

400-007 Dumps

Cisco Certified Design Expert (CCDE v3.0) Written Exam

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NEW QUESTION 1

Which two characteristics apply to firewall transparent mode operations in a firewall solution design? (Choose two.)

- A. Changes in the existing IP addressing and subnets are required
- B. The firewall can participate actively on spanning tree.
- C. Multicast traffic can traverse the firewall.
- D. OSPF adjacencies can be established through the firewall
- E. The firewall acts like a router hop in the network.

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 2

An architect receives a functional requirement for a NAC system from a customer security policy stating that if a corporate Wi-Fi device does not meet current AV definitions, then it cannot access the corporate network until the definitions are updated. Which component should be built into the NAC design?

- A. posture assessment with remediation VLAN
- B. quarantine SGTs
- C. dACLs with SGTs
- D. quarantine VLAN

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 3

An enterprise that runs numerous proprietary applications has major issues with its on-premises server estate hardware, to the point where business-critical functions are compromised. The enterprise accelerates plans to migrate services to the cloud. Which cloud service should be used if the enterprise wants to avoid hardware issues yet have control of its applications and operating system?

- A. SaaS
- B. PaaS
- C. IaaS
- D. hybrid cloud

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 4

As part of workspace digitization, a large enterprise has migrated all their users to Desktop as a Service (DaaS), by hosting the backend system in their on-premises data center. Some of the branches have started to experience disconnections to the DaaS at periodic intervals, however, local users in the data center and head office do not experience this behavior. Which technology can be used to mitigate this issue?

- A. tail drop
- B. traffic shaping
- C. WRED
- D. traffic policing

Answer: B

Explanation:

Traffic Shaping does help with congestion and better bandwidth utilization over the WAN.

NEW QUESTION 5

An enterprise has identified these causes for inefficient CAPEX spending:

- CAPEX planning is driven by technology and not by business objectives.
- The CAPEX planning team lacks the data it needs to perform due diligence tasks.
- The organizational structure lacks sufficient accountability and incentives.

Which corporate cultural change contributes to improving the effectiveness of CAPEX spending?

- A. Build a financial control function that delivers high-quality reports on operational expenses for business insight and financial reporting.
- B. CxO-level staff must have a full technical understanding but they should not trust their technical leaders fully.
- C. Adopt new organizational models that promote real accountability for RO
- D. not just revenue
- E. EBITDA, and cash.
- F. Marketing and product management divisions must reduce their CAPEX budgets significantly to drive the change.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 6

You are designing a network running both IPv4 and IPv6 to deploy QoS. Which consideration is correct about the QoS for IPv4 and IPv6?

- A. IPv4 and IPv6 traffic types can use queuing mechanisms such as LLQ, PQ and CQ.
- B. IPv6 packet classification is only available with process switching, whereas IPv4 packet classification is available with both process switching and CEF.
- C. IPv4 and IPv6 traffic types can use a single QoS policy to match both protocols
- D. Different congestion management mechanisms need to be used for IPv4 and IPv6 traffic types

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 7

Company XYZ wants to improve the security design of their network to include protection from reconnaissance and DoS attacks on their sub interfaces destined toward next hop routers. Which technology can be used to prevent these types of attacks?

- A. MPP
- B. CPPr
- C. CoPP
- D. DPP

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://learningnetwork.cisco.com/s/question/0D53i00000KsuyvCAB/copp-vs-cppr>

NEW QUESTION 8

What statement describes the application layer as defined in the software-defined networking architecture?

- A. This layer is responsible for collecting the network status such as network usage and topology.
- B. This layer contains programs that communicate their desired network behavior to controllers.
- C. This layer is responsible for handling packets based on the rules provided by the controller.
- D. This layer processes the instructions and requirements sent by networking components.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 9

Which two statements describe the hierarchical LAN design model? (Choose two)

- A. It is a well-understood architecture that provides scalability
- B. It is the best design for modern data centers
- C. It is the most optimal design but is highly complex
- D. It provides a simplified design
- E. Changes, upgrades, and new services can be introduced in a controlled and staged manner

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 10

Which two characteristics are associated with 802.1s? (Choose two)

- A. 802.1s supports up to 1024 instances of 802.1
- B. 802.1s is a Cisco enhancement to 802.1w.
- C. 802.1s provides for faster convergence over 802.1D and PVST+.
- D. CPU and memory requirements are the highest of all spanning-tree STP implementations.
- E. 802.1s maps multiple VLANs to the same spanning-tree instance

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 10

Company XYZ connects its sites over a private WAN. Their overlay network is running a DMVPN setup where the headquarters site is the hub. The company is planning on implementing multicast routing on the network. What should be used in the multicast routing design?

- A. PIM dense mode with RP located at the hub
- B. PIM sparse mode with RP located at each remote site
- C. PIM sparse mode with RP located at the hub
- D. PIM dense mode with RP located at each remote site

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://www.ccexpert.us/routing-switching-2/dynamic-multipoint-vpn.html>

NEW QUESTION 15

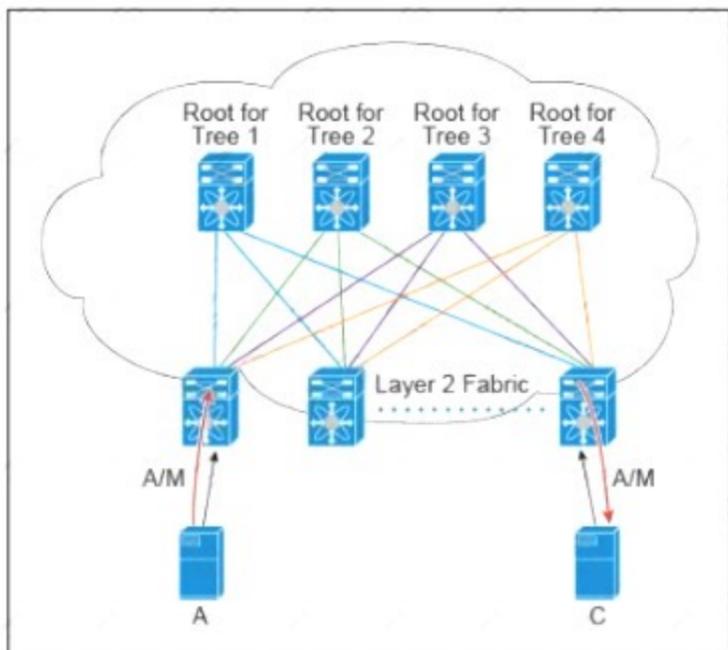
What are two design constraints in a standard spine and leaf architecture? (Choose two.)

- A. Spine switches can connect to each other.
- B. Each spine switch must connect to every leaf switch.
- C. Leaf switches must connect to each other.
- D. Endpoints connect only to the spine switches.
- E. Each leaf switch must connect to every spine switch.

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 17

Refer to the exhibit.



There are multiple trees in the Cisco FabricPath All switches in the Layer 2 fabric share the same view of each tree. Which two concepts describe how the multicast traffic is load-balanced across this topology? (Choose two)

- A. A specific (S.G) traffic is not load-balanced
- B. All trees are utilized at the same level of the traffic rate
- C. Every leaf node assigns the specific (S.G) to the same tree.
- D. A specific (S.G) multicast traffic is load-balanced across all trees due to better link utilization efficiency.
- E. The multicast traffic is generally load-balanced across all trees

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 22

Which relationship between IBGP and the underlying physical topology is true?

- A. iBGP full mesh requirement does not dictate any specific network topology.
- B. iBGP can work only on a ring network topology with a link-state protocol like OSPF or IS-IS
- C. iBGP full mesh requires an underlying fully meshed network topology.
- D. iBGP does not work on a ring network topology even with an underlying IGP.

Answer: A

Explanation:

iBGP peers can be multiple hops away. not like eBGP that needs direct connection (or ebgp-multihop defined). thus, only IP connectivity between two peers is required for an adjacency to form.

NEW QUESTION 27

A network design includes a long signaling delay in notifying the Layer 3 control plane that an interface has failed Which two of these actions would reduce that delay? (Choose two.)

- A. Increase network stability.
- B. Reduce the time for the network to reconverge.
- C. Increase the notification of interface flaps.
- D. Enable lower data link layer recovery systems to have an opportunity to restore the interface

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 30

You are tasked with the design of a high available network. Which two features provide fail closed environments? (Choose two.)

- A. EIGRP
- B. RPVST+
- C. MST
- D. L2MP

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 32

In an OSPF network with routers connected together with Ethernet cabling, which topology typically takes the longest to converge?

- A. partial mesh
- B. full mesh
- C. ring
- D. squared
- E. triangulated

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 35

What is a disadvantage of the traditional three-tier architecture model when east west traffic between different pods must go through the distribution and core layers?

- A. low bandwidth
- B. security
- C. scalability
- C. high latency

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 37

During evaluation of migrating current on premises infrastructure to add cloud-based infrastructure, a network planning team must meet three core requirements as they make recommendations on which cloud strategy to adopt going forward

- Technology is changing rapidly, therefore the enterprise must be open to adopting new ways of doing things, and be ready to invest CapEx-funds in the next three years
- Network bandwidth capacity requirements are dynamic and are expected to change over the next year
- If new technologies are to be introduced, operational expenses must be kept at a minimum. Which cloud strategy meets these requirements?

- A. private
- B. hybrid
- C. public
- D. multicloud

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 42

You are designing a network for a branch office. In order to improve convergence time, you are required to use the BFD feature Which four routing protocols can you use to facilitate this? (Choose four.)

- A. IS-IS
- B. static
- C. RIP
- D. EIGRP
- E. BGP

Answer: ABDE

NEW QUESTION 44

Which solution component helps to achieve comprehensive threat protection and compliance for migration to multicloud SDX architectures?

- A. system-oriented architecture
- B. OSASE architecture
- C. platform-oriented architecture
- D. SASE architecture

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 45

What best describes the difference between Automation and Orchestration?

- A. Automation refers to an automatic process for completing a single task and Orchestration refers to assembling and coordinating a set of tasks and conditions.
- B. Automation describes a hands-off configuration process while Orchestration refers to sets of automation tasks that require the network administrator to coordinate
- C. Automation refers to an automatic process for completing multiple tasks with conditions and Orchestration refers to executing tasks in parallel.
- D. Automation refers to scripting languages (Python, Ansible etc.) and Orchestration refers to commercial products that control configuration deployment
- E. Ansible etc.) and Orchestration refers to commercial products that control configuration deployment

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 48

A multicast network is using Bidirectional PIM. Which two combined actions achieve high availability so that two RPs within the same network can act in a redundant manner? (Choose two)

- A. Use two phantom RP addresses
- B. Manipulate the administrative distance of the unicast routes to the two RPs
- C. Manipulate the multicast routing table by creating static mroutes to the two RPs
- D. Advertise the two RP addresses in the routing protocol
- E. Use anycast RP based on MSDP peering between the two RPs
- F. Control routing to the two RPs through a longest match prefix

Answer: AF

Explanation:

<https://community.cisco.com/t5/networking-knowledge-base/rp-redundancy-with-pim-bidir-phantom-rp/ta-p/31>

NEW QUESTION 52

Which actions are performed at the distribution layer of the three-layer hierarchical network design model? (Choose two)

- A. Fast transport
- B. Reliability
- C. QoS classification and marking boundary
- D. Fault isolation
- E. Redundancy and load balancing

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 56

Which technology supports antispoofing and does not have any impact on encryption performance regardless of packet size?

- A. MACsec
- B. IP source guard
- C. DHCP snooping with DAI
- D. IPsec

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 59

Company XYZ has designed their network to run GRE over IPsec on their Internet-based VPN to connect two sites. Which IPsec tunneling feature can they enable to optimize the data flow while ensuring that the headers contain no duplicate IP addresses?

- A. Transport Mode in IPsec Phase I
- B. Transport Mode in IPsec Phase II
- C. Tunnel Mode in IPsec Phase II
- D. Tunnel Mode in IPsec Phase I

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 61

In the case of outsourced IT services, the RTO is defined within the SLA. Which two support terms are often included in the SLA by IT and other service providers? (Choose two.)

- A. network size and cost
- B. support availability
- C. network sustainability
- D. network reliability
- E. resolution time

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 66

Which two impacts of adding the IP event dampening feature to a network design are true? (Choose two.)

- A. It protects against routing loops.
- B. It switches traffic immediately after a link failure.
- C. It speeds up link failure detection.
- D. It reduces the utilization of system processing resources.
- E. It improves overall network stability.

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 70

An architect receives a business requirement from a CTO that states the RTO and RPO for a new system should be as close as possible to zero. Which replication method and data center technology should be used?

- A. asynchronous replication over dual data centers via DWDM
- B. synchronous replication over geographically dispersed dual data centers via MPLS
- C. synchronous replication over dual data centers via Metro Ethernet
- D. asynchronous replication over geographically dispersed dual data centers via CWDM

Answer: B

Explanation:

RTO and RPO are measures of how quickly and accurately a system can be recovered after a disaster or failure. RTO refers to the amount of time it takes to restore a system to its normal operation after a failure, while RPO refers to the amount of data that can be lost as a result of a failure. In synchronous replication, data is written to both the primary and secondary systems at the same time. This ensures that the data on the secondary system is always up-to-date and ready for use in the event of a disaster or failure. Geographically dispersed dual data centers refer to two data centers that are located in different geographical locations, which can help to reduce the risk of a disaster or failure impacting both data centers at the same time.

NEW QUESTION 75

Which feature is supported by NETCONF but is not supported by SNMP?

- A. distinguishing between configuration data and operational data
- B. taking administrative actions

- C. collecting the status of specific fields
- D. changing the configuration of specific fields

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 79

Which tool automates network implementation activities and shortens the implementation lifecycle?

- A. LISP
- B. Java
- C. Conclusion
- D. Python

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 82

Company XYZ is planning to deploy primary and secondary (disaster recovery) data center sites. Each of these sites will have redundant SAN fabrics and data protection is expected between the data center sites. The sites are 100 miles (160 km) apart and target RPO/RTO are 3 hrs and 24 hrs, respectively. Which two considerations must Company XYZ bear in mind when deploying replication in their scenario? (Choose two.)

- A. Target RPO/RTO requirements cannot be met due to the one-way delay introduced by the distance between sites.
- B. VSANs must be routed between sites to isolate fault domains and increase overall availability.
- C. Synchronous data replication must be used to meet the business requirements
- D. Asynchronous data replication should be used in this scenario to avoid performance impact in the primary site.
- E. VSANs must be extended from the primary to the secondary site to improve performance and availability.

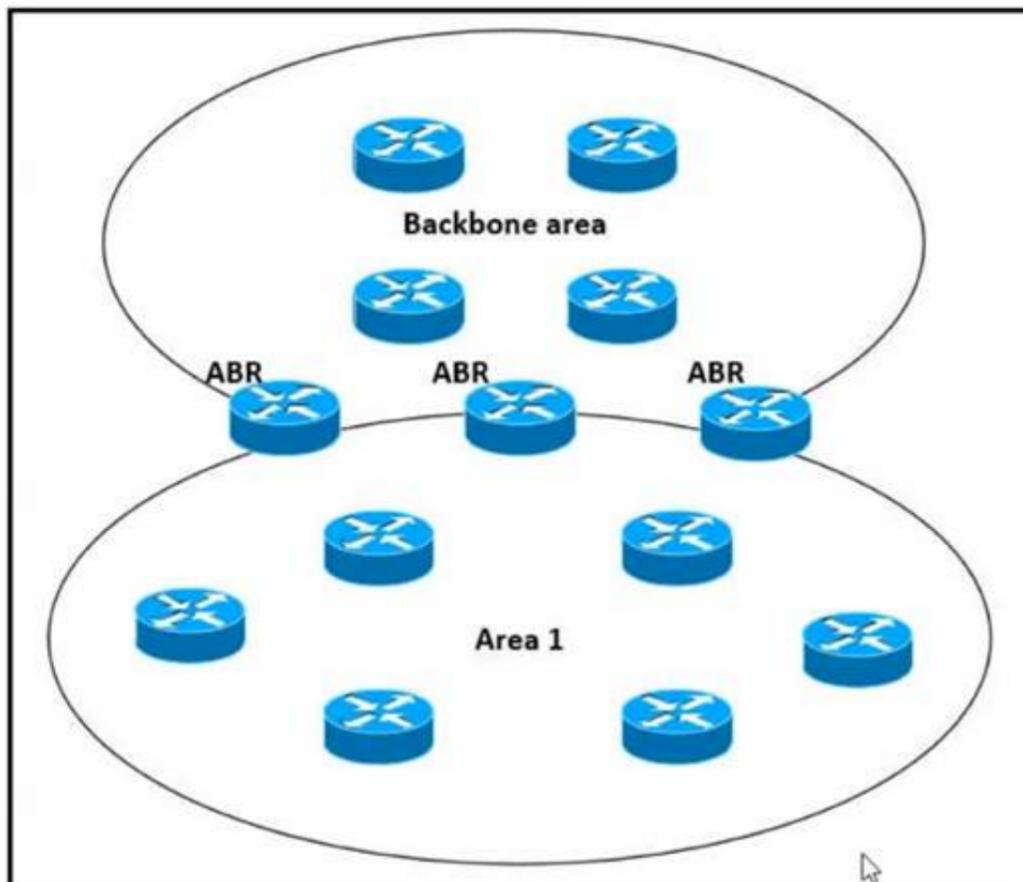
Answer: CD

Explanation:

synchronous data replication must be used to meet the business requirements, is incorrect. As described above, asynchronous replication would be a better choice in this scenario due to the distance between the data center sites and the target RPO/RTO requirements.
asynchronous data replication should be used in this scenario to avoid performance impact in the primary site, is correct. Asynchronous replication would allow Company XYZ to meet the target RPO/RTO requirements while avoiding the performance impact of synchronous replication.

NEW QUESTION 86

Refer to the exhibit.



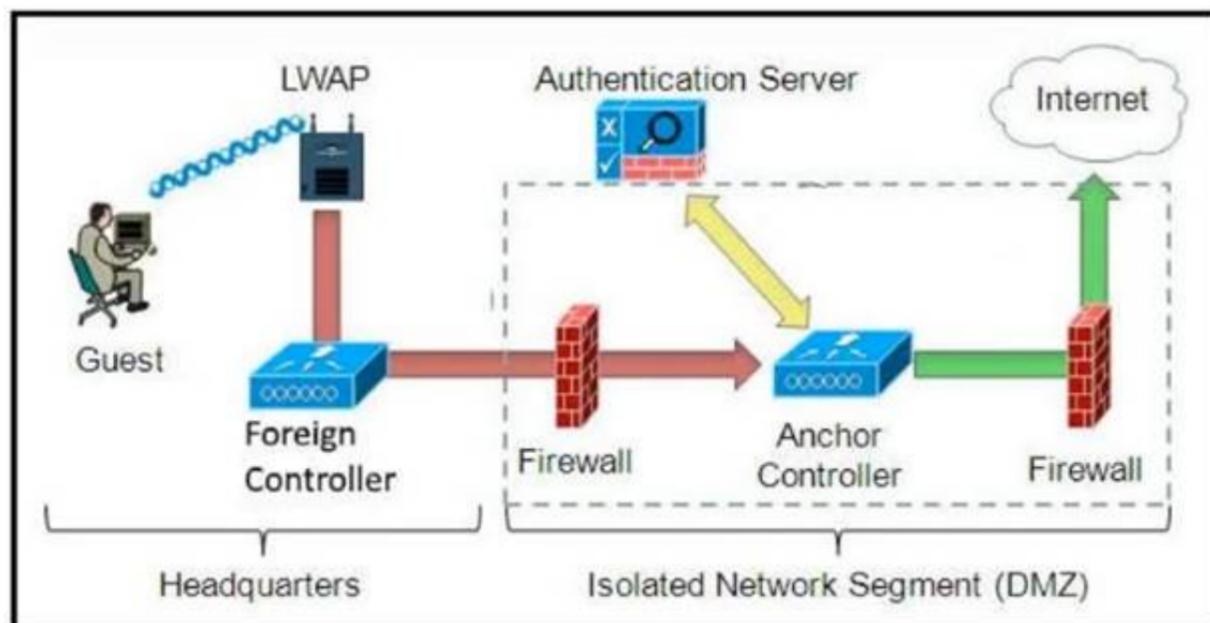
Which impact of using three or more ABRs between the backbone area and area 1 is true?

- A. In a large-scale network LSA replication by all ABRs can cause serious scalability issues
- B. Multiple ABRs reduce the CPU processing on each ABR due to splitting prefix advertisement
- C. In a large-scale network multiple ABRs can create microloops.
- D. Prefixes from the non-backbone area are advertised by one ABR to the backbone

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 89

Refer to the diagram.



Which solution must be used to send traffic from the foreign wireless LAN controller to the anchor wireless LAN controller?

- A. Send packets from the foreign controller to the anchor controller via Layer 3 MPLS VPN or VRF-Lite
- B. Send packets without encapsulation to the anchor controller over the routed network.
- C. Encapsulate packets into an EoIP tunnel and send them to the anchor controller.
- D. Send packets from the foreign controller to the anchor controller via IPinIP or IPsec tunnel.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 90

A Tier-3 Service Provider is evolving into a Tier-2 Service Provider due to the amount of Enterprise business it is receiving. The network engineers are re-evaluating their IP/MPLS design considerations in order to support duplicate/overlapping IP addressing from their Enterprise customers within each Layer3 VPN. Which concept would need to be reviewed to ensure stability in their network?

- A. Assigning unique Route Distinguishers
- B. Assigning unique Route Target ID'S
- C. Assigning unique IP address space for the Enterprise NAT/Firewalls
- D. Assigning unique VRF ID's to each L3VPN

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 91

The network team in XYZ Corp wants to modernize their infrastructure and is evaluating an implementation and migration plan to allow integration MPLS-based, Layer 2 Ethernet services managed by a service provider to connect branches and remote offices. To decrease OpEx and improve response times when network components fail, XYZ Corp decided to acquire and deploy new routers. The network currently is operated over E1 leased lines (2 Mbps) with a managed CE service provided by the telco.

Drag and drop the implementation steps from the left onto the corresponding targets on the right in the correct order.

| | |
|--|--------|
| Activation of the MPLS-based L2VPN service. | Step 1 |
| Monitor performance of the Ethernet service for a predefined period of time. | Step 2 |
| Decommission E1 leased line. | Step 3 |
| Deployment of new branch routers. | Step 4 |
| Test and validation of SLA parameters in the L2VPN. | Step 5 |
| Migrate E1 to the new Ethernet service. | Step 6 |

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

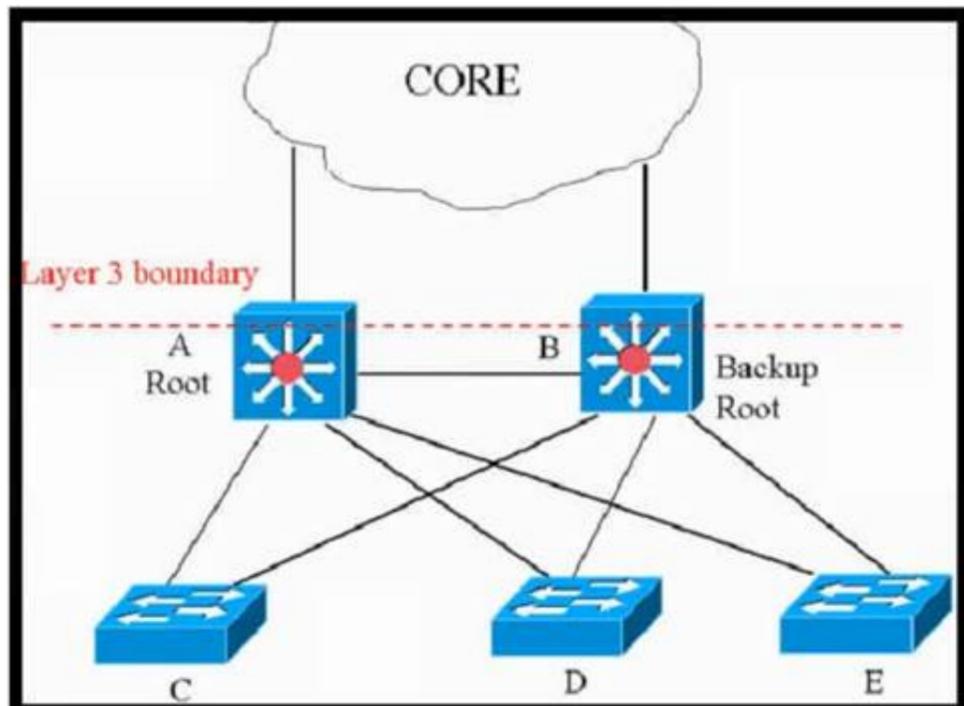
Answer: A

Explanation:

Table Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 96

Refer to the exhibit.



This network is running legacy STP 802.1 d. Assuming "hello_timer" is fixed to 2 seconds, which parameters can be modified to speed up convergence times after single link/node failure?

- A. The transit_delay=5 and dpdu_delay=20 are recommended values, considering helto_timer=2 and specified
- B. Only the maximum_transmission_halt_delay and diameter parameters are configurable parameters in 802. to speed up STP convergence process
- C. The max_age and forward delay parameters can be adjusted to speed up STP convergence process.
- D. Only the transit_delay and bpdu_delay timers are configurable parameters in 802.1d to speed up STP convergence process.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 100

A business wants to refresh its legacy Frame Relay WAN. It currently has product specialists in each of its 200 branches but plans to reduce and consolidate resources. The goal is to have product specialists available via video link when customers visit the nationwide branch offices. Which technology should be used to meet this objective?

- A. DMVPN phase 1 network over the Internet
- B. Layer 3 MPLS VPN hub and spoke
- C. Layer2VPLS
- D. Layer 3 MPLS VPN full mesh

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 103

A European national bank considers migrating its on-premises systems to a private cloud offering in a non-European location to significantly reduce IT costs. What is a primary factor prior to migration?

- A. data governance
- B. additional latency
- C. security
- D. cloud connectivity

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 105

What is an architectural framework created by ETSI that defines standards to decouple network functions from proprietary hardware-based appliances and have them run in software on standard x86 servers?

- A. NFVIS
- B. NFV
- C. VNF

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 109

What are two advantages of controller-based networks versus traditional networks? (Choose two.)

- A. the ability to have forwarding tables at each device
- B. more flexible configuration per device
- C. more consistent device configuration
- D. programmatic APIs that are available per device
- E. the ability to configure the features for the network rather than per device

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 114

Company XYZ is running a redundant private WAN network using OSPF as the underlay protocol. The current design accommodates for redundancy in the network, but it is taking over 30 seconds for the network to reconverge upon failure. Which technique can be implemented in the design to detect such a failure in a subsecond?

- A. STP
- B. fast hello
- C. OSPF LFA
- D. BFD
- E. flex links

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 119

In search of a system capable of hosting, monitoring, compiling, and testing code in an automated way, what can be recommended to the organization?

- A. Jenkins
- B. Ansible
- C. Perl
- D. Chef

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 121

An external edge router provides connectivity from a service provider to an enterprise. Which two Internet edge best practices meet compliance regulations? (Choose two)

- A. Implement filtering to control traffic that is sourced from the infrastructure IP space.
- B. Enable and use only secure protocols.
- C. Send logs to a centralized logging collection server.
- D. Implement EBGP to advertise all owned IP blocks.
- E. Use login banners and interface access lists to restrict administrative access to the system.

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 125

Company XYZ network runs IPv4 and IPv6 and they want to introduce a multidomain, multicast-based network. The new design should use a flavor of PIM that forwards traffic using SPT. Which technology meets this requirement?

- A. PIM-DM
- B. PIM-SM
- C. PIM-SSM
- D. BIDIR-PIM

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 129

A network security team observes phishing attacks on a user machine from a remote location. The organization has a policy of saving confidential data on two different systems using different types of authentication. What is the next step to control such events after the security team verifies all users in Zero Trust modeling?

- A. Enforce risk-based and adaptive access policies.
- B. Assess real-time security health of devices.
- C. Apply a context-based network access control policy for users.
- D. Ensure trustworthiness of devices.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 134

Company XYZ is revisiting the security design for their data center because they now have a requirement to control traffic within a subnet and implement deep packet inspection. Which technology meets the updated requirements and can be incorporated into the design?

- A. routed firewall
- B. VLAN ACLs on the switch
- C. transparent firewall
- D. zone-based firewall on the Layer 3 device

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 136

The network designer needs to use GLOP IP addresses in order to make them unique within their ASN. Which multicast address range should be used?

- A. 232.0.0.0 to 232.255.255.255
- B. 233.0.0.0 to 233.255.255.255
- C. 239.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255
- D. 224.0.0.0 to 224.0.255.255

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 139

Company XYZ is migrating their existing network to IPv6 and they must plan for Layer 2 and Layer 3 devices. Some of the access layer switches do not support IPv6, however, core and distribution switches fully support unicast and multicast routing. The company wants to minimize cost of the migration. Which migration strategy should be used in the design?

- A. The access layer switches must support IGMP snooping at a minimum.
- B. Any switches that do not support IGMP snooping must be replaced.
- C. Upgrade the nonsupporting switches. Otherwise, it will cause an issue with the migration.
- D. Layer 2 switches will not affect the implementation of IPv6. They can be included in the design in their current state.
- E. The access layer switches must support DHCPv6. Any switches that do not support DHCPv6 must be replaced.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 144

An IT service provider is upgrading network infrastructure to comply with PCI security standards. The network team finds that 802.1X and VPN authentication based on locally-significant certificates are not available on some legacy phones. Which workaround solution meets the requirement?

- A. Replace legacy phones with new phones because the legacy phones will lose trust if the certificate is renewed.
- B. Enable phone VPN authentication based on end-user username and password.
- C. Temporarily allow fallback to TLS 1.0 when using certificates and then upgrade the software on legacy phones.
- D. Use authentication-based clear text password with no EAP-MD5 on the legacy phones.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 147

A customer has a functional requirement that states HR systems within a data center should be segmented from other systems that reside in the same data center and same VLAN. The systems run legacy applications by using hard-coded IP addresses. Which segmentation method is suitable and scalable for the customer?

- A. data center perimeter firewalling
- B. VACLs on data center switches
- C. transparent firewalling
- D. routed firewalls

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 150

Which undesired effect of increasing the jitter compensation buffer is true?

- A. The overall transport jitter decreases and quality improves.
- B. The overall transport jitter increases and quality issues can occur.
- C. The overall transport delay increases and quality issues can occur.
- D. The overall transport delay decreases and quality improves.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 151

A network architect must redesign a service provider edge, where multiservice and multitenant PEs are currently present. Which design feature should be minimized in the new design to achieve reliability?

- A. bridging
- B. fate sharing
- C. redundancy
- D. unicast overlay routing

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 155

Company XYZ is running OSPF in their network. They have merged with another company that is running EIGRP as the routing protocol. Company XYZ now needs the two domains to talk to each other with redundancy, while maintaining a loop free environment. The solution must scale when new networks are added into the network in the near future. Which technology can be used to meet these requirements?

- A. multipoint route-redistribution with route filtering using ACLs
- B. DUMP multipoint route-redistribution with route filtering using route tags
- C. DUMPS single point route-redistribution with route filtering using route tags
- D. DUMPS single point route-redistribution with route filtering using ACLs

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 159

Which design solution reduces the amount of IGMP state in the network?

- A. IGMP filtering
- B. IGMPv3 with PIM-SSM
- C. multiple multicast domains
- D. one multicast group address thorough network regardless of IGMP version

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 160

A customer migrates from a traditional Layer 2 data center network into a new SDN-based, spine-and-leaf VXLAN EVPN data center within the same location. The networks are joined to enable host migration at Layer 2. Which activity should be completed each time a legacy network is migrated?

- A. The migrated VLAN should be pruned from the Layer 2 interconnects.
- B. The migrated network should have a VXLAN VNID configured within the new network.
- C. The migrated network should be advertised to the EVPN network as a Type 2 network.
- D. The migrated network should be added to the EVPN BGP routing.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 165

What is a description of a control plane action?

- A. de-encapsulating and re-encapsulating a packet in a data-link frame
- B. matching the destination MAC address of an Ethernet frame to the MAC address table
- C. matching the destination IP address of an IP packet to the IP routing table
- D. hosts locating routers that reside on attached links using the IPv6 Neighbor Discover Protocol

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 166

Company XYZ is designing their network using the three-layer hierarchical model. At which layer must the QoS design classify or mark the traffic?

- A. access
- B. core
- C. collapsed core
- D. distribution

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 168

You are using iSCSI to transfer files between a 10 Gigabit Ethernet storage system and a 1 Gigabit Ethernet server. The performance is only approximately 700 Mbps and output drops are occurring on the server switch port. Which action will improve performance in a cost-effective manner?

- A. Change the protocol to CIFS.
- B. Increase the queue to at least 1 GB
- C. Use a WRED random drop policy
- D. Enable the TCP Nagle algorithm on the receiver

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 172

A banking customer determines that it is operating POS and POI terminals that are noncompliant with PCI DSS requirements, as it is running TLSv1.0. The customer plans to migrate the terminals to TLSv1.2. What are two requirements to complete the migration? (Choose two.)

- A. Ensure that strong cryptography is applied for users who have administrative access through networks
- B. Apply strong cryptography and security protocols to safeguard sensitive cardholder data.
- C. Apply strong encryption for transmission of cardholder data across public networks.
- D. Protect all user systems against malware and frequently update antivirus software
- E. Maintain a policy that addresses information security for employees and third parties.

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 176

Company XYZ branch offices connect to the headquarter sites using two links, MPLS and Internet. The company wants to design the traffic flow so that voice traffic goes through the MPLS link and all other traffic uses either the MPLS link or the Internet link. Which technique can the company use in their design to ensure that the traffic is not process switched?

- A. policy-based routing
- B. virtual links
- C. visualization
- D. floating static route

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 181

An engineer must design a network for a company that uses OSPF LFA to reduce loops. Which type of loop would be reduced by using this design?

- A. DTP
- B. micro loops
- C. STP
- D. REP

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 184

You are tasked to design a QoS policy for a service provider so they can include it in the design of their MPLS core network. If the design must support an MPLS network with six classes, and CEs will be managed by the service provider, which QoS policy should be recommended?

- A. map IP CoS bits into the IP Precedence field
- B. map flow-label bits into the Exp field
- C. map IP precedence bits into the DSCP field
- D. map DSCP bits into the Exp field

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 186

An MPLS service provider is offering a standard EoMPLS-based VPLS service to Customer A, providing Layer 2 connectivity between a central site and approximately 100 remote sites. Customer A wants to use the VPLS network to carry its internal multicast video feeds which are sourced at the central site and consist of 20 groups at Mbps each. Which service provider recommendation offers the most scalability?

- A. EoMPLS-based VPLS can carry multicast traffic in a scalable manner
- B. Use a mesh of GRE tunnels to carry the streams between sites
- C. Enable snooping mechanisms on the provider PE routers.
- D. Replace VPLS with a Layer 3 MVPN solution to carry the streams between sites

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 187

A network architect in an enterprise is designing a network policy for certain database applications. The goal of the policy is to allow these applications to access the internet directly, whereas other user and network applications that communicate with systems or users outside their own network must be routed through the data center. The focus is on achieving higher availability and a better user experience for the database applications, but switching between different network paths based on performance characteristics must be supported.

Which solution meets these requirements?

- A. MPLS L3VPN with QoS
- B. Cloud onRamp for IaaS
- C. Cloud onRamp for SaaS
- D. MPLS direct connect

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/solutions/collateral/enterprise-networks/sd-wan/nb-06-cloud-onramp-saas-faq-ct>

NEW QUESTION 188

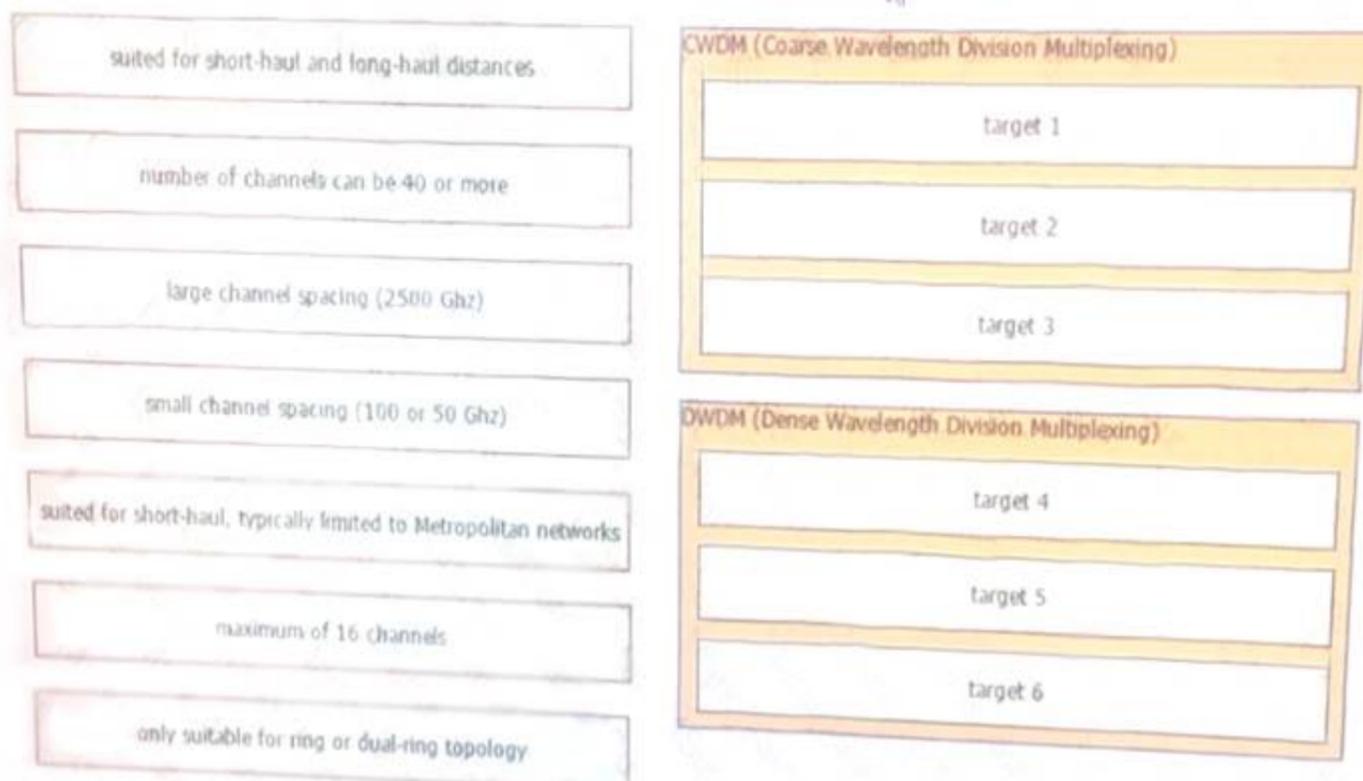
Which parameter is the most important factor to consider when deciding service placement in a cloud solution?

- A. data replication cost
- B. application structure
- C. security framework implementation time
- D. data confidentiality rules

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 193

Drag and drop the optical technology design characteristics on the left to the correct optical technologies on the right. Not all options are used



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

- 1 - target 4
- 2 - target 5
- 3 - target 1
- 4 - target 6
- 5 - target 2
- 6 - target 3

NEW QUESTION 198

Which technology is an open-source infrastructure automation tool that automates repetitive tasks for users who work in networks such as cloud provisioning and intraservice orchestration?

- A. Ansible
- B. Contrail
- C. Java
- D. Jinja2

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 199

Company ABC wants to minimize the risk of users plugging unauthorized switches and hubs into the network. Which two features can be used on the LAN access ports to support this design requirement? (Choose two.)

- A. Loop Guard
- B. PortFast
- C. DTF
- D. Root Guard
- E. BPDU Guard

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 203

An enterprise network has two core routers that connect to 200 distribution routers and uses full-mesh IBGP peering between these routers as its routing method. The distribution routers are experiencing high CPU utilization due to the BGP process. Which design solution is the most cost effective?

- A. Implement route reflectors on the two core routers
- B. Increase the memory on the core routers
- C. Implement e BGP between the core and distribution routers
- D. Increase the memory on the distribution routers
- E. Increase bandwidth between the core routers

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 207

What are two primary design constraints when a robust infrastructure solution is created? (Choose two.)

- A. monitoring capabilities

- B. project time frame
- C. staff experience
- D. component availability
- E. total cost

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 208

Which two features describe controller-based networking solutions compared to traditional networking solutions? (Choose two.)

- A. inflate licensing costs
- B. reduce network configuration complexity
- C. provide centralization of primary IT functions
- D. allow for fewer network failures
- E. increase network bandwidth usage

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 213

Which optimal use of interface dampening on a fast convergence network design is true?

- A. When occasional flaps of long duration occur
- B. when numerous adjacent flaps of very short duration occur
- C. when the router hardware is slower than the carrier delay down detection
- D. when the switch hardware is faster than the debounce timer down detection

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 216

How many fully established neighbour relationships exist on an Ethernet with five routers running OSPF as network type broadcast?

- A. 5
- B. 6
- C. 7
- D. 10
- E. 20

Answer: C

Explanation:

Assuming routers R1-R5, R1 is elected DR, R2 BDR. Fully established neighborships only occur to DR and BDR, all other neighbors are in 2Way DR other state.

DR|BDRFull relationships:

R2-R1 R3-R1 R3-R2 R4-R1 R4-R2 R5-R1

R5-R2

NEW QUESTION 217

Company XYZ needs advice in redesigning their legacy Layer 2 infrastructure. Which technology should be included in the design to minimize or avoid convergence delays due to STP or FHRP and provide a loop-free topology?

- A. Use switch clustering in the access layer.
- B. Use switch clustering in the core/distribution layer.
- C. Use spanning-tree PortFast.
- D. Use BFD.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 219

Which two features control multicast traffic in a VLAN environment? (Choose two)

- A. IGMP snooping
- B. MLD snooping
- C. RGMP
- D. PIM snooping
- E. pruning

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 221

Company XYZ has a hub-and-spoke topology over an SP-managed infrastructure. To measure traffic performance metrics, they implemented IP SLA senders on all spoke CE routers and an IP SLA responder on the hub CE router. What must they monitor to have visibility on the potential performance impact due to the constantly increasing number of spoke sites?

- A. CPU and memory usage on the spoke routers
- B. memory usage on the hub router
- C. CPU usage on the hub router
- D. interface buffers on the hub and spoke routers

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 224

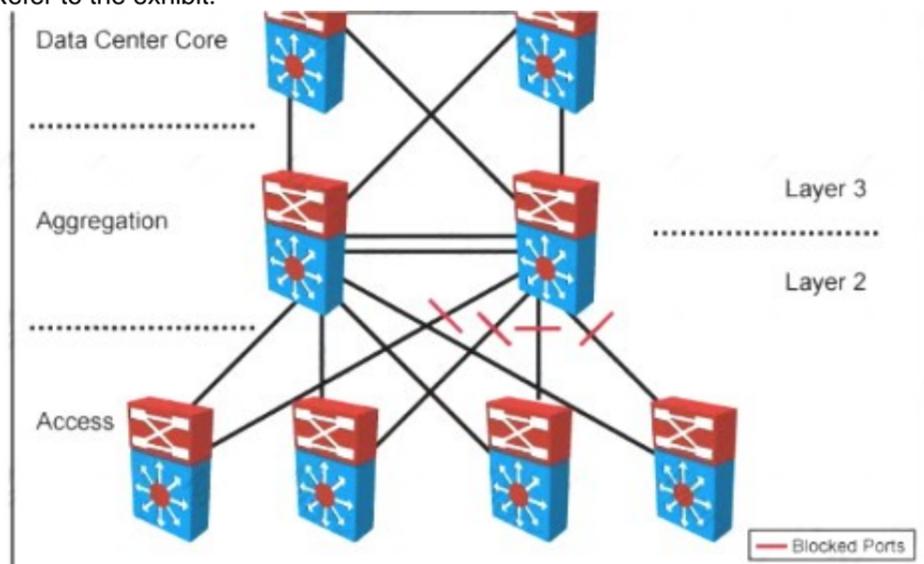
Company XYZ has implemented policy-based routing in their network. Which potential problem must be kept in mind about network reconvergence and PBR?

- A. It can limit network scalability
- B. It can create microloops during reconvergence
- C. It increases convergence time.
- D. It reduces convergence time.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 225

Refer to the exhibit.



Your company designed a network to allow server VLANs to span all access switches in a data center. In the design, Layer 3 VLAN interfaces and HSRP are configured on the aggregation switches. Which two features improve STP stability within the network design? (Choose two.)

- A. BPDU guard on access ports
- B. BPDU guard on the aggregation switch downlinks toward access switches
- C. root guard on the aggregation switch downlinks toward access switches
- D. root guard on access ports
- E. edge port on access ports
- F. access switch pairs explicitly determined to be root and backup root bridges

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 226

Which two mechanisms avoid suboptimal routing in a network with dynamic mutual redistribution between multiple OSPFv2 and EIGRP boundaries? (Choose two.)

- A. AD manipulation
- B. matching OSPF external routes
- C. route tagging
- D. route tagging
- E. route filtering
- F. matching EIGRP process ID

Answer: DE

Explanation:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/ip/enhanced-interior-gateway-routing-protocol-eigrp/8606-redist.ht>

NEW QUESTION 227

What is the most important operational driver in building a resilient and secure modular network design?

- A. Dependencies on hardware or software that is difficult to scale
- B. Minimize app downtime
- C. Reduce the frequency of failures requiring human intervention
- D. Increase time spent on developing new features

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 228

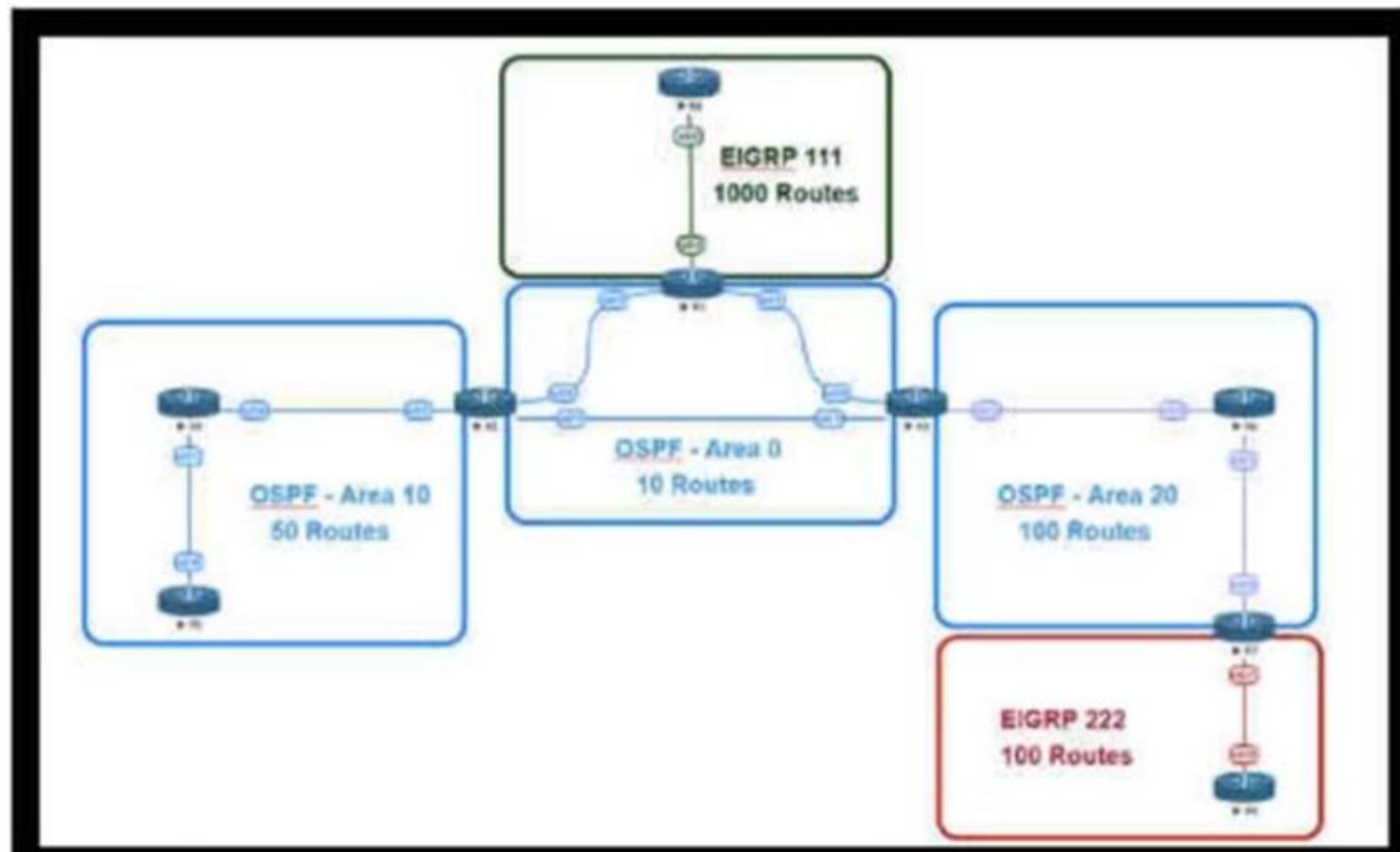
IPFIX data collection via standalone IPFIX probes is an alternative to flow collection from routers and switches. Which use case is suitable for using IPFIX probes?

- A. performance monitoring
- B. security
- C. observation of critical links
- D. capacity planning

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 229

Refer to the exhibit.



This network is running OSPF and EIGRP as the routing protocols. Mutual redistribution of the routing protocols has been configured on the appropriate ASBRs. The OSPF network must be designed so that flapping routes in EIGRP domains do not affect the SPF runs within OSPF. The design solution must not affect the way EIGRP routes are propagated into the EIGRP domains. Which technique accomplishes the requirement?

- A. route summarization on the ASBR interfaces facing the OSPF domain
- B. route summarization on the appropriate ASBRs.
- C. route summarization on the appropriate ASBRs.
- D. route summarization on EIGRP routers connecting toward the ASBR

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 231

What are two examples of business goals to be considered when a network design is built? (Choose two.)

- A. standardize resiliency
- B. minimize operational costs
- C. integrate endpoint posture
- D. ensure faster obsolescence
- E. reduce complexity

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 235

The administrator of a small branch office wants to implement the Layer 2 network without running STP. The office has some redundant paths. Which mechanism can the administrator use to allow redundancy without creating Layer 2 loops?

- A. Use double-sided VPC on both switches
- B. Use two port channels as Flex links
- C. Use fabric path with ECMP
- D. Use 802.3ad link bundling.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 240

Company XYZ is running BGP as their routing protocol. An external design consultant recommends that TCP path MTU discovery be enabled. Which effect will this have on the network?

- A. It will enhance the performance of TCP-based applications.
- B. It will increase the convergence time.
- C. It will improve the convergence time.
- D. It will create a loop free path.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 243

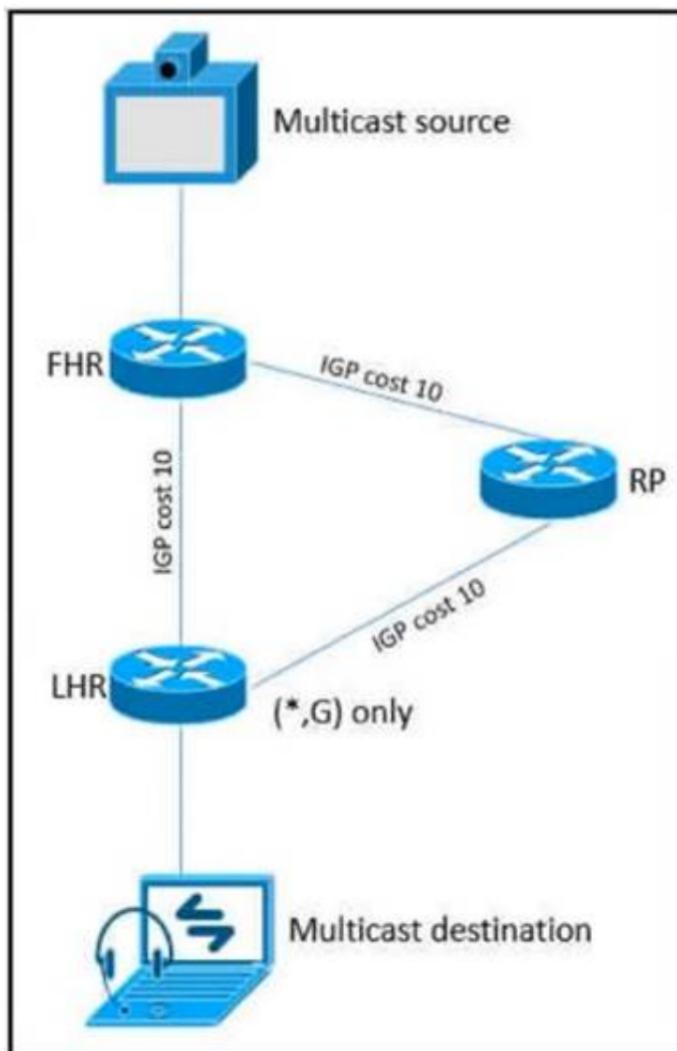
Which design consideration is valid when you contrast fabricPath and trill?

- A. FabricPath uses IS-IS, but TRILL uses VxLAN
- B. FabricPath permits active-active FHRP and TRILL support anycast gateway.
- C. FabricPath Permits ECMP, but TRILL does not
- D. FabricPath permits active-active mode, but TRILL supports only active-standby mode.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 247

Refer to the exhibit.



As part of a redesign project, you must predict multicast behavior. What happens to the multicast traffic received on the shared tree (*,G), if it is received on the LHR interface indicated*?

- A. It is dropped due to an unsuccessful RPF check against the multicast source
- B. It is switched given that no RPF check is performed
- C. It is switched due to a successful RPF check against the routing table
- D. It is dropped due to an unsuccessful RPF check against the multicast receiver.

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/ip/ip-multicast/16450-mcastguide0.html>

When a multicast packet arrives on an interface, the RPF process checks to ensure that this incoming interface is the outgoing interface used by unicast routing in order to reach the source of the multicast packet. This RPF check process prevents loops. Multicast routing does not forward a packet unless the source of the packet passes a RPF check. Once a packet passes this RPF check, multicast routing forwards the packet based only upon the destination address.

NEW QUESTION 250

Company XYZ is designing the network for IPv6 security and they have these design requirements:

- > A switch or router must deny access to traffic from sources with addresses that are correct, but are topologically incorrect
- > Devices must block Neighbor Discovery Protocol resolution for destination addresses that are not found in the binding table.

Which two IPv4 security features are recommended for this company? (Choose two)

- A. IPv6 DHCP Guard
- B. IPv6 Source Guard
- C. IPv6 Destination Guard
- D. IPv6 Prefix Guard
- E. IPv6 RA Guard

Answer: CD

Explanation:

https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/global/ja_jp/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/ipv6_fhsec/configuration/xe-16/ip6f-xe-16-book.

NEW QUESTION 255

Which architecture does not require an explicit multicast signaling protocol, such as PIM or P2MP, to signal the multicast state hop-by-hop, but instead uses a link state protocol to advertise the multicast forwarding state?

- A. Binary indexed explicit routing
- B. Binary intermediate enhanced routing
- C. Bit indexed explicit replication
- D. Bi-directional implicit replication

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 260

A green data center is being deployed and a design requirement is to be able to readily scale server virtualization Which IETF standard technology can provide this requirement?

- A. data center bridging
- B. unified fabric
- C. Transparent Interconnection of Lots of Links
- D. fabric path

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 261

Company XYZ wants to deploy OSPF. The design plan requires that two OSPF networks be mutually redistributed at multiple locations and ensure end-to-end connectivity to all of the company's networks Which technology can be used to fulfill the requirements while avoiding the creation of routing loops?

- A. Create a virtual link between ASBRs.
- B. Change the router ID for both ASBRs.
- C. Redistribute routes as external type 2 routes.
- D. Use route maps on ASBRs to filter routes with tags so they are not redistributed.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/ip/open-shortest-path-first-ospf/4170-ospfprocesses.html>

NEW QUESTION 263

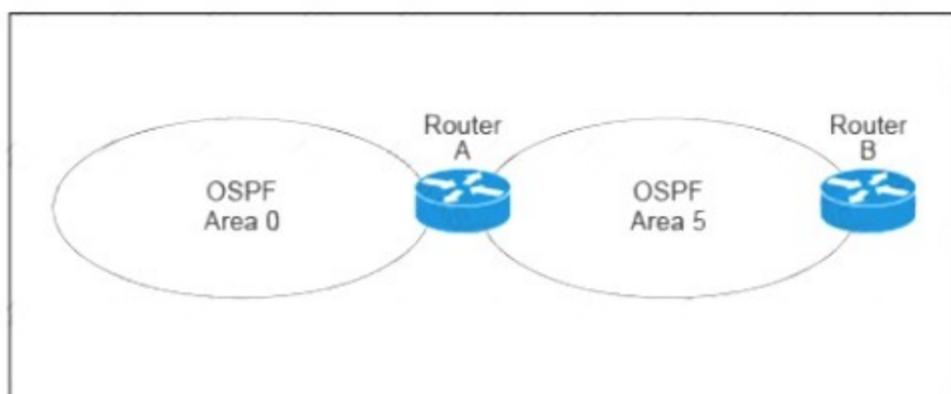
A BGP route reflector in the network is taking longer than expected to coverage during large network changes. Troubleshooting shows that the router cannot handle all the TCP acknowledgements during route updates. Which action can be performed to tune the device performance?

- A. Increase the size of the hold queue.
- B. Increase the size of the large buffers.
- C. Decrease the size of the small buffers.
- D. Increase the keepalive timers for each BGP neighbor.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 266

Refer to the exhibit.



A customer runs OSPF with Area 5 between its aggregation router and an internal router When a network change occurs in the backbone. Area 5 starts having connectivity issues due to the SPF algorithm recalculating an abnormal number of times in Area 5 You are tasked to redesign this network to increase resiliency on the customer network with the caveat that Router B does not support the stub area How can you accomplish this task*?

- A. Increase the bandwidth on the connection between Router A and Router B
- B. Implement LSA filtering on the AB, allowing summary routes and preventing more specific routes into Area 5
- C. Create a virtual link to Area 0 from Router B to the ABR
- D. Turn on LSA throttling on all devices in Area 5
- E. Set Area 5 to stubby at the ABR anyway

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 268

Company XYZ is designing the IS-IS deployment strategy for their multiarea IS-IS domain. They want IS-IS neighbour relationships to be minimized on each network segment and want to optimize the size of the IS-IS LSDB on each router. Which can design can be used to meet these requirements?

- A. Design all routers as Level 2 router
- B. Set the links between the routers as Level 1 with the area
- C. Design the network so that the routers connecting to other areas are Level 2 routers and internal routers are Level 1
- D. Design the network so that all routers are Level 1 routers

E. Design the network so that the routers connecting to other areas are Level 1/Level 2 routers and internal routers are Level 1

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 270

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