

CFE-Fraud-Prevention-and-Deterrence Dumps

Certified Fraud Examiner - Fraud Prevention and Deterrence Exam

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NEW QUESTION 1

Jane, a Certified Fraud Examiner (CFE), was hired to conduct a fraud examination at XYZ Company. Her examination did not reveal any conclusive evidence that fraud had occurred or was occurring. Consequently, XYZ's management asked Jane to state in her official examination report that the company is free of fraud as a means of assuring the board of directors that the company's anti-fraud controls were effective. The ACFE Code of Professional Ethics prohibits Jane from complying with management's request

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 2

The generation and use of relevant, quality information to support the functioning of internal control is a principle related to which component of the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commissions (COSO) Internal Control—Integrated Framework (the Framework)?

- A. Risk assessment
- B. Control environment
- C. Monitoring
- D. Information and communication

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 3

Which of the following is NOT considered a conflict of interest that is prohibited under the ACFE Code of Professional Ethics?)

- A. Undertaking an engagement that decreases the fraud examiner's ability to perform their duties for their full-time employer
- B. Accepting an assignment to assess red flags of fraud at an organization in which the fraud examiner is a partner, provided the fraud examiner's ownership interest is disclosed
- C. Undertaking engagements for both sides in a case of an alleged product substitution scheme
- D. Accepting an assignment to secretly infiltrate the fraud examiner's employing organization and transmit inside information to another party

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 4

Which of the following is NOT included in the five fraud risk management principles described

- A. Communicating the expectations of those governing the fraud risk management program
- B. Deploying preventive and detective fraud control activities to mitigate fraud risk
- C. Performing comprehensive fraud risk assessments to identify specific fraud schemes
- D. Developing one-time evaluations for each fraud risk management principle

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 5

Which of the following is FALSE regarding a background check policy for employees'?

- A. Where permitted by law
- B. management should run a background check on any existing employee who is being promoted to a position that includes access to sensitive or valuable company resources, even if a background check was run on the individual at the time of hire
- C. When verifying past employment, management should only ask previous employers to verify the dates the candidate was employed.
- D. As part of the screening process, management should contact the references provided by the job candidate
- E. At a minimum, management should conduct a background check on any candidate who will have constant access to cash, checks, and credit card numbers, or other easily stolen items.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 6

According to the differential reinforcement theory, behavior is weakened when positive rewards are gained or punishment is avoided

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 7

The International Organization of Securities Commissions' (IOSCO) Principles for Auditor Oversight states that auditor oversight should involve a regular review process designed to ascertain whether audit firms adhere to quality control policies and procedures.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

According to the authors of Crimes of the Middle Classes, all of the following factors have contributed to the rising problem of economic crime EXCEPT:

- A. The continued pressures of a culture that rewards affluence and success
- B. The economy's increased reliance on credit
- C. The decrease in funds available from government assistance programs
- D. The increased opportunity for wrongdoing as a result of advancing information technologies

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 9

Which of the following statements regarding white-collar defendants is TRUE?

- A. The lower the offenders' social status, the more likely they are to be imprisoned
- B. They are more likely to be fined than to face prison terms as punishment
- C. They are less likely to insist on a trial than other offenders
- D. All of the above

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10

During the course of a fraud examination, Stefan, an employee of Acme Inc., approaches Marten, a Certified Fraud Examiner (CFE) and fellow employee of Acme, and tells him that he knows of a major fraud being committed by the chief financial officer (CFO). However, Stefan says he can only provide details if Marten promises him absolute confidentiality. How should Marten respond?

- A. Agree that the information will be held in confidence, even though Marten knows it will not be
- B. Take Stefan's request straight to Acme Inc.'s management
- C. Tell Stefan that he will try to keep the information as confidential as possible
- D. Not agree to the request for confidentiality

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

Jenny is a highly respected employee at XYZ Corp. Her husband's gambling addiction has caused them to have a significant amount of debt. Jenny begins stealing money from the company to cover her husband's gambling losses. This situation best illustrates which leg of the Fraud Triangle?

- A. Perceived opportunity
- B. Rationalization
- C. Perceived non-shareable financial need
- D. Perceived acquiescence

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 12

Which of the following principles of corporate governance pertains to the duty of the organization to act in the best interest of society?

- A. Responsibility
- B. Fairness
- C. Transparency
- D. Accountability

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 14

Employees should be kept unaware that management is watching for lifestyle and behavior changes in staff members that might indicate fraud.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 15

Which of the following is FALSE regarding corporate governance?

- A. Effective corporate governance practices are most necessary in an organization in which the owners are not also the individuals responsible for setting and executing the business strategy.
- B. Effective corporate governance practices are considered to be the foundation of fraud risk management.
- C. Corporate governance's primary purpose is to ensure the accuracy of the organization's financial reports.
- D. An entity's corporate governance structure specifies the distribution of rights and responsibilities among the different participants in the organization.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 18

Which of the following statements is FALSE regarding an organization's fraud risk management program?

- A. A Formal sanctions for intentional noncompliance should be well-publicized throughout the company
- B. There should be measures in place to address failures in the design or operation of anti-fraud controls, as well as fraud occurrences
- C. The program must include mechanisms to monitor and identify breaches in compliance
- D. The responsibility of handling suspected incidences of noncompliance should be delegated to someone outside of the company

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 21

According to modern criminological studies, which of the following is the determinant aspect of white-collar crime'?

- A. Organizational opportunity
- B. Absence of risk factors
- C. Potential legal punishment
- D. Social status

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 24

Glenda, an internal auditor, and Bridgette, an accounts receivable clerk, have had several heated disagreements over accounting procedures and policies. Glenda has just been told that she will be the lead on the company's fraud risk assessment. During the fraud risk assessment, Glenda should:

- A. Include her disagreements with Bridgette as a factor when assessing the risk of fraud in the accounts receivable department
- B. Automatically designate the accounts receivable department as a high-risk area
- C. Confront Bridgette about the disagreements and discuss how they increase the department's risk of fraud
- D. Have someone else perform the fraud risk assessment work related to the accounts receivable department's activities

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 25

In response to a risk identified during a fraud risk assessment, management decides to purchase fidelity insurance to help protect the company against the associated risk of loss. This response is known as:

- A. Mitigating the risk
- B. Assuming the risk
- C. Avoiding the risk
- D. Transferring the risk

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 26

A corporation can generally be held criminally responsible for criminal acts committed by its employees even if those in management had no knowledge of or participation in the underlying events.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 28

Julia is conducting a formal assessment of XYZ Corporation's ethical culture. To which of the five components of the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission's (COSO) Internal Control—Integrated Framework (the Framework) does her assessment pertain?

- A. Control environment
- B. Monitoring
- C. Control activities
- D. Information and communication

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 30

According to the 2018 Report to the Nations, schemes are the most common form of occupational fraud, while schemes are the costliest form of occupational fraud.

- A. Financial statement fraud, corruption
- B. Asset misappropriation; financial statement fraud
- C. Asset misappropriation; corruption
- D. Corruption; asset misappropriation

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 31

Effectively documenting and communicating organizational hierarchies, including the proper flow of information, can be a helpful tool in preventing fraud.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 35

Management at ABC Corp. is assessing the company's ethical tone and how it affects the organization's fraud risk. To most effectively reinforce an anti-fraud culture, management should

- A. Create an environment in which employees feel safe challenging management's decisions
- B. Use a checklist of initiatives to make sure all the elements of a strong tone at the top are in place
- C. Implement two separate sets of ethics policies one for management and one for employees
- D. All of the above

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 37

Which of the following is FALSE regarding proactive fraud auditing procedures?

- A. Implementing proactive fraud audit procedures demonstrates management's intention to aggressively seek out possible fraudulent conduct
- B. Fraud audit procedures should be designed to incorporate an element of surprise.
- C. Analytical review of the financial statements is best used to uncover small frauds that might be missed by other detection methods
- D. Fraud assessment questioning techniques are most appropriately used as part of the normal audit process

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 40

Which of the following statements regarding document retention policies (DRPs) is TRUE?

- A. Document retention policies do not need to include protocols for preserving electronic documents as most IT systems automatically preserve copies of such data
- B. When establishing a document retention policy, management should consider any industry-specific rules for documenting and retaining records
- C. An effective document retention policy permits the organization to continue the destruction of documents when faced with potential litigation
- D. All of the above

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 44

Which of the following is TRUE regarding the reporting of the fraud risk assessment results?

- A. A fraud risk assessment report should reflect the assessment team's subjective perspective regarding the risks identified
- B. The fraud risk assessment report should be delivered in a style most suited to the language of the business
- C. The fraud risk assessment report should contain a detailed, comprehensive list of every assessment finding
- D. All of the above

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 47

Which of the following is a detective anti-fraud control?

- A. Separation of duties
- B. Hiring policies and procedures
- C. Independent reconciliations
- D. Fraud awareness training

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 49

In the context of fraud examination, integrity requires all of the following EXCEPT:

- A. Subordination of desires for personal gain to the interests of clients, employers, and the public
- B. Avoidance of differences of opinion
- C. Independence of mental attitude
- D. An ability to analyze situations where no professional rules are specifically applicable and determine right from wrong

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 53

Which of the following is an example of organizational crime?

- A. doctor conspiring with patients to file false health care insurance claims
- B. A salesman offering bribes to secure a contract
- C. An accounting clerk forging company checks to herself
- D. Management of several construction companies engaging in bid rigging

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 57

Which of the following is FALSE regarding fraud examiners responsibilities under the ACFE Code of Professional Ethics?

- A. Confidential information provided to fraud examiners by their clients is considered privileged and therefore legally exempt from disclosure in all circumstances
- B. In determining what information to include in a fraud examination report, fraud examiners should try to decide what users will consider important and material
- C. If fraud examiners become aware of a situation that might appear to others as though they have a conflict of interest they should immediately disclose the situation to company management
- D. Fraud examiners must obtain and document evidence in a manner that ensures that the chain of custody is preserved

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 58

The objective of anti-fraud controls is to:

- A. Completely eliminate residual fraud risk
- B. Reduce the residual fraud risk to a level that is significantly smaller than the inherent fraud risk
- C. Reduce the inherent fraud risk to a level that is significantly smaller than the residual fraud risk.
- D. Completely eliminate inherent fraud risk

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 62

To be in compliance with the ACFE Code of Professional Ethics, fraud examiners must have:

- A. A Sufficient skill and knowledge to recognize when additional training or expert guidance is required
- B. An expert level of experience for every circumstance that might be encountered in a fraud examination
- C. An expert level of knowledge for every circumstance that might be encountered in a fraud examination
- D. Sufficient resources to obtain the training needed to become an expert on all facets of fraud examinations

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 66

Which of the following is NOT included in G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (the Principles)?

- A. A request that governments have in place an appropriate framework to support good corporate governance practices
- B. Recognition of the importance of the role of stakeholders in corporate governance
- C. Support for establishing stronger protection for foreign shareholders than for domestic shareholders
- D. Guidance regarding appropriate board structures, responsibilities, and procedures

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 67

During a fraud risk assessment, (he assessment (earn is seeking information on the ethical tone set by upper and middle managers The team members determine that, for this task, they would like to get candid one-on-one feedback from employees away from their peers. Which of the following techniques would be most helpful for them to use in gathering this information?

- A. Surveys
- B. Anonymous feedback mechanisms
- C. Interviews
- D. Focus groups

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 69

According to International Auditing Standard (ISA) 240. the two types of intentional financial statement misstatements that are relevant to the auditor are

- A. Misstatements resulting from fraudulent financial reporting and misstatements resulting from misappropriation of assets
- B. Misstatements resulting from revenue manipulation and misstatements resulting from expense manipulation
- C. Misstatements affecting the income statement and misstatements affecting the balance sheet
- D. Immaterial misstatements and material misstatements

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 73

Which of the following is NOT explicitly prohibited by the ACFE Code of Professional Ethics?

- A. Participating in an activity where there is an undisclosed conflict of interest
- B. Engaging in behavior that is against the law
- C. Drawing conclusions based upon evidence
- D. Acting in a way that could be deemed unethical by the industry

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 77

A report by a fraud examiner is privileged from disclosure by anyone other than the client

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 80

Article II of the ACFE Code of Professional Ethics prohibits illegal or unethical conduct, but it allows exceptions for unknowing violations of the law

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 81

Which of the following is FALSE regarding the process of defining the objective of the fraud risk management program?

- A. Management must assign a quantitative measure to its risk appetite so that it can accurately measure the fraud risk management program s effectiveness
- B. Management should express risk appetite in a manner that is appropriate for and unique to the organization s culture and operations.
- C. Management should examine previous fraud occurrences to determine how the ideal fraud risk management program would have prevented them.
- D. Management must consider the total amount of fraud risk it is willing to accept when determining fraud risk management objectives

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 83

Which of the following is among the audit committee s primary responsibilities related to fraud risk management?

- A. Understanding how internal and external audit strategies address fraud risk
- B. Designing the fraud risk management program
- C. Punishing fraud perpetrators discovered through fraud risk management activities
- D. Implementing the fraud risk management program

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 84

Professional auditing standards suggest that auditors incorporate an "element of predictability" in the selection of auditing procedures to be performed so that they ensure the same areas are tested in the same manner during each audit.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 87

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