated with?

- A. Spectre Worm
- B. Eternal Blue Windows
- C. Heartbleed SSL Bug
- D. W32/AutoRun worm

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 580

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the purpose of a NetFlow version 9 template record?

- A. It specifies the data format of NetFlow processes.
- B. It provides a standardized set of information about an IP flow.
- C. It defines the format of data records.
- D. It serves as a unique identification number to distinguish individual data records

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 582

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Cisco platform onboards the endpoint and can issue a CA signed certificate while also automatically configuring endpoint network settings to use the signed endpoint certificate, allowing the endpoint to gain network access?

- A. Cisco ISE
- B. Cisco NAC
- C. Cisco TACACS+
- D. Cisco WSA

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 583

- (Exam Topic 3)

Based on the NIST 800-145 guide, which cloud architecture may be owned, managed, and operated by one or more of the organizations in the community, a third party, or some combination of them, and it may exist on or off premises?

- A. hybrid cloud
- B. private cloud
- C. public cloud
- D. community cloud

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 588

- (Exam Topic 3)

A network engineer has configured a NTP server on a Cisco ASA. The Cisco ASA has IP reachability to the NTP server and is not filtering any traffic. The show ntp association detail command indicates that the configured NTP server is unsynchronized and has a stratum of 16. What is the cause of this issue?

- A. Resynchronization of NTP is not forced
- B. NTP is not configured to use a working server.
- C. An access list entry for UDP port 123 on the inside interface is missing.
- D. An access list entry for UDP port 123 on the outside interface is missing.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 593

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Cisco ISE feature helps to detect missing patches and helps with remediation?

- A. posture assessment
- B. profiling policy
- C. authentication policy
- D. enabling probes

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 596

- (Exam Topic 3)

An organization wants to improve its cybersecurity processes and to add intelligence to its data. The organization wants to utilize the most current intelligence data for URL filtering, reputations, and vulnerability information that can be integrated with the Cisco FTD and Cisco WSA. What must be done to accomplish these objectives?

- A. Create a Cisco pxGrid connection to NIST to import this information into the security products for policy use
- B. Create an automated download of the Internet Storm Center intelligence feed into the Cisco FTD and Cisco WSA databases to tie to the dynamic access control policies.
- C. Download the threat intelligence feed from the IETF and import it into the Cisco FTD and Cisco WSA databases
- D. Configure the integrations with Talos Intelligence to take advantage of the threat intelligence that it provides.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 601

- (Exam Topic 2)

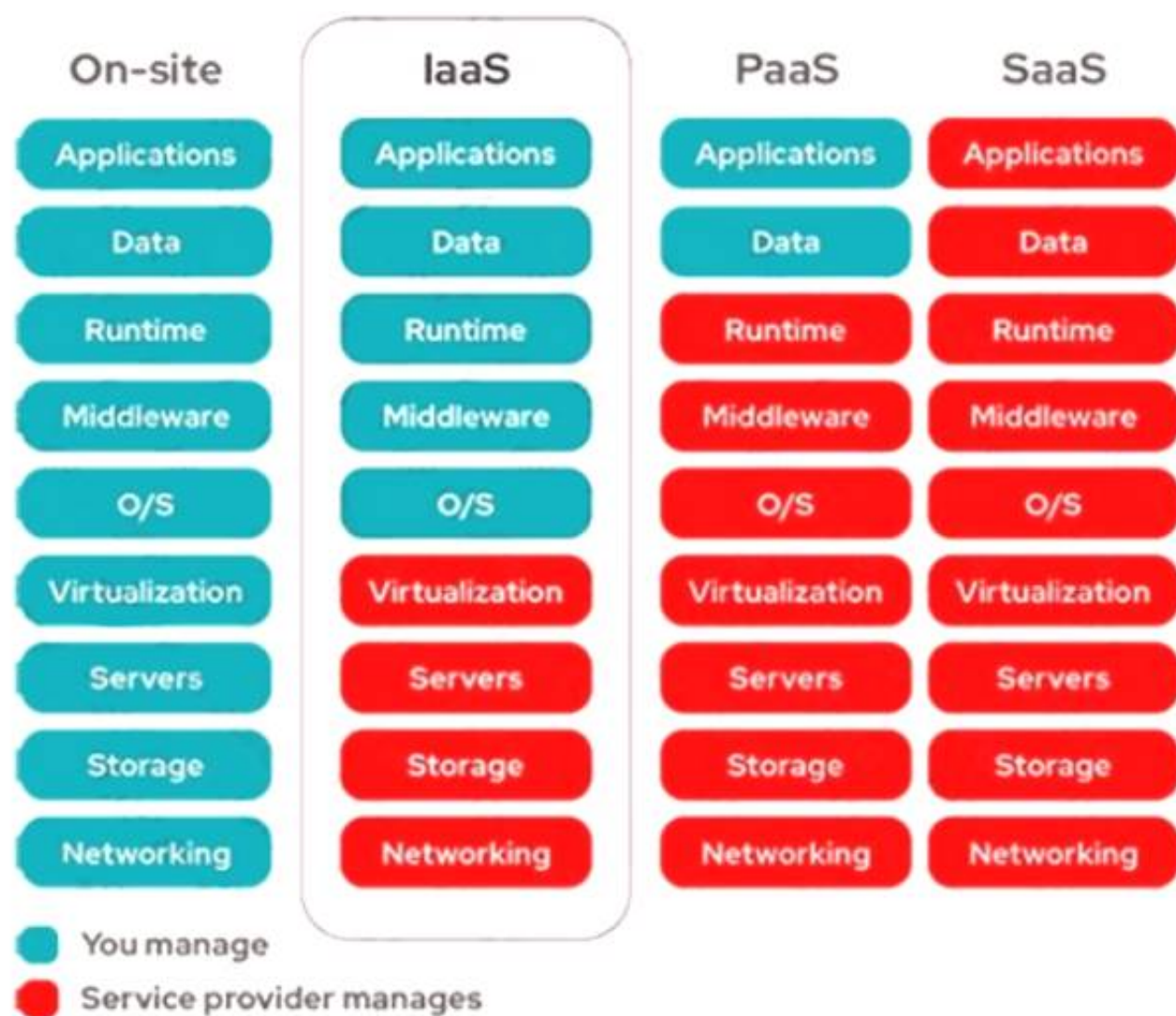
Which two aspects of the cloud PaaS model are managed by the customer but not the provider? (Choose two)

- A. virtualization
- B. middleware
- C. operating systems
- D. applications
- E. data

Answer: DE

Explanation:

Customers must manage applications and data in PaaS.



NEW QUESTION 604

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Cisco ASA Platform mode disables the threat detection features except for Advanced Threat Statistics?

- A. cluster
- B. transparent
- C. routed
- D. multiple context

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 605

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which DoS attack uses fragmented packets in an attempt to crash a target machine?

- A. teardrop
- B. smurf
- C. LAND
- D. SYN flood

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.radware.com/security/ddos-knowledge-center/ddospedia/teardrop-attack/>

NEW QUESTION 608

- (Exam Topic 2)

A network administrator is configuring a switch to use Cisco ISE for 802.1X. An endpoint is failing authentication and is unable to access the network. Where should the administrator begin troubleshooting to verify the authentication details?

- A. Adaptive Network Control Policy List
- B. Context Visibility
- C. Accounting Reports
- D. RADIUS Live Logs

Answer: D

Explanation:

How To Troubleshoot ISE Failed Authentications & Authorizations
Check the ISE Live Logs
Login to the primary ISE Policy Administration Node (PAN). Go to Operations > RADIUS > Live Logs(Optional) If the event is not present in the RADIUS Live Logs, go to Operations > Reports > Reports > Endpoints and Users > RADIUS Authentications
Check for Any Failed Authentication Attempts in the Log



Reference:

<https://community.cisco.com/t5/security-documents/how-to-troubleshoot-ise-failed-authenticationsamp/ta-p/363>

NEW QUESTION 609

- (Exam Topic 2)

An engineer needs behavioral analysis to detect malicious activity on the hosts, and is configuring the organization's public cloud to send telemetry using the cloud provider's mechanisms to a security device.

Which mechanism should the engineer configure to accomplish this goal?

- A. mirror port
- B. Flow
- C. NetFlow
- D. VPC flow logs

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 614

- (Exam Topic 2)

What are two Trojan malware attacks? (Choose two)

- A. Frontdoor
- B. Rootkit
- C. Smurf
- D. Backdoor
- E. Sync

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 617

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which type of dashboard does Cisco DNA Center provide for complete control of the network?

- A. service management
- B. centralized management
- C. application management
- D. distributed management

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/cloud-systems-management/dna-center/nb-06-dna-center-faq-cte-en.html>

NEW QUESTION 619

- (Exam Topic 2)

When planning a VPN deployment, for which reason does an engineer opt for an active/active FlexVPN configuration as opposed to DMVPN?

- A. Multiple routers or VRFs are required.
- B. Traffic is distributed statically by default.
- C. Floating static routes are required.
- D. HSRP is used for failover.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 622

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which cloud model is a collaborative effort where infrastructure is shared and jointly accessed by several organizations from a specific group?

- A. Hybrid

- B. Community
- C. Private
- D. Public

Answer: B

Explanation:

Community Cloud allows system and services to be accessible by group of organizations. It shares the infrastructure between several organizations from a specific community. It may be managed internally by organizations or by the third-party.

NEW QUESTION 623

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which group within Cisco writes and publishes a weekly newsletter to help cybersecurity professionals remain aware of the ongoing and most prevalent threats?

- A. PSIRT
- B. Talos
- C. CSIRT
- D. DEVNET

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://talosintelligence.com/newsletters>

NEW QUESTION 626

- (Exam Topic 2)

What features does Cisco FTDv provide over ASAv?

- A. Cisco FTDv runs on VMWare while ASAv does not
- B. Cisco FTDv provides 1GB of firewall throughput while Cisco ASAv does not
- C. Cisco FTDv runs on AWS while ASAv does not
- D. Cisco FTDv supports URL filtering while ASAv does not

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 631

- (Exam Topic 2)

An engineer is implementing NTP authentication within their network and has configured both the client and server devices with the command `ntp authentication-key 1 md5 Cisc392368270`. The server at 1.1.1.1 is attempting to authenticate to the client at 1.1.1.2, however it is unable to do so. Which command is required to enable the client to accept the server's authentication key?

- A. `ntp peer 1.1.1.1 key 1`
- B. `ntp server 1.1.1.1 key 1`
- C. `ntp server 1.1.1.2 key 1`
- D. `ntp peer 1.1.1.2 key 1`

Answer: B

Explanation:

To configure an NTP enabled router to require authentication when other devices connect to it, use the following commands: `NTP_Server(config)#ntp authentication-key 2 md5 securitytut` `NTP_Server(config)#ntp authenticate` `NTP_Server(config)#ntp trusted-key 2` Then you must configure the same authentication-key on the client router: `NTP_Client(config)#ntp authentication-key 2 md5 securitytut` `NTP_Client(config)#ntp authenticate` `NTP_Client(config)#ntp trusted-key 2` `NTP_Client(config)#ntp server 10.10.10.1 key 2` Note: To configure a Cisco device as a NTP client, use the command `ntp server <IP address>`. For example: `Router(config)#ntp server 10.10.10.1`. This command will instruct the router to query 10.10.10.1 for the time.

NEW QUESTION 635

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a benefit of performing device compliance?

- A. Verification of the latest OS patches
- B. Device classification and authorization
- C. Providing multi-factor authentication
- D. Providing attribute-driven policies

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 639

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the benefit of installing Cisco AMP for Endpoints on a network?

- A. It provides operating system patches on the endpoints for security.
- B. It provides flow-based visibility for the endpoints network connections.
- C. It enables behavioral analysis to be used for the endpoints.
- D. It protects endpoint systems through application control and real-time scanning

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 643

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which risk is created when using an Internet browser to access cloud-based service?

- A. misconfiguration of infrastructure, which allows unauthorized access
- B. intermittent connection to the cloud connectors
- C. vulnerabilities within protocol
- D. insecure implementation of API

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 645

- (Exam Topic 2)

An organization has two systems in their DMZ that have an unencrypted link between them for communication.

The organization does not have a defined password policy and uses several default accounts on the systems. The application used on those systems also have not gone through stringent code reviews. Which vulnerability would help an attacker brute force their way into the systems?

- A. weak passwords
- B. lack of input validation
- C. missing encryption
- D. lack of file permission

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 649

- (Exam Topic 2)

An organization has noticed an increase in malicious content downloads and wants to use Cisco Umbrella to prevent this activity for suspicious domains while allowing normal web traffic. Which action will accomplish this task?

- A. Set content settings to High
- B. Configure the intelligent proxy.
- C. Use destination block lists.
- D. Configure application block lists.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.umbrella.com/deployment-umbrella/docs/what-is-the-intelligent-proxy>

NEW QUESTION 653

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which Dos attack uses fragmented packets to crash a target machine?

- A. smurf
- B. MITM
- C. teardrop
- D. LAND

Answer: C

Explanation:

A teardrop attack is a denial-of-service (DoS) attack that involves sending fragmented packets to a target machine. Since the machine receiving such packets cannot reassemble them due

to a bug in TCP/IP fragmentation reassembly, the packets overlap one another, crashing the target network device. This generally happens on older operating systems such as Windows 3.1x, Windows 95, Windows NT and versions of the Linux kernel prior to 2.1.63.

NEW QUESTION 656

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which factor must be considered when choosing the on-premise solution over the cloud-based one?

- A. With an on-premise solution, the provider is responsible for the installation and maintenance of the product, whereas with a cloud-based solution, the customer is responsible for it
- B. With a cloud-based solution, the provider is responsible for the installation, but the customer is responsible for the maintenance of the product.
- C. With an on-premise solution, the provider is responsible for the installation, but the customer is responsible for the maintenance of the product.
- D. With an on-premise solution, the customer is responsible for the installation and maintenance of the product, whereas with a cloud-based solution, the provider is responsible for it.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 661

- (Exam Topic 2)

An organization is receiving SPAM emails from a known malicious domain. What must be configured in order to prevent the session during the initial TCP communication?

- A. Configure the Cisco ESA to drop the malicious emails
- B. Configure policies to quarantine malicious emails
- C. Configure policies to stop and reject communication
- D. Configure the Cisco ESA to reset the TCP connection

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 665

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the difference between Cross-site Scripting and SQL Injection, attacks?

- A. Cross-site Scripting is an attack where code is injected into a database, whereas SQL Injection is an attack where code is injected into a browser.
- B. Cross-site Scripting is a brute force attack targeting remote sites, whereas SQL Injection is a social engineering attack.
- C. Cross-site Scripting is when executives in a corporation are attacked, whereas SQL Injection is when a database is manipulated.
- D. Cross-site Scripting is an attack where code is executed from the server side, whereas SQL Injection is an attack where code is executed from the client side.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer B is not correct because Cross-site Scripting (XSS) is not a brute force attack. Answer C is not correct because the statement "Cross-site Scripting is when executives in a corporation are attacked" is not true. XSS is a client-side vulnerability that targets other application users. Answer D is not correct because the statement "Cross-site Scripting is an attack where code is executed from the server side". In fact, XSS is a method that exploits website vulnerability by injecting scripts that will run at client's side. Therefore only answer A is left. In XSS, an attacker will try to inject his malicious code (usually malicious links) into a database. When other users follow his links, their web browsers are redirected to websites where attackers can steal data from them. In a SQL Injection, an attacker will try to inject SQL code (via his browser) into forms, cookies, or HTTP headers that do not use data sanitizing or validation methods of GET/POST parameters. Note: The main difference between a SQL and XSS injection attack is that SQL injection attacks are used to steal information from databases whereas XSS attacks are used to redirect users to websites where attackers can steal data from them.

NEW QUESTION 667

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is provided by the Secure Hash Algorithm in a VPN?

- A. integrity
- B. key exchange
- C. encryption
- D. authentication

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.ciscopress.com/articles/article.asp?p=24833&seqNum=4>

NEW QUESTION 671

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which component of Cisco umbrella architecture increases reliability of the service?

- A. Anycast IP
- B. AMP Threat grid
- C. Cisco Talos
- D. BGP route reflector

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 674

- (Exam Topic 2)

Refer to the exhibit.


```
> show crypto ipsec sa
interface: Outside
  Crypto map tag: CSM_Outside_map, seq num: 1, local addr:
209.165.200.225

  access-list CSM_IPSEC_ACL_1 extended permit ip 10.0.11.0
255.255.255.0 10.0.10.0 255.255.255.0
  local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.11.0/255.255.255.0/0/0)
  remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.10.0/255.255.255.0/0/0)
  current_peer: 209.165.202.129

  #pkts encaps: 0, #pkts encrypt: 0, #pkts digest: 0
  #pkts decaps: 17, #pkts decrypt: 17, #pkts verify: 17
  #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
  #pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts comp failed: 0, #pkts decomp
failed: 0
  #pre-frag successes: 0, #pre-frag failures: 0, #fragments
created: 0
  #PMTUs sent: 0, #PMTUs rcvd: 0, #decapsulated frgs needing
reassembly: 0
  #TFC rcvd: 0, #TFC sent: 0
  #Valid ICMP Errors rcvd: 0, #Invalid ICMP Errors rcvd: 0
  #send errors: 0, #recv errors: 0

  local crypto endpt.: 209.165.200.225/500, remote crypto endpt.:
209.165.202.129/500
  path mtu 1500, ipsec overhead 55(36), media mtu 1500
  PMTU time remaining (sec): 0, DF policy: copy-df
  ICMP error validation: disabled, TFC packets: disabled
  current outbound spi: B6F5EA53
  current inbound spi : 84348DEE
```

Traffic is not passing through IPsec site-to-site VPN on the Firepower Threat Defense appliance. What is causing this issue?

- A. No split-tunnel policy is defined on the Firepower Threat Defense appliance.
- B. The access control policy is not allowing VPN traffic in.
- C. Site-to-site VPN peers are using different encryption algorithms.
- D. Site-to-site VPN preshared keys are mismatched.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/vpn/ipsec-negotiation-ike-protocols/215470-site-to-site-vpn-configuration-on-ftd-ma.html>

NEW QUESTION 677

- (Exam Topic 2)

A network administrator needs to find out what assets currently exist on the network. Third-party systems need to be able to feed host data into Cisco Firepower. What must be configured to accomplish this?

- A. a Network Discovery policy to receive data from the host
- B. a Threat Intelligence policy to download the data from the host
- C. a File Analysis policy to send file data into Cisco Firepower
- D. a Network Analysis policy to receive NetFlow data from the host

Answer: A

Explanation:

You can configure discovery rules to tailor the discovery of host and application data to your needs. The Firepower System can use data from NetFlow exporters to generate connection and discovery events, and to add host and application data to the network map. A network analysis policy governs how traffic is decoded and preprocessed so it can be further evaluated, especially for anomalous traffic that might signal an intrusion attempt -> Answer D is not correct.

NEW QUESTION 681

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which cryptographic process provides origin confidentiality, integrity, and origin authentication for packets?

- A. IKEv1
- B. AH
- C. ESP
- D. IKEv2

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 682

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the function of SDN southbound API protocols?

- A. to allow for the dynamic configuration of control plane applications
- B. to enable the controller to make changes
- C. to enable the controller to use REST
- D. to allow for the static configuration of control plane applications

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.ciscopress.com/articles/article.asp?p=3004581&seqNum=2>

Note: Southbound APIs helps us communicate with data plane (not control plane) applications

NEW QUESTION 684

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