

# Exam Questions DVA-C02

DVA-C02

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#### NEW QUESTION 1

A company is migrating legacy internal applications to AWS. Leadership wants to rewrite the internal employee directory to use native AWS services. A developer needs to create a solution for storing employee contact details and high-resolution photos for use with the new application.

Which solution will enable the search and retrieval of each employee's individual details and high-resolution photos using AWS APIs?

- A. Encode each employee's contact information and photos using Base64. Store the information in an Amazon DynamoDB table using a sort key.
- B. Store each employee's contact information in an Amazon DynamoDB table along with the object keys for the photos stored in Amazon S3.
- C. Use Amazon Cognito user pools to implement the employee directory in a fully managed software-as-a-service (SaaS) method.
- D. Store employee contact information in an Amazon RDS DB instance with the photos stored in Amazon Elastic File System (Amazon EFS).

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 2

A developer is incorporating AWS X-Ray into an application that handles personal identifiable information (PII). The application is hosted on Amazon EC2 instances. The application trace messages include encrypted PII and go to Amazon CloudWatch. The developer needs to ensure that no PII goes outside of the EC2 instances.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Manually instrument the X-Ray SDK in the application code.
- B. Use the X-Ray auto-instrumentation agent.
- C. Use Amazon Macie to detect and hide PI
- D. Call the X-Ray API from AWS Lambda.
- E. Use AWS Distro for Open Telemetry.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 3

A developer is creating an application that includes an Amazon API Gateway REST API in the us-east-2 Region. The developer wants to use Amazon CloudFront and a custom domain name for the API. The developer has acquired an SSL/TLS certificate for the domain from a third-party provider.

How should the developer configure the custom domain for the application?

- A. Import the SSL/TLS certificate into AWS Certificate Manager (ACM) in the same Region as the AP
- B. Create a DNS A record for the custom domain.
- C. Import the SSL/TLS certificate into CloudFron
- D. Create a DNS CNAME record for the custom domain.
- E. Import the SSL/TLS certificate into AWS Certificate Manager (ACM) in the same Region as the API. Create a DNS CNAME record for the custom domain.
- F. Import the SSL/TLS certificate into AWS Certificate Manager (ACM) in the us-east-1 Regio
- G. Create a DNS CNAME record for the custom domain.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 4

A developer is creating an application that will give users the ability to store photos from their cellphones in the cloud. The application needs to support tens of thousands of users. The application uses an Amazon API Gateway REST API that is integrated with AWS Lambda functions to process the photos. The application stores details about the photos in Amazon DynamoDB.

Users need to create an account to access the application. In the application, users must be able to upload photos and retrieve previously uploaded photos. The photos will range in size from 300 KB to 5 MB.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Use Amazon Cognito user pools to manage user account
- B. Create an Amazon Cognito user pool authorizer in API Gateway to control access to the AP
- C. Use the Lambda function to store the photos and details in the DynamoDB tabl
- D. Retrieve previously uploaded photos directly from the DynamoDB table.
- E. Use Amazon Cognito user pools to manage user account
- F. Create an Amazon Cognito user pool authorizer in API Gateway to control access to the AP
- G. Use the Lambda function to store the photos in Amazon S3. Store the object's S3 key as part of the photo details in the DynamoDB tabl
- H. Retrieve previously uploaded photos by querying DynamoDB for the S3 key.
- I. Create an IAM user for each user of the application during the sign-up proces
- J. Use IAM authentication to access the API Gateway AP
- K. Use the Lambda function to store the photos in Amazon S3. Store the object's S3 key as part of the photo details in the DynamoDB tabl
- L. Retrieve previously uploaded photos by querying DynamoDB for the S3 key.
- M. Create a users table in DynamoD
- N. Use the table to manage user account
- O. Create a Lambda authorizer that validates user credentials against the users tabl
- P. Integrate the Lambda authorizer with API Gateway to control access to the AP
- Q. Use the Lambda function to store the photos in Amazon S3. Store the object's S3 key as par of the photo details in the DynamoDB tabl
- R. Retrieve previously uploaded photos by querying DynamoDB for the S3 key.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 5

An application uses Lambda functions to extract metadata from files uploaded to an S3 bucket; the metadata is stored in Amazon DynamoDB. The application starts behaving unexpectedly, and the developer wants to examine the logs of the Lambda function code for errors.

Based on this system configuration, where would the developer find the logs?

- A. Amazon S3
- B. AWS CloudTrail

- C. Amazon CloudWatch
- D. Amazon DynamoDB

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 6

A developer is building a new application on AWS. The application uses an AWS Lambda function that retrieves information from an Amazon DynamoDB table. The developer hard coded the DynamoDB table name into the Lambda function code. The table name might change over time. The developer does not want to modify the Lambda code if the table name changes.

Which solution will meet these requirements MOST efficiently?

- A. Create a Lambda environment variable to store the table nam
- B. Use the standard method for the programming language to retrieve the variable.
- C. Store the table name in a fil
- D. Store the file in the /tmp folde
- E. Use the SDK for the programming language to retrieve the table name.
- F. Create a file to store the table nam
- G. Zip the file and upload the file to the Lambda laye
- H. Use the SDK for the programming language to retrieve the table name.
- I. Create a global variable that is outside the handler in the Lambda function to store the table name.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 7

A developer has an application that makes batch requests directly to Amazon DynamoDB by using the BatchGetItem low-level API operation. The responses frequently return values in the UnprocessedKeys element.

Which actions should the developer take to increase the resiliency of the application when the batch response includes values in UnprocessedKeys? (Choose two.)

- A. Retry the batch operation immediately.
- B. Retry the batch operation with exponential backoff and randomized delay.
- C. Update the application to use an AWS software development kit (AWS SDK) to make the requests.
- D. Increase the provisioned read capacity of the DynamoDB tables that the operation accesses.
- E. Increase the provisioned write capacity of the DynamoDB tables that the operation accesses.

**Answer:** BD

#### NEW QUESTION 8

A developer has an application that stores data in an Amazon S3 bucket. The application uses an HTTP API to store and retrieve objects. When the PutObject API operation adds objects to the S3 bucket the developer must encrypt these objects at rest by using server-side encryption with Amazon S3 managed keys (SSE-S3).

Which solution will meet this requirement?

- A. Create an AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) ke
- B. Assign the KMS key to the S3 bucket.
- C. Set the x-amz-server-side-encryption header when invoking the PutObject API operation.
- D. Provide the encryption key in the HTTP header of every request.
- E. Apply TLS to encrypt the traffic to the S3 bucket.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 9

A developer is creating an AWS Lambda function that needs credentials to connect to an Amazon RDS for MySQL database. An Amazon S3 bucket currently stores the credentials. The developer needs to improve the existing solution by implementing credential rotation and secure storage. The developer also needs to provide integration with the Lambda function.

Which solution should the developer use to store and retrieve the credentials with the LEAST management overhead?

- A. Store the credentials in AWS Systems Manager Parameter Stor
- B. Select the database that the parameter will acces
- C. Use the default AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) key to encrypt the paramete
- D. Enable automatic rotation for the paramete
- E. Use the parameter from Parameter Store on the Lambda function to connect to the database.
- F. Encrypt the credentials with the default AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) ke
- G. Store the credentials as environment variables for the Lambda functio
- H. Create a second Lambda function to generate new credentials and to rotate the credentials by updating the environment variables of the first Lambda functio
- I. Invoke the second Lambda function by using an Amazon EventBridge rule that runs on a schedul
- J. Update the database to use the new credential
- K. On the first Lambda function, retrieve the credentials from the environment variable
- L. Decrypt the credentials by using AWS KMS, Connect to the database.
- M. Store the credentials in AWS Secrets Manage
- N. Set the secret type to Credentials for Amazon RDS databas
- O. Select the database that the secret will acces
- P. Use the default AWS Key Management Service(AWS KMS) key to encrypt the secre
- Q. Enable automatic rotation for the secre
- R. Use the secret from Secrets Manager on the Lambda function to connect to the database.
- S. Encrypt the credentials by using AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS). Store the credentials in an Amazon DynamoDB tabl
- T. Create a second Lambda function to rotate the credential
- . Invoke the second Lambda function by using an Amazon EventBridge rule that runs on a schedul
- . Update the DynamoDB tabl

- . Update the database to use the generated credential
- . Retrieve the credentials from DynamoDB with the first Lambda function
- . Connect to the database.

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 10

A developer is deploying a new application to Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS). The developer needs to securely store and retrieve different types of variables. These variables include authentication information for a remote API, the URL for the API, and credentials. The authentication information and API URL must be available to all current and future deployed versions of the application across development, testing, and production environments. How should the developer retrieve the variables with the FEWEST application changes?

- A. Update the application to retrieve the variables from AWS Systems Manager Parameter Store
- B. Use unique paths in Parameter Store for each variable in each environment
- C. Store the credentials in AWS Secrets Manager in each environment.
- D. Update the application to retrieve the variables from AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS). Store the API URL and credentials as unique keys for each environment.
- E. Update the application to retrieve the variables from an encrypted file that is stored with the application. Store the API URL and credentials in unique files for each environment.
- F. Update the application to retrieve the variables from each of the deployed environment
- G. Define the authentication information and API URL in the ECS task definition as unique names during the deployment process.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 10

A company is planning to securely manage one-time fixed license keys in AWS. The company's development team needs to access the license keys in automation scripts that run in Amazon EC2 instances and in AWS CloudFormation stacks. Which solution will meet these requirements MOST cost-effectively?

- A. Amazon S3 with encrypted files prefixed with "config"
- B. AWS Secrets Manager secrets with a tag that is named SecretString
- C. AWS Systems Manager Parameter Store SecureString parameters
- D. CloudFormation NoEcho parameters

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 11

An application is processing clickstream data using Amazon Kinesis. The clickstream data feed into Kinesis experiences periodic spikes. The PutRecords API call occasionally fails and the logs show that the failed call returns the response shown below:

```
{
  "FailedRecordCount": 1,
  "Records": [
    {
      "SequenceNumber": "21269319989900637946712965403778482371",
      "ShardId": "shardId-000000000001"
    },
    {
      "ErrorCode": "ProvisionedThroughputExceededException",
      "ErrorMessage": "Rate exceeded for shard shardId-000000000001 in
                        stream exampleStreamName under account 123456789."
    },
    {
      "SequenceNumber": "212693199899999637946712965403778482985",
      "ShardId": "shardId-000000000002"
    }
  ]
}
```

Which techniques will help mitigate this exception? (Choose two.)

- A. Which techniques will help mitigate this exception? (Choose two.)
- B. Use a PutRecord API instead of PutRecords.
- C. Reduce the frequency and/or size of the requests.
- D. Use Amazon SNS instead of Kinesis.
- E. Reduce the number of KCL consumers.

**Answer: AC**

#### NEW QUESTION 15

A developer is writing an AWS Lambda function. The developer wants to log key events that occur while the Lambda function runs. The developer wants to include a unique identifier to associate the events with a specific function invocation. The developer adds the following code to the Lambda function:

```
function handler(event, context) {
}
```



Which solution will meet this requirement?

- A. Obtain the request identifier from the AWS request ID field in the context object.
- B. Configure the application to write logs to standard output.
- C. Obtain the request identifier from the AWS request ID field in the event object.
- D. Configure the application to write logs to a file.
- E. Obtain the request identifier from the AWS request ID field in the event object.
- F. Configure the application to write logs to standard output.
- G. Obtain the request identifier from the AWS request ID field in the context object.
- H. Configure the application to write logs to a file.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 16

A developer is testing a new file storage application that uses an Amazon CloudFront distribution to serve content from an Amazon S3 bucket. The distribution accesses the S3 bucket by using an origin access identity (OAI). The S3 bucket's permissions explicitly deny access to all other users. The application prompts users to authenticate on a login page and then uses signed cookies to allow users to access their personal storage directories. The developer has configured the distribution to use its default cache behavior with restricted viewer access and has set the origin to point to the S3 bucket. However, when the developer tries to navigate to the login page, the developer receives a 403 Forbidden error. The developer needs to implement a solution to allow unauthenticated access to the login page. The solution also must keep all private content secure. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Add a second cache behavior to the distribution with the same origin as the default cache behavior and make viewer access unrestricted.
- B. Set the path pattern for the second cache behavior to the path of the login page, and make viewer access unrestricted.
- C. Keep the default cache behavior's settings unchanged.
- D. Add a second cache behavior to the distribution with the same origin as the default cache behavior and make viewer access restricted.
- E. Set the path pattern for the second cache behavior to \*, and make viewer access restricted.
- F. Change the default cache behavior's path pattern to the path of the login page, and make viewer access unrestricted.
- G. Add a second origin as a failover origin to the default cache behavior.
- H. Point the failover origin to the S3 bucket.
- I. Set the path pattern for the primary origin to \*, and make viewer access restricted.
- J. Set the path pattern for the failover origin to the path of the login page, and make viewer access unrestricted.
- K. Add a bucket policy to the S3 bucket to allow read access.
- L. Set the resource on the policy to the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the login page object in the S3 bucket.
- M. Add a CloudFront function to the default cache behavior to redirect unauthorized requests to the login page's S3 URL.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 17

A company receives food orders from multiple partners. The company has a microservices application that uses Amazon API Gateway APIs with AWS Lambda integration. Each partner sends orders by calling a customized API that is exposed through API Gateway. The API call invokes a shared Lambda function to process the orders.

Partners need to be notified after the Lambda function processes the orders. Each partner must receive updates for only the partner's own orders. The company wants to add new partners in the future with the fewest code changes possible.

Which solution will meet these requirements in the MOST scalable way?

- A. Create a different Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic for each partner.
- B. Configure the Lambda function to publish messages for each partner to the partner's SNS topic.
- C. Create a different Lambda function for each partner.
- D. Configure the Lambda function to notify each partner's service endpoint directly.
- E. Create an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic.
- F. Configure the Lambda function to publish messages with specific attributes to the SNS topic.
- G. Subscribe each partner to the SNS topic.
- H. Apply the appropriate filter policy to the topic subscriptions.
- I. Create one Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic.
- J. Subscribe all partners to the SNS topic.

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 22

A company wants to deploy and maintain static websites on AWS. Each website's source code is hosted in one of several version control systems, including AWS CodeCommit, Bitbucket, and GitHub.

The company wants to implement phased releases by using development, staging, user acceptance testing, and production environments in the AWS Cloud. Deployments to each environment must be started by code merges on the relevant Git branch. The company wants to use HTTPS for all data exchange. The company needs a solution that does not require servers to run continuously.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Host each website by using AWS Amplify with a serverless backend.
- B. Connect the repository branches that correspond to each of the desired environments.
- C. Start deployments by merging code changes to a desired branch.
- D. Host each website in AWS Elastic Beanstalk with multiple environments.
- E. Use the EB CLI to link each repository branch.
- F. Integrate AWS CodePipeline to automate deployments from version control code merges.
- G. Host each website in different Amazon S3 buckets for each environment.
- H. Configure AWS CodePipeline to pull source code from version control.
- I. Add an AWS CodeBuild stage to copy source code to Amazon S3.
- J. Host each website on its own Amazon EC2 instance.
- K. Write a custom deployment script to bundle each website's static assets.
- L. Copy the assets to Amazon EC2. Set up a workflow to run the script when code is merged.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 26

For a deployment using AWS Code Deploy, what is the run order of the hooks for in-place deployments?

- A. BeforeInstall -> ApplicationStop -> ApplicationStart -> AfterInstall
- B. ApplicationStop -> BeforeInstall -> AfterInstall -> ApplicationStart
- C. BeforeInstall -> ApplicationStop -> ValidateService -> ApplicationStart
- D. ApplicationStop -> BeforeInstall -> ValidateService -> ApplicationStart

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 27

A developer is creating a mobile app that calls a backend service by using an Amazon API Gateway REST API. For integration testing during the development phase, the developer wants to simulate different backend responses without invoking the backend service. Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Create an AWS Lambda function
- B. Use API Gateway proxy integration to return constant HTTP responses.
- C. Create an Amazon EC2 instance that serves the backend REST API by using an AWS CloudFormation template.
- D. Customize the API Gateway stage to select a response type based on the request.
- E. Use a request mapping template to select the mock integration response.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 28

A company is building a scalable data management solution by using AWS services to improve the speed and agility of development. The solution will ingest large volumes of data from various sources and will process this data through multiple business rules and transformations. The solution requires business rules to run in sequence and to handle reprocessing of data if errors occur when the business rules run. The company needs the solution to be scalable and to require the least possible maintenance. Which AWS service should the company use to manage and automate the orchestration of the data flows to meet these requirements?

- A. AWS Batch
- B. AWS Step Functions
- C. AWS Glue
- D. AWS Lambda

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 30

A developer is using AWS Amplify Hosting to build and deploy an application. The developer is receiving an increased number of bug reports from users. The developer wants to add end-to-end testing to the application to eliminate as many bugs as possible before the bugs reach production. Which solution should the developer implement to meet these requirements?

- A. Run the amplify add test command in the Amplify CLI.
- B. Create unit tests in the application
- C. Deploy the unit tests by using the amplify push command in the Amplify CLI.
- D. Add a test phase to the amplify.yml build settings for the application.
- E. Add a test phase to the aws-exports.js file for the application.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 35

A development team wants to build a continuous integration/continuous delivery (CI/CD) pipeline. The team is using AWS CodePipeline to automate the code build and deployment. The team wants to store the program code to prepare for the CI/CD pipeline. Which AWS service should the team use to store the program code?

- A. AWS CodeDeploy
- B. AWS CodeArtifact
- C. AWS CodeCommit
- D. Amazon CodeGuru

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 40

A developer is creating an application that will be deployed on IoT devices. The application will send data to a RESTful API that is deployed as an AWS Lambda function. The application will assign each API request a unique identifier. The volume of API requests from the application can randomly increase at any given time of day. During periods of request throttling, the application might need to retry requests. The API must be able to handle duplicate requests without inconsistencies or data loss. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Create an Amazon RDS for MySQL DB instance
- B. Store the unique identifier for each request in a database table
- C. Modify the Lambda function to check the table for the identifier before processing the request.
- D. Create an Amazon DynamoDB table
- E. Store the unique identifier for each request in the table

- F. Modify the Lambda function to check the table for the identifier before processing the request.
- G. Create an Amazon DynamoDB tabl
- H. Store the unique identifier for each request in the tabl
- I. Modify the Lambda function to return a client error response when the function receives a duplicate request.
- J. Create an Amazon ElastiCache for Memcached instanc
- K. Store the unique identifier for each request in the cach
- L. Modify the Lambda function to check the cache for the identifier before processing the request.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 43

A developer is deploying an AWS Lambda function The developer wants the ability to return to older versions of the function quickly and seamlessly. How can the developer achieve this goal with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Use AWS OpsWorks to perform blue/green deployments.
- B. Use a function alias with different versions.
- C. Maintain deployment packages for older versions in Amazon S3.
- D. Use AWS CodePipeline for deployments and rollbacks.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 47

A development team maintains a web application by using a single AWS CloudFormation template. The template defines web servers and an Amazon RDS database. The team uses the Cloud Formation template to deploy the Cloud Formation stack to different environments. During a recent application deployment, a developer caused the primary development database to be dropped and recreated. The result of this incident was a loss of data. The team needs to avoid accidental database deletion in the future. Which solutions will meet these requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. Add a CloudFormation Deletion Policy attribute with the Retain value to the database resource.
- B. Update the CloudFormation stack policy to prevent updates to the database.
- C. Modify the database to use a Multi-AZ deployment.
- D. Create a CloudFormation stack set for the web application and database deployments.
- E. Add a Cloud Formation DeletionPolicy attribute with the Retain value to the stack.

**Answer:** AD

#### NEW QUESTION 50

A company is building a web application on AWS. When a customer sends a request, the application will generate reports and then make the reports available to the customer within one hour. Reports should be accessible to the customer for 8 hours. Some reports are larger than 1 MB. Each report is unique to the customer. The application should delete all reports that are older than 2 days. Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Generate the reports and then store the reports as Amazon DynamoDB items that have a specified TT
- B. Generate a URL that retrieves the reports from DynamoD
- C. Provide the URL to customers through the web application.
- D. Generate the reports and then store the reports in an Amazon S3 bucket that uses server-side encryption.Attach the reports to an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) messag
- E. Subscribe the customer to email notifications from Amazon SNS.
- F. Generate the reports and then store the reports in an Amazon S3 bucket that uses server-side encryption.Generate a presigned URL that contains an expiration date Provide the URL to customers through the web applicatio
- G. Add S3 Lifecycle configuration rules to the S3 bucket to delete old reports.
- H. Generate the reports and then store the reports in an Amazon RDS database with a date stam
- I. Generate an URL that retrieves the reports from the RDS databas
- J. Provide the URL to customers through the web applicatio
- K. Schedule an hourly AWS Lambda function to delete database records that have expired date stamps.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 55

An application uses an Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling group. A developer notices that EC2 instances are taking a long time to become available during scale-out events. The UserData script is taking a long time to run. The developer must implement a solution to decrease the time that elapses before an EC2 instance becomes available. The solution must make the most recent version of the application available at all times and must apply all available security updates. The solution also must minimize the number of images that are created. The images must be validated. Which combination of steps should the developer take to meet these requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. Use EC2 Image Builder to create an Amazon Machine Image (AMI). Install all the patches and agents that are needed to manage and run the applicatio
- B. Update the Auto Scaling group launch configuration to use the AMI.
- C. Use EC2 Image Builder to create an Amazon Machine Image (AMI). Install the latest version of the application and all the patches and agents that are needed to manage and run the applicatio
- D. Update the Auto Scaling group launch configuration to use the AMI.
- E. Set up AWS CodeDeploy to deploy the most recent version of the application at runtime.
- F. Set up AWS CodePipeline to deploy the most recent version of the application at runtime.
- G. Remove any commands that perform operating system patching from the UserData script.

**Answer:** AB

#### NEW QUESTION 58

A company has a multi-node Windows legacy application that runs on premises. The application uses a network shared folder as a centralized configuration repository to store configuration files in .xml format. The company is migrating the application to Amazon EC2 instances. As part of the migration to AWS, a developer must identify a solution that provides high availability for the repository. Which solution will meet this requirement MOST cost-effectively?

- A. Mount an Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volume onto one of the EC2 instance
- B. Deploy a file system on the EBS volum
- C. Use the host operating system to share a folde
- D. Update the application code to read and write configuration files from the shared folder.
- E. Deploy a micro EC2 instance with an instance store volum
- F. Use the host operating system to share a folde
- G. Update the application code to read and write configuration files from the shared folder.
- H. Create an Amazon S3 bucket to host the repositor
- I. Migrate the existing .xml files to the S3 bucket.Update the application code to use the AWS SDK to read and write configuration files from Amazon S3.
- J. Create an Amazon S3 bucket to host the repositor
- K. Migrate the existing .xml files to the S3 bucket.Mount the S3 bucket to the EC2 instances as a local volum
- L. Update the application code to read andwrite configuration files from the disk.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 61

A developer is creating an AWS CloudFormation template to deploy Amazon EC2 instances across multiple AWS accounts. The developer must choose the EC2 instances from a list of approved instance types.

How can the developer incorporate the list of approved instance types in the CloudFormation template?

- A. Create a separate CloudFormation template for each EC2 instance type in the list.
- B. In the Resources section of the CloudFormation template, create resources for each EC2 instance type in the list.
- C. In the CloudFormation template, create a separate parameter for each EC2 instance type in the list.
- D. In the CloudFormation template, create a parameter with the list of EC2 instance types as AllowedValues.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 65

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