



Google

Exam Questions Professional-Cloud-Architect

Google Certified Professional - Cloud Architect (GCP)

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NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 1)

For this question, refer to the Mountkirk Games case study.

Mountkirk Games has deployed their new backend on Google Cloud Platform (GCP). You want to create a thorough testing process for new versions of the backend before they are released to the public. You want the testing environment to scale in an economical way. How should you design the process?

- A. Create a scalable environment in GCP for simulating production load.
- B. Use the existing infrastructure to test the GCP-based backend at scale.
- C. Build stress tests into each component of your application using resources internal to GCP to simulate load.
- D. Create a set of static environments in GCP to test different levels of load — for example, high, medium, and low.

Answer: A

Explanation:

From scenario: Requirements for Game Backend Platform

Dynamically scale up or down based on game activity

Connect to a managed NoSQL database service

Run customize Linux distro

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 1)

For this question, refer to the Mountkirk Games case study.

Mountkirk Games' gaming servers are not automatically scaling properly. Last month, they rolled out a new feature, which suddenly became very popular. A record number of users are trying to use the service, but many of them are getting 503 errors and very slow response times. What should they investigate first?

- A. Verify that the database is online.
- B. Verify that the project quota hasn't been exceeded.
- C. Verify that the new feature code did not introduce any performance bugs.
- D. Verify that the load-testing team is not running their tool against production.

Answer: B

Explanation:

* 503 is service unavailable error. If the database was online everyone would get the 503 error. https://cloud.google.com/docs/quota#capping_usage

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 2)

For this question refer to the TerramEarth case study

Operational parameters such as oil pressure are adjustable on each of TerramEarth's vehicles to increase their efficiency, depending on their environmental conditions. Your primary goal is to increase the operating efficiency of all 20 million cellular and unconnected vehicles in the field How can you accomplish this goal?

- A. Have your engineers inspect the data for patterns, and then create an algorithm with rules that make operational adjustments automatically.
- B. Capture all operating data, train machine learning models that identify ideal operations, and run locally to make operational adjustments automatically.
- C. Implement a Google Cloud Dataflow streaming job with a sliding window, and use Google Cloud Messaging (GCM) to make operational adjustments automatically.
- D. Capture all operating data, train machine learning models that identify ideal operations, and host in Google Cloud Machine Learning (ML) Platform to make operational adjustments automatically.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 4)

The current Dress4win system architecture has high latency to some customers because it is located in one data center.

As of a future evaluation and optimizing for performance in the cloud, Dress4win wants to distribute it's system architecture to multiple locations when Google cloud platform. Which approach should they use?

- A. Use regional managed instance groups and a global load balancer to increase performance because the regional managed instance group can grow instances in each region separately based on traffic.
- B. Use a global load balancer with a set of virtual machines that forward the requests to a closer group of virtual machines managed by your operations team.
- C. Use regional managed instance groups and a global load balancer to increase reliability by providing automatic failover between zones in different regions.
- D. Use a global load balancer with a set of virtual machines that forward the requests to a closer group of virtual machines as part of a separate managed instance groups.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an application that will run on Compute Engine. You need to design an architecture that takes into account a disaster recovery plan that requires your application to fail over to another region in case of a regional outage. What should you do?

- A. Deploy the application on two Compute Engine instances in the same project but in a different region. Use the first instance to serve traffic, and use the HTTP

load balancing service to fail over to the standby instance in case of a disaster.

B. Deploy the application on a Compute Engine instance

C. Use the instance to serve traffic, and use the HTTP load balancing service to fail over to an instance on your premises in case of a disaster.

D. Deploy the application on two Compute Engine instance groups, each in the same project but in a different region

E. Use the first instance group to serve traffic, and use the HTTP load balancing service to fail over to the standby instance group in case of a disaster.

F. Deploy the application on two Compute Engine instance groups, each in separate project and a different region

G. Use the first instance group to serve traffic, and use the HTTP load balancing service to fail over to the standby instance in case of a disaster.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your customer runs a web service used by e-commerce sites to offer product recommendations to users. The company has begun experimenting with a machine learning model on Google Cloud Platform to improve the quality of results.

What should the customer do to improve their model's results over time?

A. Export Cloud Machine Learning Engine performance metrics from Stackdriver to BigQuery, to be used to analyze the efficiency of the model.

B. Build a roadmap to move the machine learning model training from Cloud GPUs to Cloud TPUs, which offer better results.

C. Monitor Compute Engine announcements for availability of newer CPU architectures, and deploy the model to them as soon as they are available for additional performance.

D. Save a history of recommendations and results of the recommendations in BigQuery, to be used as training data.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/solutions/building-a-serverless-ml-model>

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 5)

You want to make a copy of a production Linux virtual machine in the US-Central region. You want to manage and replace the copy easily if there are changes on the production virtual machine. You will deploy the copy as a new instances in a different project in the US-East region. What steps must you take?

A. Use the Linux dd and netcat command to copy and stream the root disk contents to a new virtual machine instance in the US-East region.

B. Create a snapshot of the root disk and select the snapshot as the root disk when you create a new virtual machine instance in the US-East region.

C. Create an image file from the root disk with Linux dd command, create a new disk from the image file, and use it to create a new virtual machine instance in the US-East region

D. Create a snapshot of the root disk, create an image file in Google Cloud Storage from the snapshot, and create a new virtual machine instance in the US-East region using the image file for the root disk.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/36441423/migrate-google-compute-engine-instance-to-a-different-region>

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 5)

You deploy your custom Java application to Google App Engine. It fails to deploy and gives you the following stack trace.

What should you do?

A. Upload missing JAR files and redeploy your application.

B. Digitally sign all of your JAR files and redeploy your application

C. Recompile the CLoakedServlet class using and MD5 hash instead of SHA1

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are helping the QA team to roll out a new load-testing tool to test the scalability of your primary cloud services that run on Google Compute Engine with Cloud Bigtable. Which three requirements should they include? Choose 3 answers

A. Ensure that the load tests validate the performance of Cloud Bigtable.

B. Create a separate Google Cloud project to use for the load-testing environment.

C. Schedule the load-testing tool to regularly run against the production environment.

D. Ensure all third-party systems your services use are capable of handling high load.

E. Instrument the production services to record every transaction for replay by the load-testing tool.

F. Instrument the load-testing tool and the target services with detailed logging and metrics collection.

Answer: ABF

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

A lead engineer wrote a custom tool that deploys virtual machines in the legacy data center. He wants to migrate the custom tool to the new cloud environment

You want to advocate for the adoption of Google Cloud Deployment Manager What are two business risks of migrating to Cloud Deployment Manager? Choose 2 answers

A. Cloud Deployment Manager uses Python.

B. Cloud Deployment Manager APIs could be deprecated in the future.

- C. Cloud Deployment Manager is unfamiliar to the company's engineers.
- D. Cloud Deployment Manager requires a Google APIs service account to run.
- E. Cloud Deployment Manager can be used to permanently delete cloud resources.
- F. Cloud Deployment Manager only supports automation of Google Cloud resources.

Answer: CF

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/deployment-manager/docs/deployments/deleting-deployments>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an App Engine application that needs to be updated. You want to test the update with production traffic before replacing the current application version. What should you do?

- A. Deploy the update using the Instance Group Updater to create a partial rollout, which allows for canary testing.
- B. Deploy the update as a new version in the App Engine application, and split traffic between the new and current versions.
- C. Deploy the update in a new VPC, and use Google's global HTTP load balancing to split traffic between the update and current applications.
- D. Deploy the update as a new App Engine application, and use Google's global HTTP load balancing to split traffic between the new and current applications.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/standard/python/splitting-traffic>

NEW QUESTION 13

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have been asked to select the storage system for the click-data of your company's large portfolio of websites. This data is streamed in from a custom website analytics package at a typical rate of 6,000 clicks per minute, with bursts of up to 8,500 clicks per second. It must be stored for future analysis by your data science and user experience teams. Which storage infrastructure should you choose?

- A. Google Cloud SQL
- B. Google Cloud Bigtable
- C. Google Cloud Storage
- D. Google cloud Datastore

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/bigquery/docs/loading-data-cloud-storage>

NEW QUESTION 14

- (Exam Topic 5)

You created a pipeline that can deploy your source code changes to your infrastructure in instance groups for self healing. One of the changes negatively affects your key performance indicator. You are not sure how to fix it and investigation could take up to a week. What should you do

- A. Log in to a server, and iterate a fix locally
- B. Change the instance group template to the previous one, and delete all instances.
- C. Revert the source code change and rerun the deployment pipeline
- D. Log into the servers with the bad code change, and swap in the previous code

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 16

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company's test suite is a custom C++ application that runs tests throughout each day on Linux virtual machines. The full test suite takes several hours to complete, running on a limited number of on premises servers reserved for testing. Your company wants to move the testing infrastructure to the cloud, to reduce the amount of time it takes to fully test a change to the system, while changing the tests as little as possible. Which cloud infrastructure should you recommend?

- A. Google Compute Engine unmanaged instance groups and Network Load Balancer
- B. Google Compute Engine managed instance groups with auto-scaling
- C. Google Cloud Dataproc to run Apache Hadoop jobs to process each test
- D. Google App Engine with Google Stackdriver for logging

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/compute/docs/instance-groups/>

Google Compute Engine enables users to launch virtual machines (VMs) on demand. VMs can be launched from the standard images or custom images created by users.

Managed instance groups offer autoscaling capabilities that allow you to automatically add or remove instances from a managed instance group based on increases or decreases in load. Autoscaling helps your applications gracefully handle increases in traffic and reduces cost when the need for resources is lower.

NEW QUESTION 19

- (Exam Topic 5)

You want to establish a Compute Engine application in a single VPC across two regions. The application must communicate over VPN to an on-premises network. How should you deploy the VPN?

- A. Use VPC Network Peering between the VPC and the on-premises network.
- B. Expose the VPC to the on-premises network using IAM and VPC Sharing.
- C. Create a global Cloud VPN Gateway with VPN tunnels from each region to the on-premises peer gateway.
- D. Deploy Cloud VPN Gateway in each regio
- E. Ensure that each region has at least one VPN tunnel to the on-premises peer gateway.

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/vpn/docs/how-to/creating-static-vpns>

NEW QUESTION 22

- (Exam Topic 5)

A development manager is building a new application He asks you to review his requirements and identify what cloud technologies he can use to meet them. The application must

- * 1. Be based on open-source technology for cloud portability
- * 2. Dynamically scale compute capacity based on demand
- * 3. Support continuous software delivery
- * 4. Run multiple segregated copies of the same application stack
- * 5. Deploy application bundles using dynamic templates
- * 6. Route network traffic to specific services based on URL

Which combination of technologies will meet all of his requirements?

- A. Google Container Engine, Jenkins, and Helm
- B. Google Container Engine and Cloud Load Balancing
- C. Google Compute Engine and Cloud Deployment Manager
- D. Google Compute Engine, Jenkins, and Cloud Load Balancing

Answer: A

Explanation:

Helm for managing Kubernetes

Kubernetes can base on the URL to route traffic to different location (path) <https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/tutorials/http-balancer> eg.apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1beta1

kind: Ingress metadata:

name: fanout-ingress spec:

rules:

- http: paths:

- path: /* backend: serviceName: web servicePort: 8080

- path: /v2/* backend: serviceName: web2 servicePort: 8080

NEW QUESTION 26

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your organization has a 3-tier web application deployed in the same network on Google Cloud Platform. Each tier (web, API, and database) scales independently of the others Network traffic should flow through the web to the API tier and then on to the database tier. Traffic should not flow between the web and the database tier. How should you configure the network?

- A. Add each tier to a different subnetwork.
- B. Set up software based firewalls on individual VMs.
- C. Add tags to each tier and set up routes to allow the desired traffic flow.
- D. Add tags to each tier and set up firewall rules to allow the desired traffic flow.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/aws/building-three-tier-architectures-with-security-groups/>

Google Cloud Platform(GCP) enforces firewall rules through rules and tags. GCP rules and tags can be defined once and used across all regions.

References: <https://cloud.google.com/docs/compare/openstack/> <https://aws.amazon.com/it/blogs/aws/building-three-tier-architectures-with-security-groups/>

NEW QUESTION 31

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design a solution for global load balancing based on the URL path being requested. You need to ensure operations reliability and end-to-end in-transit encryption based on Google best practices.

What should you do?

- A. Create a cross-region load balancer with URL Maps.
- B. Create an HTTPS load balancer with URL maps.
- C. Create appropriate instance groups and instance
- D. Configure SSL proxy load balancing.
- E. Create a global forwarding rul
- F. Configure SSL proxy balancing.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference <https://cloud.google.com/load-balancing/docs/https/url-map>

NEW QUESTION 34

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an application that makes HTTP requests to Cloud Storage. Occasionally the requests fail with HTTP status codes of 5xx and 429. How should you handle these types of errors?

- A. Use gRPC instead of HTTP for better performance.
- B. Implement retry logic using a truncated exponential backoff strategy.
- C. Make sure the Cloud Storage bucket is multi-regional for geo-redundancy.
- D. Monitor <https://status.cloud.google.com/feed.atom> and only make requests if Cloud Storage is not reporting an incident.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/json_api/v1/status-codes

NEW QUESTION 39

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company is migrating its on-premises data center into the cloud. As part of the migration, you want to integrate Kubernetes Engine for workload orchestration. Parts of your architecture must also be PCI DSScompliant. Which of the following is most accurate?

- A. App Engine is the only compute platform on GCP that is certified for PCI DSS hosting.
- B. Kubernetes Engine cannot be used under PCI DSS because it is considered shared hosting.
- C. Kubernetes Engine and GCP provide the tools you need to build a PCI DSS-compliant environment.
- D. All Google Cloud services are usable because Google Cloud Platform is certified PCI-compliant.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/security/compliance/pci-dss>

NEW QUESTION 40

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company places a high value on being responsive and meeting customer needs quickly. Their primary business objectives are release speed and agility. You want to reduce the chance of security errors being accidentally introduced. Which two actions can you take? Choose 2 answers

- A. Ensure every code check-in is peer reviewed by a security SME.
- B. Use source code security analyzers as part of the CI/CD pipeline.
- C. Ensure you have stubs to unit test all interfaces between components.
- D. Enable code signing and a trusted binary repository integrated with your CI/CD pipeline.
- E. Run a vulnerability security scanner as part of your continuous-integration /continuous-delivery (CI/CD) pipeline.

Answer: BE

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/vsts/articles/security-validation-cicd-pipeline?view=vsts>

NEW QUESTION 44

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your customer is moving an existing corporate application to Google Cloud Platform from an on-premises data center. The business owners require minimal user disruption. There are strict security team requirements for storing passwords. What authentication strategy should they use?

- A. Use G Suite Password Sync to replicate passwords into Google.
- B. Federate authentication via SAML 2.0 to the existing Identity Provider.
- C. Provision users in Google using the Google Cloud Directory Sync tool.
- D. Ask users to set their Google password to match their corporate password.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/solutions/authenticating-corporate-users-in-a-hybrid-environment>

NEW QUESTION 45

- (Exam Topic 5)

A news teed web service has the following code running on Google App Engine. During peak load, users report that they can see news articles they already viewed. What is the most likely cause of this problem?

- A. The session variable is local to just a single instance.
- B. The session variable is being overwritten in Cloud Datastore.
- C. The URL of the API needs to be modified to prevent caching.
- D. The HTTP Expires header needs to be set to -1 to stop caching.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/3164280/google-app-engine-cache-list-in-session-variable?rq=1>

NEW QUESTION 47

- (Exam Topic 5)

You set up an autoscaling instance group to serve web traffic for an upcoming launch. After configuring the instance group as a backend service to an HTTP(S) load balancer, you notice that virtual machine (VM) instances are being terminated and re-launched every minute. The instances do not have a public IP address. You have verified the appropriate web response is coming from each instance using the curl command. You want to ensure the backend is configured correctly. What should you do?

- A. Ensure that a firewall rule exists to allow source traffic on HTTP/HTTPS to reach the load balancer.
- B. Assign a public IP to each instance and configure a firewall rule to allow the load balancer to reach the instance public IP.
- C. Ensure that a firewall rule exists to allow load balancer health checks to reach the instances in the instance group.
- D. Create a tag on each instance with the name of the load balance
- E. Configure a firewall rule with the name of the load balancer as the source and the instance tag as the destination.

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/vpc/docs/using-firewalls>

The best practice when configuration a health check is to check health and serve traffic on the same port. However, it is possible to perform health checks on one port, but serve traffic on another. If you do use two different ports, ensure that firewall rules and services running on instances are configured appropriately. If you run health checks and serve traffic on the same port, but decide to switch ports at some point, be sure to update both the backend service and the health check. Backend services that do not have a valid global forwarding rule referencing it will not be health checked and will have no health status.

References: <https://cloud.google.com/compute/docs/load-balancing/http/backend-service>

NEW QUESTION 50

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company's user-feedback portal comprises a standard LAMP stack replicated across two zones. It is deployed in the us-central1 region and uses autoscaled managed instance groups on all layers, except the database. Currently, only a small group of select customers have access to the portal. The portal meets a 99.99% availability SLA under these conditions. However, next quarter, your company will be making the portal available to all users, including unauthenticated users. You need to develop a resiliency testing strategy to ensure the system maintains the SLA once they introduce additional user load. What should you do?

- A. Capture existing users input, and replay captured user load until autoscale is triggered on all layer
- B. At the same time, terminate all resources in one of the zones.
- C. Create synthetic random user input, replay synthetic load until autoscale logic is triggered on at least one layer, and introduce "chaos" to the system by terminating random resources on both zones.
- D. Expose the new system to a larger group of users, and increase group ' size each day until autoscale logic is triggered on all layer
- E. At the same time, terminate random resources on both zones.
- F. Capture existing users input, and replay captured user load until resource utilization crosses 80%. Also, derive estimated number of users based on existing users usage of the app, and deploy enough resources to handle 200% of expected load.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 52

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your organization wants to control IAM policies for different departments independently, but centrally. Which approach should you take?

- A. Multiple Organizations with multiple Folders
- B. Multiple Organizations, one for each department
- C. A single Organization with Folder for each department
- D. A single Organization with multiple projects, each with a central owner

Answer: C

Explanation:

Folders are nodes in the Cloud Platform Resource Hierarchy. A folder can contain projects, other folders, or a combination of both. You can use folders to group projects under an organization in a hierarchy. For example, your organization might contain multiple departments, each with its own set of GCP resources. Folders allow you to group these resources on a per-department basis. Folders are used to group resources that share common IAM policies. While a folder can contain multiple folders or resources, a given folder or resource can have exactly one parent.

References: <https://cloud.google.com/resource-manager/docs/creating-managing-folders>

NEW QUESTION 53

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your customer wants to capture multiple GBs of aggregate real-time key performance indicators (KPIs) from their game servers running on Google Cloud Platform and monitor the KPIs with low latency. How should they capture the KPIs?

- A. Store time-series data from the game servers in Google Bigtable, and view it using Google Data Studio.
- B. Output custom metrics to Stackdriver from the game servers, and create a Dashboard in Stackdriver Monitoring Console to view them.
- C. Schedule BigQuery load jobs to ingest analytics files uploaded to Cloud Storage every ten minutes, and visualize the results in Google Data Studio.
- D. Insert the KPIs into Cloud Datastore entities, and run ad hoc analysis and visualizations of them in Cloud Data

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/monitoring/api/v3/metrics-details#metric-kinds>

NEW QUESTION 57

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are using Cloud SQL as the database backend for a large CRM deployment. You want to scale as usage increases and ensure that you don't run out of storage, maintain 75% CPU usage cores, and keep replication lag below 60 seconds. What are the correct steps to meet your requirements?

- A. 1) Enable automatic storage increase for the instance.2) Create a Stackdriver alert when CPU usage exceeds 75%, and change the instance type to reduce CPU usage.3) Create a Stackdriver alert for replication lag, and shard the database to reduce replication time.
- B. 1) Enable automatic storage increase for the instance.2) Change the instance type to a 32-core machine type to keep CPU usage below 75%.3) Create a Stackdriver alert for replication lag, and shard the database to reduce replication time.
- C. 1) Create a Stackdriver alert when storage exceeds 75%, and increase the available storage on the instance to create more space.2) Deploy memcached to reduce CPU load.3) Change the instance type to a 32-core machine type to reduce replication lag.
- D. 1) Create a Stackdriver alert when storage exceeds 75%, and increase the available storage on the instance to create more space.2) Deploy memcached to reduce CPU load.3) Create a Stackdriver alert for replication lag, and change the instance type to a 32-core machine type to reduce replication lag.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 62

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company runs several databases on a single MySQL instance. They need to take backups of a specific database at regular intervals. The backup activity needs to complete as quickly as possible and cannot be allowed to impact disk performance. How should you configure the storage?

- A. Configure a cron job to use the gcloud tool to take regular backups using persistent disk snapshots.
- B. Mount a Local SSD volume as the backup location.
- C. After the backup is complete, use gsutil to move the backup to Google Cloud Storage.
- D. Use gcsfuse to mount a Google Cloud Storage bucket as a volume directly on the instance and write backups to the mounted location using mysqldump.
- E. Mount additional persistent disk volumes onto each virtual machine (VM) instance in a RAID10 array and use LVM to create snapshots to send to Cloud Storage.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/compute/docs/instances/sql-server/best-practices>

NEW QUESTION 66

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to upload files from your on-premises environment to Cloud Storage. You want the files to be encrypted on Cloud Storage using customer-supplied encryption keys. What should you do?

- A. Supply the encryption key in a .boto configuration file.
- B. Use gsutil to upload the files.
- C. Supply the encryption key using gcloud config.
- D. Use gsutil to upload the files to that bucket.
- E. Use gsutil to upload the files, and use the flag --encryption-key to supply the encryption key.
- F. Use gsutil to create a bucket, and use the flag --encryption-key to supply the encryption key.
- G. Use gsutil to upload the files to that bucket.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/encryption/customer-supplied-keys#gsutil>

NEW QUESTION 68

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to develop procedures to verify resilience of disaster recovery for remote recovery using GCP. Your production environment is hosted on-premises. You need to establish a secure, redundant connection between your on-premises network and the GCP network. What should you do?

- A. Verify that Dedicated Interconnect can replicate files to GCP.
- B. Verify that direct peering can establish a secure connection between your networks if Dedicated Interconnect fails.
- C. Verify that Dedicated Interconnect can replicate files to GCP.
- D. Verify that Cloud VPN can establish a secure connection between your networks if Dedicated Interconnect fails.
- E. Verify that the Transfer Appliance can replicate files to GCP.
- F. Verify that direct peering can establish a secure connection between your networks if the Transfer Appliance fails.
- G. Verify that the Transfer Appliance can replicate files to GCP.
- H. Verify that Cloud VPN can establish a secure connection between your networks if the Transfer Appliance fails.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/interconnect/docs/how-to/direct-peering>

NEW QUESTION 69

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are creating a solution to remove backup files older than 90 days from your backup Cloud Storage bucket. You want to optimize ongoing Cloud Storage spend. What should you do?

- A. Write a lifecycle management rule in XML and push it to the bucket with gsutil.
- B. Write a lifecycle management rule in JSON and push it to the bucket with gsutil.
- C. Schedule a cron script using gsutil ls -lr gs://backups/** to find and remove items older than 90 days.
- D. Schedule a cron script using gsutil ls -1 gs://backups/** to find and remove items older than 90 days and schedule it with cron.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/gsutil/commands/lifecycle>

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Exam Topic 5)

One of the developers on your team deployed their application in Google Container Engine with the Dockerfile below. They report that their application deployments are taking too long.

You want to optimize this Dockerfile for faster deployment times without adversely affecting the app's functionality. Which two actions should you take? Choose 2 answers.

- A. Remove Python after running pip.
- B. Remove dependencies from requirements.txt.
- C. Use a slimmed-down base image like Alpine linux.
- D. Use larger machine types for your Google Container Engine node pools.
- E. Copy the source after the package dependencies (Python and pip) are installed.

Answer: CE

Explanation:

The speed of deployment can be changed by limiting the size of the uploaded app, limiting the complexity of the build necessary in the Dockerfile, if present, and by ensuring a fast and reliable internet connection.

Note: Alpine Linux is built around musl libc and busybox. This makes it smaller and more resource efficient than traditional GNU/Linux distributions. A container requires no more than 8 MB and a minimal installation to disk requires around 130 MB of storage. Not only do you get a fully-fledged Linux environment but a large selection of packages from the repository.

References: <https://groups.google.com/forum/#!topic/google-appengine/hZMEkmmObDU> <https://www.alpinelinux.org/about/>

NEW QUESTION 74

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to set up Microsoft SQL Server on GCP. Management requires that there's no downtime in case of a data center outage in any of the zones within a GCP region. What should you do?

- A. Configure a Cloud SQL instance with high availability enabled.
- B. Configure a Cloud Spanner instance with a regional instance configuration.
- C. Set up SQL Server on Compute Engine, using Always On Availability Groups using Windows Failover Clusterin
- D. Place nodes in different subnets.
- E. Set up SQL Server Always On Availability Groups using Windows Failover Clusterin
- F. Place nodes in different zones.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/sqlserver/configure-ha>

NEW QUESTION 76

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has successfully migrated to the cloud and wants to analyze their data stream to optimize operations. They do not have any existing code for this analysis, so they are exploring all their options. These options include a mix of batch and stream processing, as they are running some hourly jobs and live-processing some data as it comes in. Which technology should they use for this?

- A. Google Cloud Dataproc
- B. Google Cloud Dataflow
- C. Google Container Engine with Bigtable
- D. Google Compute Engine with Google BigQuery

Answer: B

Explanation:

Dataflow is for processing both the Batch and Stream.

Cloud Dataflow is a fully-managed service for transforming and enriching data in stream (real time) and batch (historical) modes with equal reliability and expressiveness -- no more complex workarounds or compromises needed.

References: <https://cloud.google.com/dataflow/>

NEW QUESTION 80

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a mobile chat application. You want to ensure people cannot spoof chat messages, by providing a message were sent by a specific user. What should you do

- A. Tag messages client side with the originating user identifier and the destination user.
- B. Encrypt the message client side using block-based encryption with a shared key.
- C. Use public key infrastructure (PKI) to encrypt the message client side using the originating user's private key.
- D. Use a trusted certificate authority to enable SSL connectivity between the client application and the server.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 85

- (Exam Topic 5)

A recent audit that a new network was created in Your GCP project. In this network, a GCE instance has an SSH port open the world. You want to discover this network's origin. What should you do?

- A. Search for Create VM entry in the Stackdriver alerting console.
- B. Navigate to the Activity page in the Home section
- C. Set category to Data Access and search for Create VM entry.
- D. In the logging section of the console, specify GCE Network as the logging section
- E. Search for the Create Instance entry.
- F. Connect to the GCE instance using project SSH Key
- G. Identify previous logins in system logs, and match these with the project owners list.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 88

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are creating an App Engine application that uses Cloud Datastore as its persistence layer. You need to retrieve several root entities for which you have the identifiers. You want to minimize the overhead in operations performed by Cloud Datastore. What should you do?

- A. Create the Key object for each Entity and run a batch get operation
- B. Create the Key object for each Entity and run multiple get operations, one operation for each entity
- C. Use the identifiers to create a query filter and run a batch query operation
- D. Use the identifiers to create a query filter and run multiple query operations, one operation for each entity

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/datastore/docs/concepts/entities#datastore-datastore-batch-upsert-nodejs>

NEW QUESTION 92

- (Exam Topic 5)

An application development team believes their current logging tool will not meet their needs for their new cloud-based product. They want a better tool to capture errors and help them analyze their historical log data. You want to help them find a solution that meets their needs, what should you do?

- A. Direct them to download and install the Google StackDriver logging agent.
- B. Send them a list of online resources about logging best practices.
- C. Help them define their requirements and assess viable logging tools.
- D. Help them upgrade their current tool to take advantage of any new features.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Help them define their requirements and assess viable logging tools. They know the requirements and the existing tools' problems. While it's true StackDriver Logging and Error Reporting possibly meet all their requirements, there might be other tools also meet their need. They need you to provide expertise to make assessment for new tools, specifically, logging tools that can "capture errors and help them analyze their historical log data".

References: <https://cloud.google.com/logging/docs/agent/installation>

NEW QUESTION 97

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to develop procedures to test a disaster plan for a mission-critical application. You want to use Google-recommended practices and native capabilities within GCP.

What should you do?

- A. Use Deployment Manager to automate service provisionin
- B. Use Activity Logs to monitor and debug your tests.
- C. Use Deployment Manager to automate provisionin
- D. Use Stackdriver to monitor and debug your tests.
- E. Use gcloud scripts to automate service provisionin
- F. Use Activity Logs monitor and debug your tests.
- G. Use automated scripts to automate service provisionin
- H. Use Activity Logs monitor and debug your tests.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/solutions/dr-scenarios-planning-guide>

NEW QUESTION 100

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company is forecasting a sharp increase in the number and size of Apache Spark and Hadoop jobs being run on your local datacenter. You want to utilize the

cloud to help you scale this upcoming demand with the least amount of operations work and code change. Which product should you use?

- A. Google Cloud Dataflow
- B. Google Cloud Dataproc
- C. Google Compute Engine
- D. Google Container Engine

Answer: B

Explanation:

Google Cloud Dataproc is a fast, easy-to-use, low-cost and fully managed service that lets you run the Apache Spark and Apache Hadoop ecosystem on Google Cloud Platform. Cloud Dataproc provisions big or small clusters rapidly, supports many popular job types, and is integrated with other Google Cloud Platform services, such as Google Cloud Storage and Stackdriver Logging, thus helping you reduce TCO.

References: <https://cloud.google.com/dataproc/docs/resources/faq>

NEW QUESTION 105

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have a Python web application with many dependencies that requires 0.1 CPU cores and 128 MB of memory to operate in production. You want to monitor and maximize machine utilization. You also to reliably deploy new versions of the application. Which set of steps should you take?

- A. Perform the following:1) Create a managed instance group with f1-micro type machines.2) Use a startup script to clone the repository, check out the production branch, install the dependencies, and start the Python app.3) Restart the instances to automatically deploy new production releases.
- B. Perform the following:1) Create a managed instance group with n1-standard-1 type machines.2) Build a Compute Engine image from the production branch that contains all of the dependencies and automatically starts the Python app.3) Rebuild the Compute Engine image, and update the instance template to deploy new production releases.
- C. Perform the following:1) Create a Kubernetes Engine cluster with n1-standard-1 type machines.2) Build a Docker image from the production branch with all of the dependencies, and tag it with the version number.3) Create a Kubernetes Deployment with the imagePullPolicy set to "IfNotPresent" in the staging namespace, and then promote it to the production namespace after testing.
- D. Perform the following:1) Create a Kubernetes Engine cluster with n1-standard-4 type machines.2) Build a Docker image from the master branch will all of the dependencies, and tag it with "latest".3) Create a Kubernetes Deployment in the default namespace with the imagePullPolicy set to "Always". Restart the pods to automatically deploy new production releases.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/compute/docs/instance-templates>

NEW QUESTION 107

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are deploying an application on App Engine that needs to integrate with an on-premises database. For security purposes, your on-premises database must not be accessible through the public Internet. What should you do?

- A. Deploy your application on App Engine standard environment and use App Engine firewall rules to limit access to the open on-premises database.
- B. Deploy your application on App Engine standard environment and use Cloud VPN to limit access to the onpremises database.
- C. Deploy your application on App Engine flexible environment and use App Engine firewall rules to limit access to the on-premises database.
- D. Deploy your application on App Engine flexible environment and use Cloud VPN to limit access to the on-premises database.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/flexible/python/using-third-party-databases>

NEW QUESTION 111

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company wants to start using Google Cloud resources but wants to retain their on-premises Active Directory domain controller for identity management. What should you do?

- A. Use the Admin Directory API to authenticate against the Active Directory domain controller.
- B. Use Google Cloud Directory Sync to synchronize Active Directory usernames with cloud identities and configure SAML SSO.
- C. Use Cloud Identity-Aware Proxy configured to use the on-premises Active Directory domain controller as an identity provider.
- D. Use Compute Engine to create an Active Directory (AD) domain controller that is a replica of the onpremises AD domain controller using Google Cloud Directory Sync.

Answer: B

Explanation:

https://cloud.google.com/solutions/federating-gcp-with-active-directory-introduction#implementing_federation

NEW QUESTION 115

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your web application must comply with the requirements of the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). You are responsible for the technical architecture of your web application. What should you do?

- A. Ensure that your web application only uses native features and services of Google Cloud Platform,because Google already has various certifications and provides "pass-on" compliance when you use native features.
- B. Enable the relevant GDPR compliance setting within the GCPConsole for each of the services in use within your application.
- C. Ensure that Cloud Security Scanner is part of your test planning strategy in order to pick up any compliance gaps.
- D. Define a design for the security of data in your web application that meets GDPR requirements.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/security/gdpr/?tab=tab4>

Reference: <https://www.mobiloud.com/blog/gdpr-compliant-mobile-app/>

NEW QUESTION 119

- (Exam Topic 5)

The database administration team has asked you to help them improve the performance of their new database server running on Google Compute Engine. The database is for importing and normalizing their performance statistics and is built with MySQL running on Debian Linux. They have an n1-standard-8 virtual machine with 80 GB of SSD persistent disk. What should they change to get better performance from this system?

- A. Increase the virtual machine's memory to 64 GB.
- B. Create a new virtual machine running PostgreSQL.
- C. Dynamically resize the SSD persistent disk to 500 GB.
- D. Migrate their performance metrics warehouse to BigQuery.
- E. Modify all of their batch jobs to use bulk inserts into the database.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 120

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has multiple on-premises systems that serve as sources for reporting. The data has not been maintained well and has become degraded over time. You want to use Google-recommended practices to detect anomalies in your company data. What should you do?

- A. Upload your files into Cloud Storage
- B. Use Cloud Datalab to explore and clean your data.
- C. Upload your files into Cloud Storage
- D. Use Cloud Dataprep to explore and clean your data.
- E. Connect Cloud Datalab to your on-premises system
- F. Use Cloud Datalab to explore and clean your data.
- G. Connect Cloud Dataprep to your on-premises system
- H. Use Cloud Dataprep to explore and clean your data.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/dataprep/>

NEW QUESTION 125

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company is building a new architecture to support its data-centric business focus. You are responsible for setting up the network. Your company's mobile and web-facing applications will be deployed on-premises, and all data analysis will be conducted in GCP. The plan is to process and load 7 years of archived .csv files totaling 900 TB of data and then continue loading 10 TB of data daily. You currently have an existing 100-MB internet connection. What actions will meet your company's needs?

- A. Compress and upload both archived files and files uploaded daily using the gsutil -m option.
- B. Lease a Transfer Appliance, upload archived files to it, and send it, and send it to Google to transfer archived data to Cloud Storage
- C. Establish a connection with Google using a Dedicated Interconnect or Direct Peering connection and use it to upload files daily.
- D. Lease a Transfer Appliance, upload archived files to it, and send it, and send it to Google to transfer archived data to Cloud Storage
- E. Establish one Cloud VPN Tunnel to VPC networks over the public internet, and compress and upload files daily using the gsutil -m option.
- F. Lease a Transfer Appliance, upload archived files to it, and send it to Google to transfer archived data to Cloud Storage
- G. Establish a Cloud VPN Tunnel to VPC networks over the public internet, and compress and upload files daily.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/interconnect/docs/how-to/direct-peering>

NEW QUESTION 128

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are migrating your on-premises solution to Google Cloud in several phases. You will use Cloud VPN to maintain a connection between your on-premises systems and Google Cloud until the migration is completed.

You want to make sure all your on-premises systems remain reachable during this period. How should you organize your networking in Google Cloud?

- A. Use the same IP range on Google Cloud as you use on-premises
- B. Use the same IP range on Google Cloud as you use on-premises for your primary IP range and use a secondary range that does not overlap with the range you use on-premises
- C. Use an IP range on Google Cloud that does not overlap with the range you use on-premises
- D. Use an IP range on Google Cloud that does not overlap with the range you use on-premises for your primary IP range and use a secondary range with the same IP range as you use on-premises

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 131

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