Cisco

Exam Questions 200-201

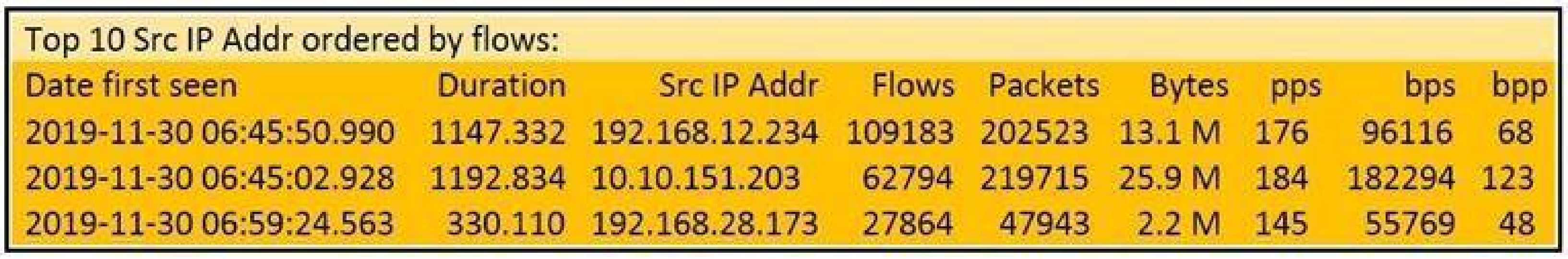
Understanding Cisco Cybersecurity Operations Fundamentals

NEW QUESTION 1
During which phase of the forensic process is data that is related to a specific event labeled and recorded to preserve its integrity?

A. examination
B. investigation
C. collection
D. reporting

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 2
Refer to the exhibit.



Top 10 Src IP Addr ordered by flows:

Date first seen	Duration	Src IP Addr	Flows	Packets	Bytes	pps	bps	bpp
2019-11-30 06:45:50.990	1147.332	192.168.12.234	109183	202523	13.1 M	176	96116	68
2019-11-30 06:45:02.928	1192.834	10.10.151.203	62794	219715	25.9 M	184	182294	123
2019-11-30 06:59:24.563	330.110	192.168.28.173	27864	47943	2.2 M	145	55769	48

What information is depicted?

A. IIS data
B. NetFlow data
C. network discovery event
D. IPS event data

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3
An engineer runs a suspicious file in a sandbox analysis tool to see the outcome. The analysis report shows that outbound callouts were made post infection. Which two pieces of information from the analysis report are needed to investigate the callouts? (Choose two.)

A. signatures
B. host IP addresses
C. file size
D. dropped files
E. domain names

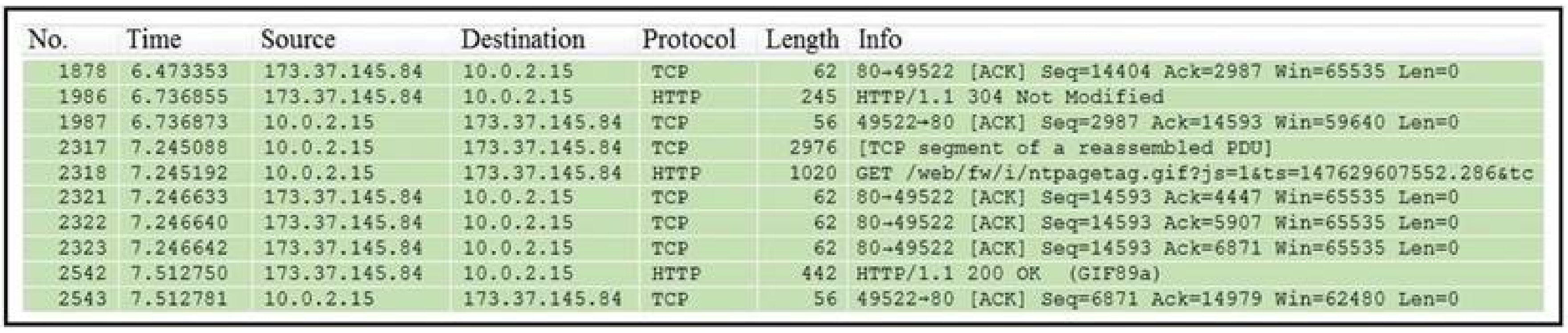
Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 4
What is the difference between statistical detection and rule-based detection models?

A. Rule-based detection involves the collection of data in relation to the behavior of legitimate users over a period of time
B. Statistical detection defines legitimate data of users over a period of time and rule-based detection defines it on an IF/THEN basis
C. Statistical detection involves the evaluation of an object on its intended actions before it executes that behavior
D. Rule-based detection defines legitimate data of users over a period of time and statistical detection defines it on an IF/THEN basis

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5
Refer to the exhibit.



No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1878	6.473353	173.37.145.84	10.0.2.15	TCP	62	80→49522 [ACK] Seq=14404 Ack=2987 Win=65535 Len=0
1986	6.736855	173.37.145.84	10.0.2.15	HTTP	245	HTTP/1.1 304 Not Modified
1987	6.736873	10.0.2.15	173.37.145.84	TCP	56	49522→80 [ACK] Seq=2987 Ack=14593 Win=59640 Len=0
2317	7.245088	10.0.2.15	173.37.145.84	TCP	2976	[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
2318	7.245192	10.0.2.15	173.37.145.84	HTTP	1020	GET /web/fw/i/ntpagetag.gif?js=1&ts=147629607552.286&tc
2321	7.246633	173.37.145.84	10.0.2.15	TCP	62	80→49522 [ACK] Seq=14593 Ack=4447 Win=65535 Len=0
2322	7.246640	173.37.145.84	10.0.2.15	TCP	62	80→49522 [ACK] Seq=14593 Ack=5907 Win=65535 Len=0
2323	7.246642	173.37.145.84	10.0.2.15	TCP	62	80→49522 [ACK] Seq=14593 Ack=6871 Win=65535 Len=0
2542	7.512750	173.37.145.84	10.0.2.15	HTTP	442	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (GIF89a)
2543	7.512781	10.0.2.15	173.37.145.84	TCP	56	49522→80 [ACK] Seq=6871 Ack=14979 Win=62480 Len=0

Which packet contains a file that is extractable within Wireshark?

A. 2317
B. 1986
C. 2318
D. 2542

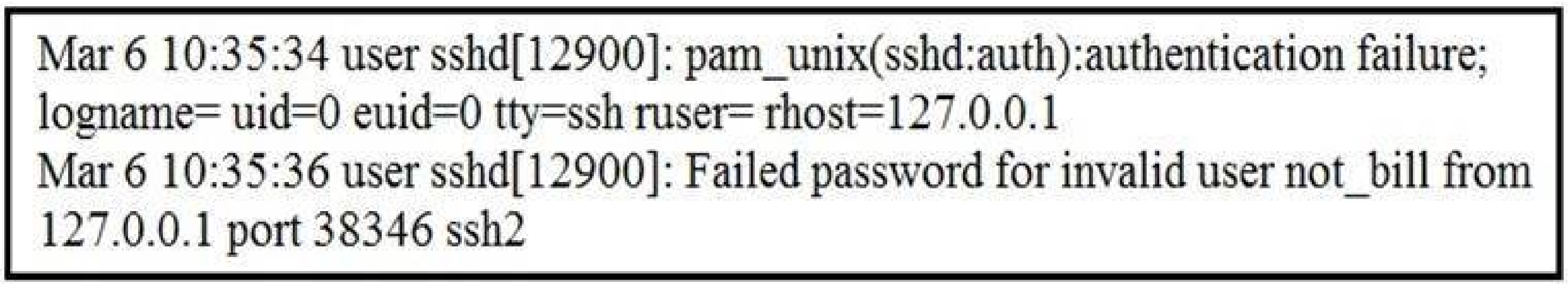
Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 6
Which two elements of the incident response process are stated in NIST Special Publication 800-61 r2? (Choose two.)

A. detection and analysis
B. post-incident activity
C. vulnerability management
D. risk assessment
E. vulnerability scoring

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 7
Refer to the exhibit.



```
Mar 6 10:35:34 user sshd[12900]: pam_unix(sshd:auth):authentication failure;
logname= uid=0 euid=0 tty=ssh ruser= rhost=127.0.0.1
Mar 6 10:35:36 user sshd[12900]: Failed password for invalid user not_bill from
127.0.0.1 port 38346 ssh2
```

In which Linux log file is this output found?

A. /var/log/authorization.log
B. /var/log/dmesg
C. var/log/var.log
D. /var/log/auth.log

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 8
Which category relates to improper use or disclosure of PII data?

A. legal
B. compliance
C. regulated
D. contractual

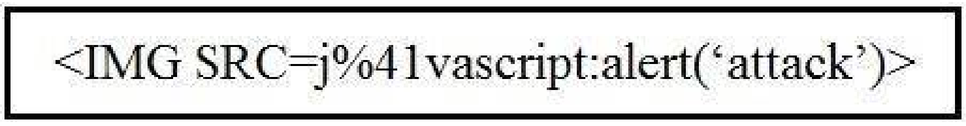
Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 9
What is a purpose of a vulnerability management framework?

A. identifies, removes, and mitigates system vulnerabilities
B. detects and removes vulnerabilities in source code
C. conducts vulnerability scans on the network
D. manages a list of reported vulnerabilities

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10
Refer to the exhibit.



```
<IMG SRC=j%41vascript:alert(‘attack’)>
```

Which kind of attack method is depicted in this string?

A. cross-site scripting
B. man-in-the-middle
C. SQL injection
D. denial of service

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10
Which incidence response step includes identifying all hosts affected by an attack'?

A. post-incident activity
B. detection and analysis
C. containment eradication and recovery
D. preparation

Answer: A

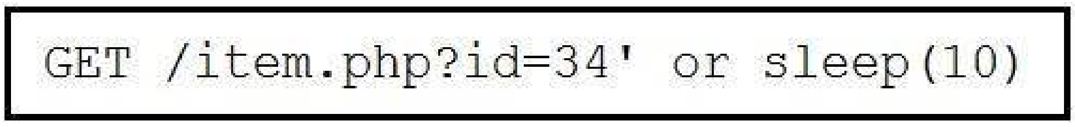
NEW QUESTION 13
What is the function of a command and control server?

A. It enumerates open ports on a network device

B. It drops secondary payload into malware
C. It is used to regain control of the network after a compromise
D. It sends instruction to a compromised system

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 18
Refer to the exhibit.



```
GET /item.php?id=34' or sleep(10)
```

This request was sent to a web application server driven by a database. Which type of web server attack is represented?

A. parameter manipulation
B. heap memory corruption
C. command injection
D. blind SQL injection

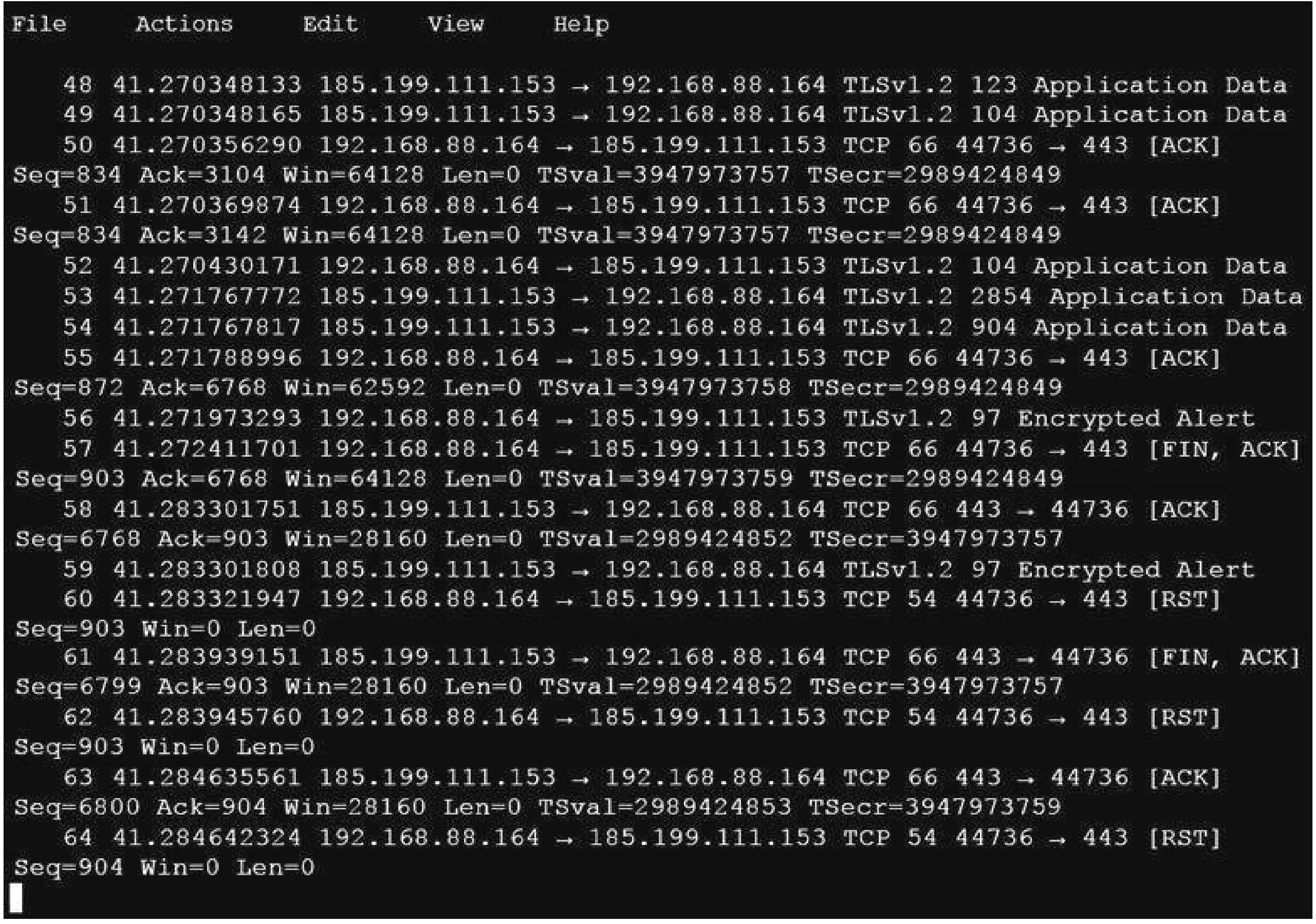
Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 21
What does an attacker use to determine which network ports are listening on a potential target device?

A. man-in-the-middle
B. port scanning
C. SQL injection
D. ping sweep

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 22
An analyst is investigating a host in the network that appears to be communicating to a command and control server on the Internet. After collecting this packet capture the analyst cannot determine the technique and payload used for the communication.



```
   48 41.270348133 185.199.111.153 → 192.168.88.164 TLSv1.2 123 Application Data
   49 41.270348165 185.199.111.153 → 192.168.88.164 TLSv1.2 104 Application Data
   50 41.270356290 192.168.88.164 → 185.199.111.153 TCP 66 44736 → 443 [ACK]
Seq=834 Ack=3104 Win=64128 Len=0 TSval=3947973757 TSecr=2989424849
   51 41.270369874 192.168.88.164 → 185.199.111.153 TCP 66 44736 → 443 [ACK]
Seq=834 Ack=3142 Win=64128 Len=0 TSval=3947973757 TSecr=2989424849
   52 41.270430171 192.168.88.164 → 185.199.111.153 TLSv1.2 104 Application Data
   53 41.271767772 185.199.111.153 → 192.168.88.164 TLSv1.2 2854 Application Data
   54 41.271767817 185.199.111.153 → 192.168.88.164 TLSv1.2 904 Application Data
   55 41.271788996 192.168.88.164 → 185.199.111.153 TCP 66 44736 → 443 [ACK]
Seq=872 Ack=6768 Win=62592 Len=0 TSval=3947973758 TSecr=2989424849
   56 41.271973293 192.168.88.164 → 185.199.111.153 TLSv1.2 97 Encrypted Alert
   57 41.272411701 192.168.88.164 → 185.199.111.153 TCP 66 44736 → 443 [FIN, ACK]
Seq=903 Ack=6768 Win=64128 Len=0 TSval=3947973759 TSecr=2989424849
   58 41.283301751 185.199.111.153 → 192.168.88.164 TCP 66 443 → 44736 [ACK]
Seq=6768 Ack=903 Win=28160 Len=0 TSval=2989424852 TSecr=3947973757
   59 41.283301808 185.199.111.153 → 192.168.88.164 TLSv1.2 97 Encrypted Alert
   60 41.283321947 192.168.88.164 → 185.199.111.153 TCP 54 44736 → 443 [RST]
Seq=903 Win=0 Len=0
   61 41.283939151 185.199.111.153 → 192.168.88.164 TCP 66 443 → 44736 [FIN, ACK]
Seq=6799 Ack=903 Win=28160 Len=0 TSval=2989424852 TSecr=3947973757
   62 41.283945760 192.168.88.164 → 185.199.111.153 TCP 54 44736 → 443 [RST]
Seq=903 Win=0 Len=0
   63 41.284635561 185.199.111.153 → 192.168.88.164 TCP 66 443 → 44736 [ACK]
Seq=6800 Ack=904 Win=28160 Len=0 TSval=2989424853 TSecr=3947973759
   64 41.284642324 192.168.88.164 → 185.199.111.153 TCP 54 44736 → 443 [RST]
Seq=904 Win=0 Len=0
```

Which obfuscation technique is the attacker using?

A. Base64 encoding
B. transport layer security encryption
C. SHA-256 hashing
D. ROT13 encryption

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 25
Which regular expression matches "color" and "colour"?

A. colo?ur
B. col[08]+our
C. colou?r
D. col[09]+our

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 28
What specific type of analysis is assigning values to the scenario to see expected outcomes?

A. deterministic
B. exploratory
C. probabilistic
D. descriptive

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 29
What is the difference between mandatory access control (MAC) and discretionary access control (DAC)?

A. MAC is controlled by the discretion of the owner and DAC is controlled by an administrator
B. MAC is the strictest of all levels of control and DAC is object-based access
C. DAC is controlled by the operating system and MAC is controlled by an administrator
D. DAC is the strictest of all levels of control and MAC is object-based access

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 33
What are two differences in how tampered and untampered disk images affect a security incident? (Choose two.)

A. Untampered images are used in the security investigation process
B. Tampered images are used in the security investigation process
C. The image is tampered if the stored hash and the computed hash match
D. Tampered images are used in the incident recovery process
E. The image is untampered if the stored hash and the computed hash match

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 36
Which security principle is violated by running all processes as root or administrator?

A. principle of least privilege
B. role-based access control
C. separation of duties
D. trusted computing base

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 38
What is the practice of giving an employee access to only the resources needed to accomplish their job?

A. principle of least privilege
B. organizational separation
C. separation of duties
D. need to know principle

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 40
What is the practice of giving employees only those permissions necessary to perform their specific role within an organization?

A. least privilege
B. need to know
C. integrity validation
D. due diligence

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 41
Which principle is being followed when an analyst gathers information relevant to a security incident to determine the appropriate course of action?

A. decision making
B. rapid response
C. data mining
D. due diligence

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 42
What is rule-based detection when compared to statistical detection?

A. proof of a user's identity
B. proof of a user's action
C. likelihood of user's action
D. falsification of a user's identity

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 44
An analyst discovers that a legitimate security alert has been dismissed. Which signature caused this impact on network traffic?

A. true negative
B. false negative
C. false positive
D. true positive

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 45
What are the two characteristics of the full packet captures? (Choose two.)

A. Identifying network loops and collision domains.
B. Troubleshooting the cause of security and performance issues.
C. Reassembling fragmented traffic from raw data.
D. Detecting common hardware faults and identify faulty assets.
E. Providing a historical record of a network transaction.

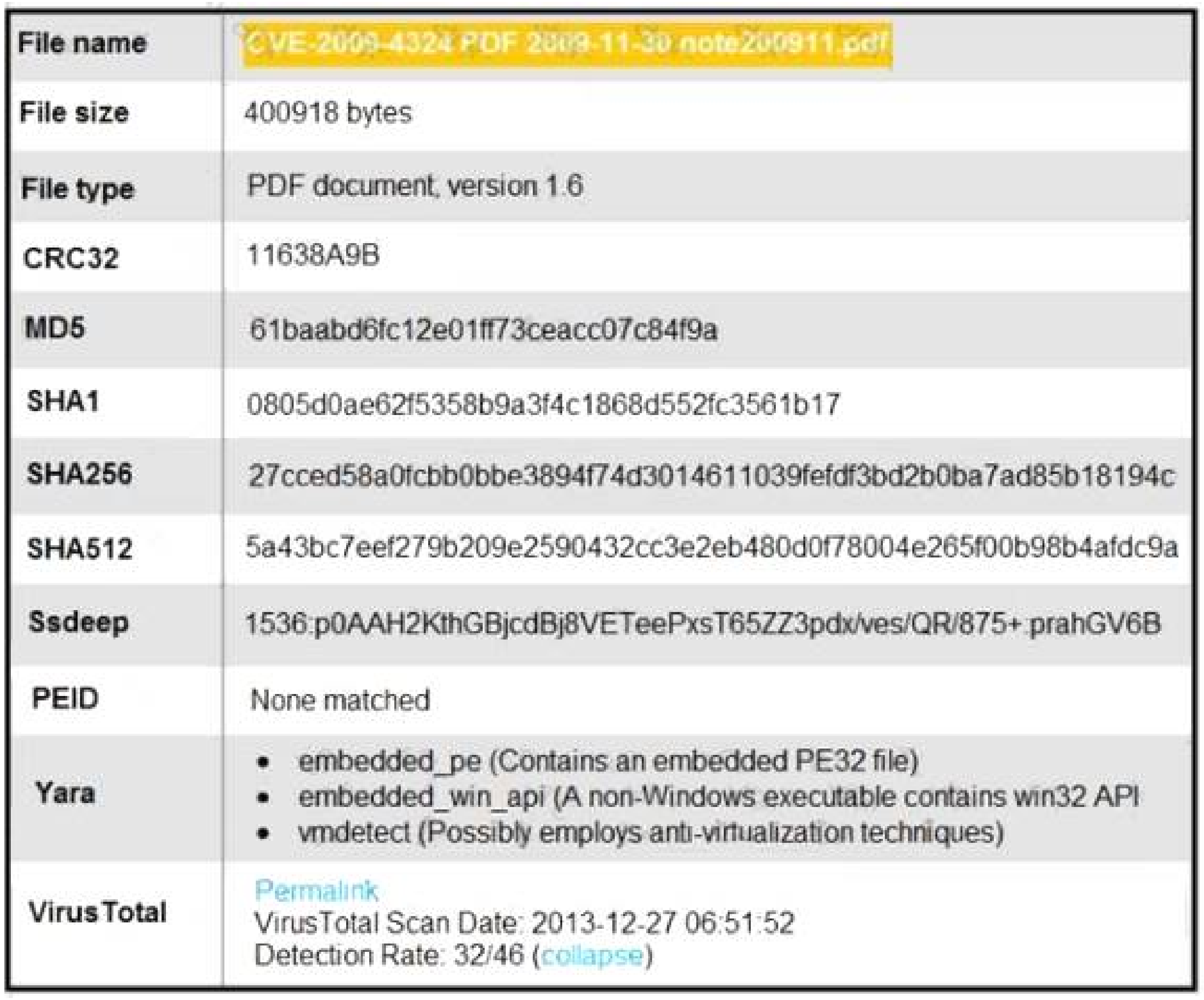
Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 47
Which step in the incident response process researches an attacking host through logs in a SIEM?

A. detection and analysis
B. preparation
C. eradication
D. containment

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 50
Refer to the exhibit.



File name	CVE-2009-4324 PDF 2009-11-30 note200911.pdf
File size	400918 bytes
File type	PDF document, version 1.6
CRC32	11638A9B
MD5	61baabd6fc12e01ff73ceacc07c84f9a
SHA1	0805d0ae62f5358b9a3f4c1868d552fc3561b17
SHA256	27cced58a0fcbb0bbe3894f74d3014611039fefdf3bd2b0ba7ad85b18194c
SHA512	5a43bc7eef279b209e2590432cc3e2eb480d0f78004e265f00b98b4afdc9a
Ssdeep	1536:p0AAH2KthGBjcdBj8VETeePxsT65ZZ3pdx/ves/QR/875+:prahGV6B
PEID	None matched
Yara	• embedded_pe (Contains an embedded PE32 file) • embedded_win_api (A non-Windows executable contains win32 API • vmdetect (Possibly employs anti-virtualization techniques)
VirusTotal	Permalink VirusTotal Scan Date: 2013-12-27 06:51:52 Detection Rate: 32/46 (collapse)

An engineer is analyzing this Cuckoo Sandbox report for a PDF file that has been downloaded from an email. What is the state of this file?

A. The file has an embedded executable and was matched by PEiD threat signatures for further analysis.

B. The file has an embedded non-Windows executable but no suspicious features are identified.
C. The file has an embedded Windows 32 executable and the Yara field lists suspicious features for further analysis.
D. The file was matched by PEiD threat signatures but no suspicious features are identified since the signature list is up to date.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 54
One of the objectives of information security is to protect the CIA of information and systems. What does CIA mean in this context?

A. confidentiality, identity, and authorization
B. confidentiality, integrity, and authorization
C. confidentiality, identity, and availability
D. confidentiality, integrity, and availability

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 59
An intruder attempted malicious activity and exchanged emails with a user and received corporate information, including email distribution lists. The intruder asked the user to engage with a link in an email. When the fink launched, it infected machines and the intruder was able to access the corporate network.
Which testing method did the intruder use?

A. social engineering
B. eavesdropping
C. piggybacking
D. tailgating

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 61
Which evasion technique is indicated when an intrusion detection system begins receiving an abnormally high volume of scanning from numerous sources?

A. resource exhaustion
B. tunneling
C. traffic fragmentation
D. timing attack

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 64
While viewing packet capture data, an analyst sees that one IP is sending and receiving traffic for multiple devices by modifying the IP header.
Which technology makes this behavior possible?

A. encapsulation
B. TOR
C. tunneling
D. NAT

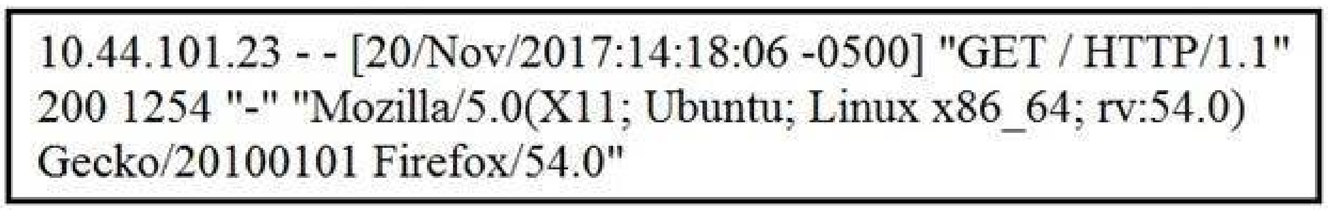
Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 69
Which artifact is used to uniquely identify a detected file?

A. file timestamp
B. file extension
C. file size
D. file hash

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 70
Refer to the exhibit.



```
10.44.101.23 - - [20/Nov/2017:14:18:06 -0500] "GET / HTTP/1.1"
200 1254 "-" "Mozilla/5.0(X11; Ubuntu; Linux x86_64; rv:54.0)
Gecko/20100101 Firefox/54.0"
```

What does the message indicate?

A. an access attempt was made from the Mosaic web browser
B. a successful access attempt was made to retrieve the password file
C. a successful access attempt was made to retrieve the root of the website
D. a denied access attempt was made to retrieve the password file

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 75
What do the Security Intelligence Events within the FMC allow an administrator to do?

A. See if a host is connecting to a known-bad domain.
B. Check for host-to-server traffic within your network.
C. View any malicious files that a host has downloaded.
D. Verify host-to-host traffic within your network.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 76
What causes events on a Windows system to show Event Code 4625 in the log messages?

A. The system detected an XSS attack
B. Someone is trying a brute force attack on the network
C. Another device is gaining root access to the system
D. A privileged user successfully logged into the system

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 81
A malicious file has been identified in a sandbox analysis tool.
Which piece of information is needed to search for additional downloads of this file by other hosts?

A. file type
B. file size
C. file name
D. file hash value

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 82
What is an attack surface as compared to a vulnerability?

A. any potential danger to an asset
B. the sum of all paths for data into and out of the application
C. an exploitable weakness in a system or its design
D. the individuals who perform an attack

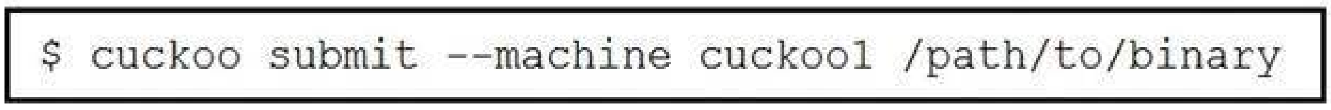
Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 84
When trying to evade IDS/IPS devices, which mechanism allows the user to make the data incomprehensible without a specific key, certificate, or password?

A. fragmentation
B. pivoting
C. encryption
D. stenography

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 89
Refer to the exhibit.



```
$ cuckoo submit --machine cuckoo1 /path/to/binary
```

Which event is occurring?

A. A binary named "submit" is running on VM cuckoo1.
B. A binary is being submitted to run on VM cuckoo1
C. A binary on VM cuckoo1 is being submitted for evaluation
D. A URL is being evaluated to see if it has a malicious binary

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 92
Which HTTP header field is used in forensics to identify the type of browser used?

A. referrer
B. host
C. user-agent
D. accept-language

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 93
Which two elements are used for profiling a network? (Choose two.)

A. total throughout
B. session duration
C. running processes
D. OS fingerprint
E. listening ports

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 98
Which security technology allows only a set of pre-approved applications to run on a system?

A. application-level blacklisting
B. host-based IPS
C. application-level whitelisting
D. antivirus

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 101
Which type of attack occurs when an attacker is successful in eavesdropping on a conversation between two IP phones?

A. known-plaintext
B. replay
C. dictionary
D. man-in-the-middle

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 103
A system administrator is ensuring that specific registry information is accurate.
Which type of configuration information does the HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE hive contain?

A. file extension associations
B. hardware, software, and security settings for the system
C. currently logged in users, including folders and control panel settings
D. all users on the system, including visual settings

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 105
An analyst is investigating an incident in a SOC environment. Which method is used to identify a session from a group of logs?

A. sequence numbers
B. IP identifier
C. 5-tuple
D. timestamps

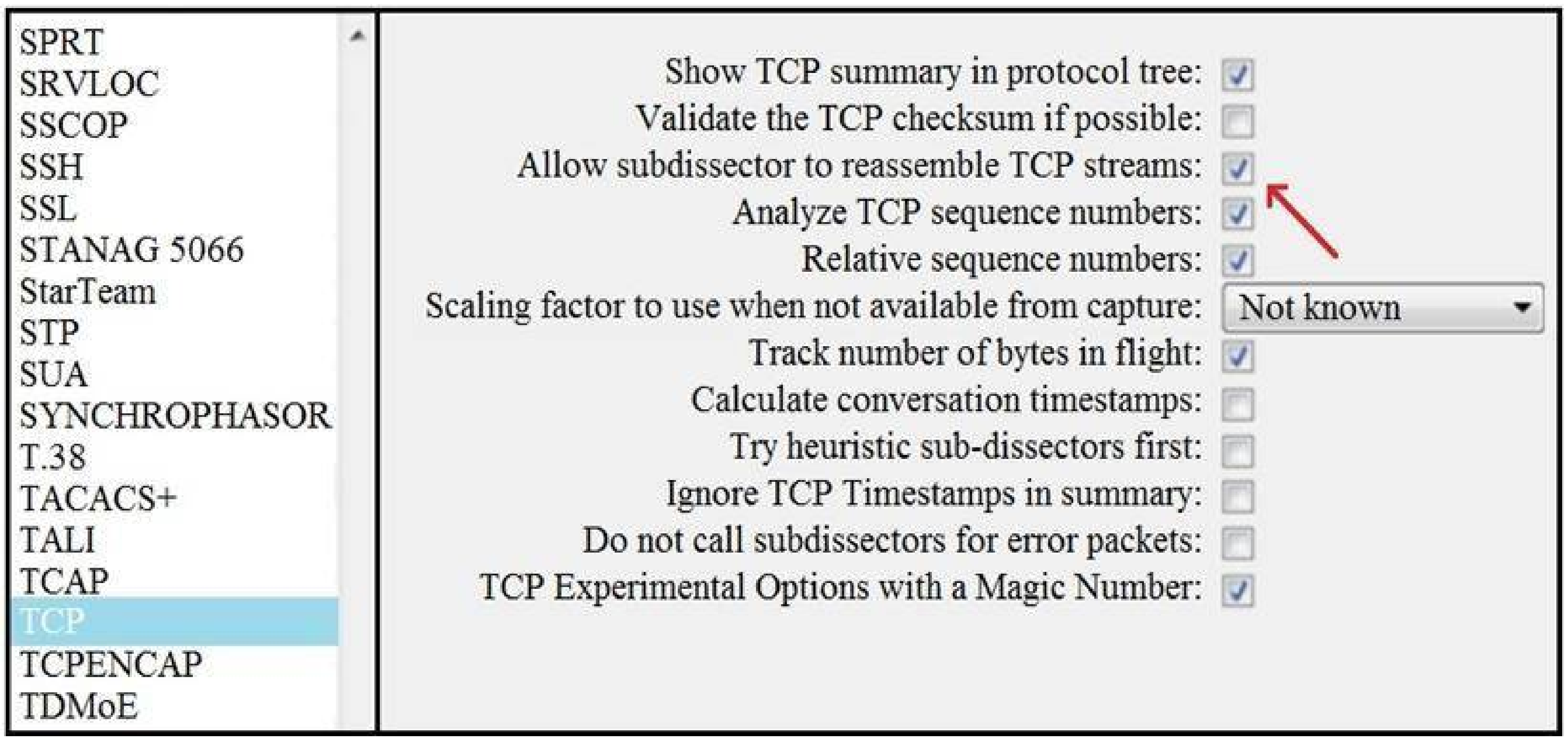
Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 108
Which access control model does SELinux use?

A. RBAC
B. DAC
C. MAC
D. ABAC

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 113
Refer to the exhibit.



Show TCP summary in protocol tree: ☑
Validate the TCP checksum if possible: □
Allow subdissector to reassemble TCP streams: ☑
Analyze TCP sequence numbers: ☑
Relative sequence numbers: ☑
Scaling factor to use when not available from capture: Not known
Track number of bytes in flight: ☑
Calculate conversation timestamps: □
Try heuristic sub-dissectors first: □
Ignore TCP Timestamps in summary: □
Do not call subdissectors for error packets: □
TCP Experimental Options with a Magic Number: ☑

What is the expected result when the "Allow subdissector to reassemble TCP streams" feature is enabled?

A. insert TCP subdissectors
B. extract a file from a packet capture
C. disable TCP streams
D. unfragment TCP

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 115
Which attack is the network vulnerable to when a stream cipher like RC4 is used twice with the same key?

A. forgery attack
B. plaintext-only attack
C. ciphertext-only attack
D. meet-in-the-middle attack

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 117
How does an attacker observe network traffic exchanged between two users?

A. port scanning
B. man-in-the-middle
C. command injection
D. denial of service

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 122
At which layer is deep packet inspection investigated on a firewall?

A. internet
B. transport
C. application
D. data link

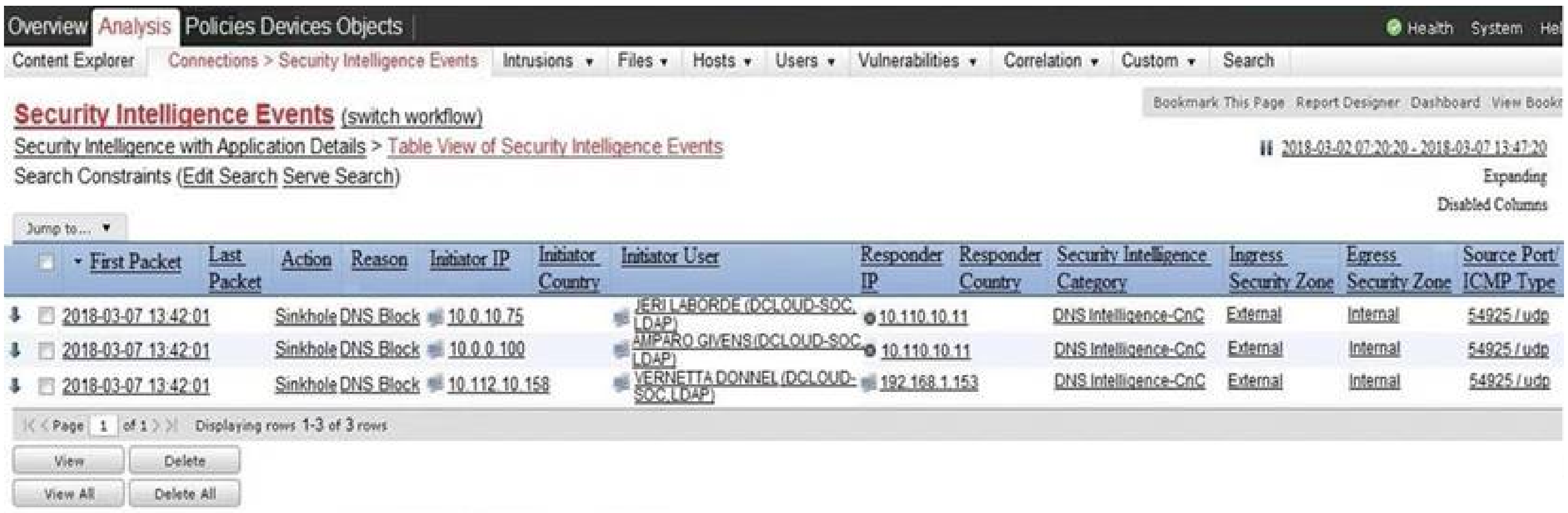
Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 124
Which two elements are used for profiling a network? (Choose two.)

A. session duration
B. total throughput
C. running processes
D. listening ports
E. OS fingerprint

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 126
Refer to the exhibit.



Security Intelligence Events (switch workflow)

Security Intelligence with Application Details > Table View of Security Intelligence Events

Search Constraints (Edit Search Serve Search)

2018-03-02 07:20:20 - 2018-03-07 13:47:20

Expanding

Disabled Columns

	□	First Packet	Last Packet	Action	Reason	Initiator IP	Initiator Country	Initiator User	Responder IP	Responder Country	Security Intelligence Category	Ingress Security Zone	Egress Security Zone	Source Port/ ICMP Type
⬇	□	2018-03-07 13:42:01		Sinkhole	DNS Block	10.0.10.75		JERI LABORDE (DCLOUD-SOC, LDAP)	10.110.10.11		DNS Intelligence-CnC	External	Internal	54925 / udp
⬇	□	2018-03-07 13:42:01		Sinkhole	DNS Block	10.0.0.100		AMPARO GIVENS (DCLOUD-SOC, LDAP)	10.110.10.11		DNS Intelligence-CnC	External	Internal	54925 / udp
⬇	□	2018-03-07 13:42:01		Sinkhole	DNS Block	10.112.10.158		VERNETTA DONNEL (DCLOUD-SOC, LDAP)	192.168.1.153		DNS Intelligence-CnC	External	Internal	54925 / udp

|< < Page 1 of 1 > >| Displaying rows 1-3 of 3 rows

Which two elements in the table are parts of the 5-tuple? (Choose two.)

A. First Packet
B. Initiator User
C. Ingress Security Zone
D. Source Port
E. Initiator IP

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 130
Why is encryption challenging to security monitoring?

A. Encryption analysis is used by attackers to monitor VPN tunnels.
B. Encryption is used by threat actors as a method of evasion and obfuscation.
C. Encryption introduces additional processing requirements by the CPU.
D. Encryption introduces larger packet sizes to analyze and store.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 131
Which IETF standard technology is useful to detect and analyze a potential security incident by recording session flows that occurs between hosts?

A. SFlow
B. NetFlow
C. NFlow
D. IPFIX

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 134
......