

F5-Networks

Exam Questions 201

TMOS Administration



NEW QUESTION 1

A BIG-IP Administrator notices that one of the servers that runs an application is NOT receiving any traffic. The BIG-IP Administrator examines the configuration status of the application and observes the displayed monitor configuration and affected Pool Member status.



What is the possible cause of this issue?

- A. The Node Health Monitor is NOT responding.
- B. The application is NOT responding with the expected Receive String.
- C. HTTP 1.1 is NOT appropriate for monitoring purposes.
- D. The BIG-IP device is NOT able to reach the Pool.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 2

A BIG-IP Administrator defines a device Self IP . The Self IP is NOT reachable from the network. What should the BIG-IP Administrator verify first?

- A. The correct interface has been selected.
- B. The correct VLAN has been selected.
- C. Verify if auto last hop is disabled.
- D. The correct Trunk has been selected.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3

A BIG-IP device has only LTM and ASM modules provisioned. Both have nominal provisioning level. The BIG-IP Administrator wants to dedicate more resources to the LTM module. The ASM module must remain enabled. Which tmsh command should the BIG-IP Administrator execute to obtain the desired result?

- A. modify/sys provision asm level minimum
- B. modify /sys provision ltm level dedicated
- C. modify /sys provision asm level none
- D. modify /sys provision ltm level minimum

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 4

A BIG-IP Administrator uses backend servers to host multiple services per server. There are multiple virtual servers and pools defined, referencing the same backend servers.

Which load balancing algorithm is most appropriate to have an equal number of connections on each backend server?

- A. Least Connections (member)
- B. Least Connections (node)
- C. Predictive (member)
- D. Predictive (node)

Answer: B

Explanation:

The same set of servers provides multiple services, that is, using different ports to provide different services at the same time. The stem requirement is based on server connection balancing, not server + port, so it is node.

NEW QUESTION 5

Refer to the exhibit.

The screenshot shows the BIG-IP configuration interface for a virtual server. The top section displays the Destination Address/Mask as 192.168.162.80, Service Port as 443, and the protocol as HTTPS. The Notify Status to Virtual Address checkbox is checked. The Availability status is 'Available (Enabled)' with a green circle icon. The Synccookie Status is 'Off'. The State is 'Up'. Below this, the Configuration tab is set to 'Basic'. The left sidebar shows the configuration tree with 'SSL Profile (Client)' and 'SSL Profile (Server)' selected. The main area shows the 'Selected' and 'Available' lists for the SSL profiles. The 'Selected' list contains '/Common/clientssl'. The 'Available' list contains several options, including '/Common/clientssl-insecure-compatible', '/Common/clientssl-secure', '/Common/clientssl2', and '/Common/crypto-server-default-clientssl'. The 'Selected' list for the server profile is empty, and the 'Available' list contains '/Common/apm-default-serverssl', '/Common/crypto-client-default-serverssl', '/Common/poolip-default-serverssl', and '/Common/serverssl'.

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to deploy an application on the BIG-IP system to perform SSL offload and re-encrypt the traffic to pool members. During testing, users are unable to connect to the application. What must the BIG-IP Administrator do to resolve the issue?

- A. Remove the configured SSL Profile (Client)
- B. Configure Protocol Profile (Server) as splitsession-default-tcp
- C. Enable Forward Proxy in the SSL Profile (Client)
- D. Configure an SSL Profile (Server)

Answer: D

Explanation:

According to the requirements of the subject, the client and server must be configured with ssl profile.

NEW QUESTION 6

A virtual server is listening at 10.10.1.100:any and has the following iRule associated with it:
when CLIENT_ACCEPTED { if {[TCP::local_port] equals 80 } { pool pool1 } elseif {[TCP::local_port] equals 443} { pool pool2 }
If a user connects to 10.10.1.100 and port 22, which pool will receive the request?

- A. pool1
- B. pool2
- C. Non
- D. The request will be dropped.
- E. Unknow
- F. The pool cannot be determined from the information provided.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 7

Some users who connect to a busy Virtual Server have connections reset by the BIG-IP system. Pool member resources are NOT a factor in this behavior. What is a possible cause for this behavior?

- A. The Connection Rate Limit is set too high
- B. The server SSL Profile has NOT been reconfigured.
- C. The Connection Limit is set too low.
- D. The Rewrite Profile has NOT been configured.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The topic explains that the connection reset behavior is caused by the vs configuration rather than the server resource problem. The answers B C are all

configuration at the service forwarding level. If there is a problem with the configuration, it is all a problem rather than some users. Answer C's Connection Limit will cause a reset behavior when the connection reaches the threshold.

NEW QUESTION 8

A BIG-IP Administrator receives an RMA replacement for a failed F5 device. The BIG-IP Administrator tries to restore a UCS taken from the previous device, but the restore fails. The following error appears in the /var/log/itm.

```
mcpd [***J: •*****»;0; License is not operational (expired or digital signature does not match contents.)
```

What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to avoid this error?

- A. Use the appropriate tmsh command with the no-license option
- B. Revoke the license prior to restoring
- C. Reactivate the license on the new device using the manual activation method
- D. Remove the license information from the UCS archive

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 9

What is the status of a pool member when manual resume is enabled and a health check first fails and then passes?

- A. Offline (Disabled)
- B. Offline (Enabled)
- C. Available (Disabled)
- D. Available (Enabled)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

Which statement is true concerning a functional iRule?

- A. iRules use a proprietary syntax language.
- B. iRules must contain at least one event declaration.
- C. iRules must contain at least one conditional statement.
- D. iRules must contain at least one pool assignment statement.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10

Which statement is true regarding failover?

- A. Hardware failover is disabled by default.
- B. Hardware failover can be used in conjunction with network failover.
- C. If the hardware failover cable is disconnected, both BIGIP devices will always assume the active role.
- D. By default, hardware fail over detects voltage across the failover cable and monitors traffic across the internal VLAN.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 13

A configuration change is made on the standby member of a device group.

What is displayed as "Recommended Action" on the Device Management Overview screen?

- A. Force active member of device group to standby
- B. Activate device with the most recent configuration
- C. Synchronize the active member configuration to the group.
- D. Synchronize the standby member configuration to the group

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 16

A BIG-IP Administrator plans to upgrade a BIG-IP device to the latest TMOS version.

Which two tools could the administrator leverage to verify known issues for the target versions? (Choose two.)

- A. F5 University
- B. F5 Downloads
- C. F5 End User Diagnostics (EUD)
- D. FSiHealth
- E. F5 Bug Tracker

Answer: DE

Explanation:

F5 University -- F5 learning materials F5 Downloads - iso download page

F5 End User Diagnostics (EUD) -- Hardware detection

NEW QUESTION 21

A BIG-IP Administrator upgrades the BIG-IP LTM to a newer software version. After the administrator reboots into the new volume, the Configuration fails to load.

Why is the Configuration failing to load?

- A. The license needs to be reactivated before the upgrade.
- B. The upgrade was performed on the standby unit.
- C. A minimum of at least two reboots is required.
- D. Connectivity to the DNS server failed to be established.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 24

Where is persistence mirroring configured?

- A. It is always enabled.
- B. It is part of a pool definition.
- C. It is part of a profile definition.
- D. It is part of a virtual server definition.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 25

A BIG-IP Administrator runs the initial configuration wizard and learns that the NTP servers were invalid. In which area of the Configuration Utility should the BIG-IP Administrator update the list of configured NTP servers?

- A. System > Configuration
- B. System > Services
- C. System > Preferences
- D. System > Platform

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 26

A BIG-IP Administrator configures remote authentication and needs to make sure that users can still login even when the remote authentication server is unavailable.

Which action should the BIG-IP Administrators in the remote authentication configuration to meet this requirement?

- A. Set partition access to "All"
- B. Enable the Fallback to Local option
- C. Configure a remote role grove
- D. Configure a second remote user directory

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 28

The current status of a given pool member is unknown. Which condition could explain that state?

- A. The member has no monitor assigned to it.
- B. The member has a monitor assigned to it and the most recent monitor was successful.
- C. The member has a monitor assigned to it and the monitor did not succeed during the most recent timeout period.
- D. The member's node has a monitor assigned to it and the monitor did not succeed during the most recent timeout period.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 32

A site has six members in a pool. All of the servers have been designed, built, and configured with the same applications. It is known that each client's interactions vary significantly and can affect the performance of the servers. If traffic should be sent to all members on a regular basis, which loadbalancing mode is most effective if the goal is to maintain a relatively even load across all servers?

- A. Ratio
- B. Priority
- C. Observed
- D. Round Robin

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 33

Which statement is true concerning iRule events?

- A. All iRule events relate to HTTP processes.
- B. All client traffic has data that could be used to trigger iRule events.
- C. All iRule events are appropriate at any point in the clientserver communication.
- D. If an iRule references an event that doesn't occur during the client's communication, the client's connection will be terminated prematurely.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 35

Which statement is true about the synchronization process, as performed by the Configuration Utility or by typing `b config sync all`?

- A. The process should always be run from the standby system.
- B. The process should always be run from the system with the latest configuration.
- C. The two `/config/bigip.conf` configuration files are synchronized (made identical) each time the process is run.
- D. Multiple files, including `/config/bigip.conf` and `/config/bigip_base.conf`, are synchronized (made identical) each time the process is run.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 37

The BIG-IP Administrator generates a `qkview` using `"qkview -SO"` and needs to transfer the output file via SCP. Which directory contains the output file?

- A. `/var/log`
- B. `/var/tmp`
- C. `/var/local`
- D. `/var/config`

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 42

Refer to the exhibit.

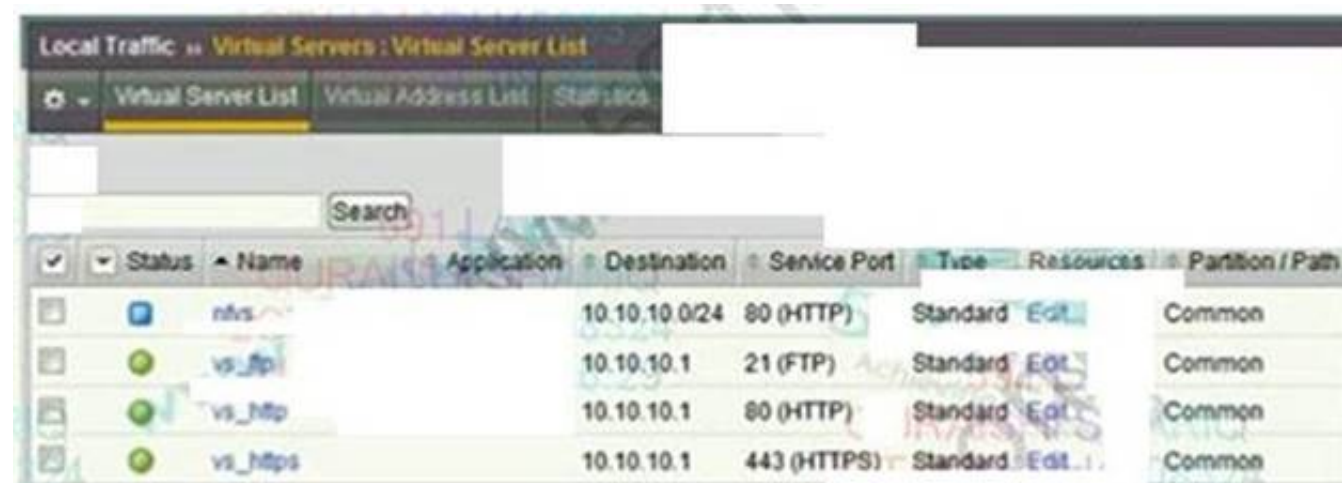
Due to a change in application requirements, a BIG-IP Administrator needs to modify the configuration of a Virtual Server to include a Fallback Persistence Profile. Which persistence profile type should the BIG-IP Administrator use for this purpose?

- A. SSL
- B. Hash
- C. Universal
- D. Source Address Affinity

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 45

Refer to the exhibit.



Status	Name	Application	Destination	Service Port	Type	Resources	Partition / Path
	nvfs		10.10.10.0/24	80 (HTTP)	Standard	Edit	Common
	vs_ftp		10.10.10.1	21 (FTP)	Standard	Edit	Common
	vs_http		10.10.10.1	80 (HTTP)	Standard	Edit	Common
	vs_https		10.10.10.1	443 (HTTPS)	Standard	Edit	Common

A user attempts to connect to `10.10.10.1.80` using FTP over SSL with an FTPS client. Which virtual server will match and attempt to process the request?

- A. `vsjutps`
- B. `vs_ftp`
- C. `vs_http`
- D. `nvfs`

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 50

A BIG-IP Administrator is unable to connect to the management interface via HTTPS. What is a possible reason for this issue?

- A. The port lockdown setting is configured to Allow None.
- B. An incorrect management route is specified.
- C. The IP address of the device used to access the management interface is NOT included in the "P Allow" list in the Configuration Utility.
- D. The IP address of the device used to access the management interface is NOT included in the "httpd Allow" list in the CLI.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 52

A BIG-IP Administrator is configuring an SSH Pool with five members.

Which Health Monitor should be applied to ensure that available pool members are monitored accordingly?

- A. `https`
- B. `udp`
- C. `http`
- D. `tcp`

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 53

You have created a custom profile named TEST2. The parent profile of TEST2 is named TEST1. If additional changes are made to TEST1, what is the effect on TEST2?

- A. All changes to TEST1 are propagated to TEST2.
- B. Some of the changes to TEST1 may propagate to TEST2.
- C. Changes to TEST1 cannot affect TEST2 once TEST2 is saved.
- D. When TEST1 is changed, the administrator is prompted and can choose whether to propagate changes to TEST2.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 56

A 816-IP Administrator recently deployed an application. Users are experiencing slow performance with the application on some remote networks. Which two modifications can the BIG-IP Administrator make to address this issue? (Choose two)

- A. Apply dest_addr profile to the Virtual Server
- B. Apply f5-tcp-wan profile to the Virtual Server
- C. Apply f5-tcp-lan profile to the Virtual Server
- D. Apply source_addr profile to the Virtual Server
- E. Apply fasti_4 profile to the Virtual Server

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 60

The current status of a given pool is offline (red). Which condition could explain that state? Assume the descriptions below include all monitors assigned for each scenario.

- A. No monitors are currently assigned to any pool, member or node.
- B. The pool has a monitor assigned to it, and none of the pool members passed the test.
- C. The pool has a monitor assigned to it, and only some of the pool's members passed the test.
- D. A monitor is assigned to all nodes and all nodes have passed the test.
- E. The pool's members have no specific monitor assigned to them.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 61

When network failover is enabled, which of the following is true?

- A. The failover cable status is ignored.
- B. Failover is determined by the network status only.
- C. Either a network failure or loss of voltage across the failover cable will cause a failover.
- D. A network failure will not cause a failover as long as there is a voltage across the failover cable.
- E. The presence or absence of voltage over the fail over cable takes precedence over network failover.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 64

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to ensure that a pool member is not taken down by the monitor. The BIG-IP system sends existing connections to another pool member. Which should the BIG-IP Administrator perform to meet this goal?

- A. Set Action on Service Down setting under the server configuration to reselect.
- B. Reconfigure the pool member members as UP.
- C. Enable mirroring within the persistence profile.
- D. Set Action Service Down setting under the pool configuration to reselect.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 69

A BIG-IP Administrator finds the following log entry after a report of user issues connecting to a virtual server: 01010201: 2: Inet port exhaustion on 10.70.110.112 to 192.28.123.250:80 (proto 6)

How should the BIG-IP Administrator modify the SNAT pool that is associated with the virtual server?

- A. Remove the SNAT pool and apply SNAT Automap.
- B. Remove an IP address from the SNAT pool.
- C. Add an address to the SNAT pool.
- D. Increase the timeout of the SNAT addresses.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 72

How is persistence configured?

- A. Persistence is an option within each pool's definition.
- B. Persistence is a profile type; an appropriate profile is created and associated with virtual server.
- C. Persistence is a global setting; once enabled, loadbalancing choices are superseded by the persistence method that is specified.
- D. Persistence is an option for each pool member.

E. When a pool is defined, each member's definition includes the option for persistence.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 77

The BIG-IP Administrator creates a custom iRule that fails to work as expected. Which F5 online resource should the administrator use to help resolve this issue?

- A. DevCentral
- B. Bug Tracker
- C. University
- D. Health

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 82

DNS queries from two internal DNS servers are being load balanced to external DNS Servers via a Virtual Server on a BIG-P device. The DNS queries originate from 192.168.101.100 and 192.168.101.200 and target 192.168.21.50

All DNS queries destined for the external DNS Servers fail

Which property change should the BIG-IP Administrator make in the Virtual Server to resolve this issue?

- A. Protocol Profile (Client) to DNS-OPTIMZED
- B. Type to Performance (HTTP)
- C. Protocol to UDP
- D. Source Address to 192.168.101.0/24

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 87

Which event is always triggered when a client initially connects to a virtual server configured with an HTTP profile?

- A. HTTP_DATA
- B. CLIENT_DATA
- C. HTTP_REQUEST
- D. CLIENT_ACCEPTED

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 89

Which two can be a part of a virtual server's definition? (Choose two.)

- A. rule(s)
- B. pool(s)
- C. monitor(s)
- D. node address(es)
- E. loadbalancing method(s)

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 90

A web server administrator informs the BIG-IP Administrator that web servers are overloaded Starting next month, the BIG-IP device will terminate SSL to reduce web server load. The BIG-IP device is ready using client SSL client profile and Rules on HTTP level. What actions should the BIG-IP Administrators to achieve the desired configuration?

- A. Remove the server SSL profile and configure the Pool Members to use HTTP
- B. Remove the client SSL profile and configure the Pool Members to US HTTP
- C. Remove the chart SSL profile and change the Virtual Server to accept HTTP
- D. Remove the server SSL profile and change the Virtual Server to accept HTTP traffic

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 91

Which IP address will the client address be changed to when SNAT automap is specified within a Virtual Server configuration?

- A. The floating self-IP address on the VLAN where the packet leaves the system.
- B. The floating self-IP address on the VLAN where the packet arrives on the system.
- C. It will alternate between the floating and non floating self-IP address on the VLAN where the packet leaves the system so that port exhaustion is avoided.
- D. It will alternate between the floating and non floating self-IP address on the VLAN where the packet arrives on the system so that port exhaustion is avoided.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 96

An LTM device has a virtual server mapped to www.f5.com with a pool assigned. Users report that when browsing, they are periodically required to re-login to /resources/201.1.7.b.2_l.com. The objects are defined as follows:

Virtual server. Destination 192.168.245.100:443 netmask 255.255.255.0 Persistence: SSL session persistence

Profiles: HTTP/TCP

Which persistence method should the BIG-IP Administrator apply to resolve this issue?

- A. Source address affinity
- B. hexadecimal
- C. SIP
- D. Destination address affinity

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 101

Which two can be a part of a pool's definition? (Choose two.)

- A. rule(s)
- B. profile(s)
- C. monitor(s)
- D. persistence type
- E. loadbalancing mode

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 106

A virtual server at 10.10.1.100:80 has the rule listed below applied.

```
when HTTP_REQUEST { if {[HTTP::uri] ends_with "htm" } { pool pool1 } else if {[HTTP::uri] ends_with "xt" } { pool pool2 }
```

If a user connects to <http://10.10.1.100/foo.txt> which pool will receive the request?

- A. pool1
- B. pool2
- C. Non
- D. The request will be dropped.
- E. Unknow
- F. The pool cannot be determined from the information provided.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 111

A BIG-IP Administrator wants to add the ASM Module to an HA pair of BIG-IP devices. The BIG-IP Administrator has already installed a new Add-On License on both devices in the HA pair. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do next to use the module?

- A. Provision the new module on both BIG-IP device's
- B. Synchronize both BIG-IP devices
- C. Reboot both BIG-IP devices
- D. Reactivate the Licenses on both BIG IP devices

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 114

During a maintenance window, an EUD test was executed and the output displayed on the screen. The BIG-IP Administrator did NOT save the screen output. The BIG-IP device is currently handling business critical traffic. The BIG-IP Administrator needs to minimize impact. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to provide the EUD results to F5 Support?

- A. Boot the device into EUD then collect output from console
- B. Execute EUD from tmsh and collect output from console
- C. Collect file `/var/log/messages`
- D. Collect file `/shared/log/eud.log`

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 119

A site wishes to perform source address translation on packets from some clients but not others. The determination is not based on the client's IP address, but on the virtual servers their packets arrive on. What could best accomplish this goal?

- A. A SNAT for all addresses could be defined, and then disable the SNAT processing for select VLANs.
- B. Some virtual servers could be associated with SNAT pools and others not associated with SNAT pools.
- C. The decision to perform source address translation is always based on VLA
- D. Thus, the goal cannot be achieved.
- E. The decision to perform source address translation is always based on a client's address (or network). Thus, this goal cannot be achieved.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 122

A node is a member of various pools and hosts different web applications. If a web application is unavailable, the BIG-IP appliance needs to mark the pool member down for that application pool. What should a BIG-IP Administrator deploy at the pool level to accomplish this?

- A. A UDP monitor with a custom interval/timeout
- B. A combination of ICMP + TCP monitor
- C. An HTTP monitor with custom send/receive strings
- D. A TCP monitor with a custom interval/timeout

Answer: C

Explanation:

Requiring all traffic to be HTTPS access requires HTTP requests to be redirected directly to HTTPS.

NEW QUESTION 125

Refer to the exhibit.



A pool member fails the monitor checks for about 30 minutes and then starts passing the monitor checks. New traffic is Not being sent to the pool member. What is the likely reason for this problem?

- A. The pool member is disabled
- B. Monitor Type is TCP Half Open
- C. Manual resume is enabled
- D. Time Until Up is zero

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 130

A site needs a virtual server that will use an iRule to parse HTTPS traffic based on HTTP header values. Which two profile types must be associated with such a virtual server? (Choose two.)

- A. TCP
- B. HTTP
- C. HTTPS
- D. ServerSSL

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 135

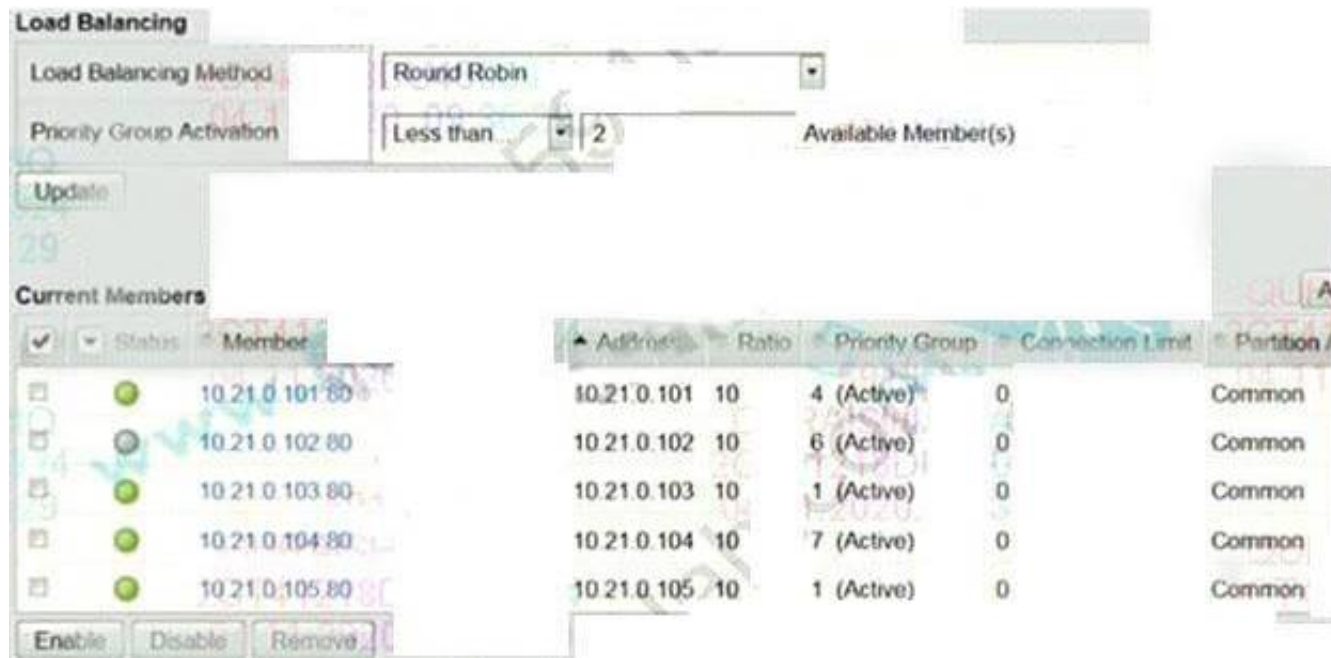
A BIG-IP Administrator reviews the Plane CPU Usage performance chart and discovers a high percentage of Control Plane utilization. Which type of traffic does this indicate a higher usage of?

- A. Administrative
- B. Tunnel
- C. Accelerated ,
- D. Application

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 137

Refer to the exhibit.



Which two pool members are eligible to receive new connections? (Choose two)

- A. 10.21.0.102.80
- B. 10.21.0.104.80
- C. 10.21.0.105.80
- D. 10.21.0.101.80
- E. 10.21.0.103.80

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 142

A BIG-IP Administrator suspects that one of the BIG-IP device power supplies is experiencing power outages. Which log file should the BIG-IP Administrator check to verify the suspicion?

- A. /var/log/daemon.log
- B. /var/log/kern.log
- C. /var/log/ltm
- D. /var/log/audit

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 143

What is the purpose of provisioning?

- A. Provisioning allows modules that are not licensed to be fully tested.
- B. Provisioning allows modules that are licensed be granted appropriate resource levels.
- C. Provisioning allows the administrator to activate modules in nonstandard combinations.
- D. Provisioning allows the administrator to see what modules are licensed, but no user action is ever required.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 145

Which Virtual Server type should be used to load balance HTTP traffic to a pool of servers?

- A. Standard
- B. Stateless
- C. Forwarding (IP)
- D. Forwarding (Layer 2)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 150

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to collect HTTP status code and HTTP method for traffic flowing through a virtual server. Which default profile provides this information?

- A. HTTP
- B. Analytics
- C. Request Adapt
- D. Statistics

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 153

On the VCMP system, a BIG-IP host administrator imports a new ISO image into the host's /shared/images folder. The new ISO images that reside on the vCMP host are available for installation on the guest. How should the BIG-IP Administrator install one image from within the guest?

- A. Install the new software on the host and wait for it to automatically be installed on all guests.
- B. Run the following command on guesttmsh install sys software block-device-image image_name volume < volume_name>
- C. Run the following command on guesttmsh install sys software image image_name volume < volume_name>

D. Run the following command on hosttmsh install sys software block-device-image image_name volume < volume_name>

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 158

The BIG-IP Administrator generates QKView using tmsh command "qkview -SO". In which directory does the BIG-IP appliance save the QKView?

- A. /etc/tmp
- B. /var/tmp
- C. /shared/qkview
- D. /var /tmp/qkview

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 162

An LTM device has a virtual server mapped to www5f.com with a pool assigned. The objects are defined as follows:

Virtual server. Destination 192.168.245.100.443 netmask 255.255.255.0 Persistence: Source address persistence netmask 255.0.0.0 SNAT:AutoMap Profiles: HnP/TCP

How should the BIG-IP Administrator modify the persistence profile so that each unique IP address creates a persistence record?

- A. netmask 0.0.0.0
- B. netmask 255.255.255.255
- C. netmask 255.255.0.0
- D. netmask 255.256.255.0

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 166

A virtual server is listening at 10.10.1.100:any and has the following iRule associated with it: when CLIENT_ACCEPTED { if {[TCP::local_port] equals 21 } { pool ftppool } elseif {[TCP::local_port] equals 23 } { pool telnetpool } }

If a user connects to 10.10.1.100 and port 22, which pool will receive the request?

- A. ftppool
- B. telnetpool
- C. Non
- D. The request will be dropped.
- E. Unknow
- F. The pool cannot be determined from the information provided.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 171

Refer to the exhibit.

A user notifies the BIG-IP Administrator that http://remote company.com is NOT accessible. Remote access to company resources must be encrypted.

What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to fix the issue?

- A. Change the Listening Port on remote.company.com_vs to Port 80
- B. Add a Pool to the Virtual Server remote.company.com_VS
- C. Add an iRule to remote.company.com_vs to redirect Traffic to HTTPS
- D. Change the Type of the Virtual Server remote.company.com_vs to Forwarding

Answer: C

Explanation:

Requiring all traffic to be HTTPS access requires HTTP requests to be redirected directly to HTTPS.

NEW QUESTION 175

How is MAC masquerading configured?

- A. Specify the desired MAC address for each VLAN for which you want this feature enabled.
- B. Specify the desired MAC address for each selfIP address for which you want this feature enabled.
- C. Specify the desired MAC address for each VLAN on the active system and synchronize the systems.
- D. Specify the desired MAC address for each floating selfIP address for which you want this feature enabled.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 180

A BIG-IP has two load balancing virtual servers at 150.150.10.10:80 and 150.150.10.10:443. The port 80 virtual server has SNAT automap configured. There is also a SNAT configured at 150.150.10.11 set for a source address range of 200.200.1.0 / 255.255.255.0. All other settings are at their default states. If a client with the IP address 200.200.1.1 sends a request to https://150.150.10.10, what is the source IP address when the associated packet is sent to the pool member?

- A. 200.200.1.1
- B. 150.150.10.11
- C. Floating self IP address on VLAN where the packet leaves the system
- D. Floating self IP address on VLAN where the packet arrives on the system

Answer:

B

NEW QUESTION 183

Refer to the exhibit.

A BIG-IP Administrator configures the Virtual Server to pass HTTP traffic. Users report that they are unable to access the application. What should the administrator do to resolve this issue?

- A. Change the Virtual Server name
- B. Disable the State
- C. Reconfigure the Source Address
- D. Reconfigure the Pool Members

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 187

A standard virtual server is defined with a pool and a SNAT using automap. All other settings for the virtual server are at defaults. When client traffic is processed by the BIG-IP, what will occur to the IP addresses?

- A. Traffic initiated by the pool members will have the source address translated to a self-IP address but the destination address will not be changed.
- B. Traffic initiated to the virtual server will have the destination address translated to a pool member address and the source address translated to a self-IP address.
- C. Traffic initiated by selected clients, based on their IP address, will have the source address translated to a self-IP address but the destination will only be translated if the traffic is destined to the virtual server.
- D. Traffic initiated to the virtual server will have the destination address translated to a pool member address and the source address translated to a self-IP address
- E. Traffic arriving destined to other destinations will have the source translated to a self-IP address only.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 191

Which statement describes a typical purpose of iRules?

- A. iRules can be used to add individual control characters to an HTTP data stream.
- B. iRules can be used to update the timers on monitors as a server load changes.
- C. iRules can examine a server response and remove it from a pool if the response is unexpected.
- D. iRules can be used to look at client requests and server responses to choose a pool member to select for load balancing

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 194

Assume a virtual server has a ServerSSL profile. What SSL certificates are required on the pool members?

- A. No SSL certificates are required on the pool members.
- B. The pool members' SSL certificates must only exist.
- C. The pool members' SSL certificates must be issued from a certificate authority.
- D. The pool members' SSL certificates must be created within the company hosting the BIG-IPs.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 197

A BIG-IP Administrator is setting up a new BIG-IP device. The network administrator reports that the interface has an incompatible media speed. The BIG-IP Administrator needs to change this setting manually.

From which location should the BIG-IP Administrator perform this task?

- A. On the Front Console
- B. In the TMOS Shell Command line
- C. In the Configuration Utility, Network > Interface
- D. In the Configuration Utility, System > Configuration

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 199

The incoming client IP address is 195.64.45.52 and the last five connections have been sent to members A, C, E, D and B. Given the virtual server, pool, and persistence definitions and statistics shown in the above graphic, which member will be used for the next connection?

- A. 10.10.20.1:80
- B. 10.10.20.2:80
- C. 10.10.20.3:80
- D. 10.10.20.4:80
- E. 10.10.20.5:80
- F. It cannot be determined with the information given.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 202

Which three methods can be used for initial access to a BIG-IP system? (Choose three.)

- A. CLI access to the serial console port
- B. SSH access to the management port
- C. SSH access to any of the switch ports
- D. HTTP access to the management port
- E. HTTP access to any of the switch ports
- F. HTTPS access to the management port
- G. HTTPS access to any of the switch ports

Answer: ABF

NEW QUESTION 205

Refer to the exhibit.



How many nodes are represented on the network map shown?

- A. Four
- B. Three
- C. One
- D. Two

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 207

A user wants to use the iHealth Upgrade Advisor to determine any issues with upgrading TMOS from 13.0 to 13.1. Where can the user generate the QKView to upload to iHealth?

- A. System > Software Management
- B. System > Archives
- C. System > Configuration
- D. System > Support

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 208

As a part of the Setup Utility, the administrator sets the host name for the BIG IP. What would be the result if the two systems in a redundant pair were set to the same host name?

- A. Host names do not matter in redundant pair communication.
- B. In a redundant pair, the two systems will always have the same host name.
- C. The parameter is synchronized between the systems.
- D. The first time the systems are synchronized the receiving system will be assigned the same self-IP addresses as the source system.
- E. When the administrator attempts to access the configuration utility using the host name, they will always connect to the active system.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 209

A Virtual Server uses an iRule to send traffic to pool members depending on the URI. The BIG-IP Administrator needs to modify the pool member in the iRule. Which event declaration does the BIG-IP Administrator need to change to accomplish this?

- A. CLIENT_ACCEPTED
- B. HTTP_RESPONSE
- C. HTTP_REQUEST
- D. SERVER_CONNECTED

Answer: C

Explanation:

According to the URI distribution is the category of HTTP requests, need to trigger HTTP_REQUEST event.

NEW QUESTION 213

Which VLANs must be enabled for a SNAT to perform as desired (translating only desired packets)?

- A. The SNAT must be enabled for all VLANs.
- B. The SNAT must be enabled for the VLANs where desired packets leave the BIG-IP.
- C. The SNAT must be enabled for the VLANs where desired packets arrive on the BIG-IP.
- D. The SNAT must be enabled for the VLANs where desired packets arrive and leave the BIG-IP.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 218

Given that VLAN failsafe is enabled on the external VLAN and the network that the active BIG-IP's external VLAN is connected to has failed, which statement is always true about the results?

- A. The active system will note the failure in the HA table.
- B. The active system will reboot and the standby system will go into active mode.
- C. The active system will failover and the standby system will go into active mode.
- D. The active system will restart the traffic management module to eliminate the possibility that BIG-IP is the cause for the network failure.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 221

A BIG-IP Administrator is receiving intermittent reports from users that SSL connections to the BIG-IP device are failing. Upon checking the log files, the BIG-IP Administrator notices the following error message:

ere tmm<instance>[<pid>]: 01260008:3: SSL transaction (TPS) rate limit reached

After reviewing statistics, the BIG-IP Administrator notices there are a maximum of 1200 client-side SSL TPS and a maximum of 800 server-side SSL TPS.

What is the minimum SSL license limit capacity the BIG-IP Administrator should upgrade to handle this peak?

- A. 2000
- B. 400
- C. 800
- D. 1200

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 225

Active connections to pool members are unevenly distributed. The load balancing method is Least Connections (member) Priority Group Activation is disabled. What is a potential cause of the event distribution?

- A. Priority Group Activation is disabled
- B. SSL Profile Server is applied
- C. Persistence profile is applied
- D. incorrect load balancing method

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 230

You need to terminate client SSL traffic at the BIG-IP and also to persist client traffic to the same pool member based on a BIG IP supplied cookie. Which four are profiles that would normally be included in the virtual server's definition? (Choose four.)

- A. TCP
- B. HTTP
- C. HTTPS
- D. ClientSSL
- E. ServerSSL
- F. CookieBased Persistence

Answer: ABDF

NEW QUESTION 235

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to have a BIG-IP linked to two upstream switches for resilience of the external network. The network engineer who is going to configure the switch instructs the BIG-IP Administrator to configure interface binding with LACP. Which configuration should the administrator use?

- A. A virtual server with an LACP profile and the switches' management IPs as pool members.
- B. A virtual server with an LACP profile and the interfaces connected to the switches as pool members.
- C. A Trunk listing the allowed VLAN IDs and MAC addresses configured on the switches.
- D. A Trunk containing an interface connected to each switch.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 237

Assume a virtual server has a ServerSSL profile. What SSL certificates are required on the BIG-IP?

- A. No SSL certificates are required on the BIG-IP.
- B. The BIG-IP's SSL certificates must only exist.
- C. The BIG-IP's SSL certificates must be issued from a certificate authority.
- D. The BIG-IP's SSL certificates must be created within the company hosting the BIG-IPs.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 238

How should a BIG-IP Administrator persistent sessions from being sent to a pool member so that the server administrator can perform maintenance?

- A. force the pool member offline
- B. disable the pool member
- C. add an additional monitor to the pool
- D. disable the virtual server

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 242

A BIG-IP Administrator is working with a BIG-IP device and discovers that one of the Interfaces on a Trunk is DOWN. What is the reason for this Interface status?

- A. The switch is NOT connected to the Interface
- B. There is NO transceiver installed on the Interface
- C. There is NO default route configured for this trunk
- D. The media speed of the interface has NOT been set

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 246

A virtual server is listening at 10.10.1.100:80 and has the following iRule associated with it:
when HTTP_REQUEST { if { [HTTP::header UserAgent] contains "MSIE" }

{ pool MSIE_pool }

else { pool Mozilla_pool }

If a user connects to <http://10.10.1.100/foo.html> and their browser does not specify a UserAgent, which pool will receive the request?

- A. MSIE_pool
- B. Mozilla_pool
- C. Non
- D. The request will be dropped.
- E. Unknow
- F. The pool cannot be determined from the information provided.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 251

Refer of the exhibit.

```
show /cm device bigip1.local bigip3.local
```

```
-----  
CentMgmt::Device: bigip1.local  
-----
```

Hostname	bigip3.local
Mgmt Ip	172.1.1.233
Configsync Ip	10.1.1.43
Mirroring IP	::
Mirroring Secondary IP	::
Failover Multicast IP	::
Failover Unicast IP(s)	10.1.1.43
Device HA State	standby
Device HA Load Capacity	0
Device Current Load Factor	0
Device Next Active Load Factor	0
Time Delta to Local Device (sec)	12

The 816-IP Administrator runs the command shown and observes a device trust issue between BIG-IP devices in a device group. The issue prevents config sync on device bigip3.local.

What is preventing the config sync?

- A. Next Active Load factor is 0 on bigip1.local
- B. Both devices are standby
- C. Next Active Load factor is 1 on bigip1.local
- D. Time Delta to local system is 12

Answer: A

Explanation:

Option A should be bigip3.local?. if choose bigip3.local, you should choose A.

NEW QUESTION 255

Where is connection mirroring configured?

- A. It an option within a TCP profile.
- B. It is an optional feature of each pool.
- C. It is not configured; it is default behavior.

D. It is an optional feature of each virtual server.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 260

When upgrading a BIG-IP redundant pair, what happens when one system has been updated but the other has not?

- A. Synching should not be performed.
- B. The first system to be updated will assume the Active role.
- C. This is not possible since both systems are updated simultaneously.
- D. The older system will issue SNMP traps indicating a communication error with the partner.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 264

Assuming there are open connections through an active system's NAT and a fail over occurs, by default, what happens to those connections?

- A. All open connections will be lost.
- B. All open connections will be maintained.
- C. The "Mirror" option must be chosen on the NAT and the setting synchronized prior to the connection establishment.
- D. Longlived connections such as Telnet and FTP will be maintained while shortlived connections such as HTTP will be lost.
- E. All open connections are lost, but new connections are initiated by the newly active BIG IP, resulting in minimal client downtime.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 267

Assume a client's traffic is being processed only by a NAT; no SNAT or virtual server processing takes place. Also assume that the NAT definition specifies a NAT address and an origin address while all other settings are left at their defaults. If a client were to initiate traffic to the NAT address, what changes, if any, would take place when the BIG-IP processes such packets?

- A. The source address would not change, but the destination address would be translated to the origin address.
- B. The destination address would not change, but the source address would be translated to the origin address.
- C. The source address would not change, but the destination address would be translated to the NAT's address.
- D. The destination address would not change, but the source address would be translated to the NAT's address.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 268

A virtual server is listening at 10.10.1.100:80 and has the following iRule associated with it:

```
when HTTP_REQUEST { if {[HTTP::uri] ends_with "txt" } { pool pool1 } elseif {[HTTP::uri] ends_with "php" } { pool pool2 }
```

If a user connects to <http://10.10.1.100/foo.html>, which pool will receive the request?

- A. pool1
- B. pool2
- C. Non
- D. The request will be dropped.
- E. Unknow
- F. The pool cannot be determined from the information provided.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 271

Which two methods can be used to determine which BIG-IP is currently active? (Choose two.)

- A. The bigtop command displays the status.
- B. Only the active system's configuration screens are active.
- C. The status (Active/Standby) is embedded in the command prompt.
- D. The ifconfig a command displays the floating addresses on the active system.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 272

A standard virtual server has been associated with a pool with multiple members. Assuming all other settings are left at their defaults, which statement is always true concerning traffic processed by the virtual server?

- A. The client IP address is unchanged between the client side connection and the serverside connection.
- B. The server IP address is unchanged between the client side connection and the serverside connection.
- C. The TCP ports used in the client side connection are the same as the TCP ports serverside connection.
- D. The IP addresses used in the clientside connection are the same as the IP addresses used in the serverside connection.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 277

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to apply a health monitor for a pool of database servers named DB_Pool that uses TCP port 1521.

Where should the BIG-IP Administrator apply this monitor?

- A. Local Traffic > Profiles » Protocol > TCP
- B. Local Traffic > Nodes > Default Monitor
- C. Local Traffic > Pools > De Pool > Members
- D. Local Traffic > Pools > DB Pool > Properties

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 280

A user needs to determine known security vulnerabilities on an existing BIG-IP appliance and how to remediate these vulnerabilities. Which action should the BIG-IP Administrator recommend?

- A. Verify the TMOS version and review the release notes
- B. Create a UCS archive and upload to Health
- C. Create a UCS archive and open an F5 Support request
- D. Generate a view and upload to Heath

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 281

Which type of Virtual Server requires the use of a FastL4 profile?

- A. Performance (Layer 4)
- B. Stateless
- C. Performance (HTTP)
- D. Standard

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 286

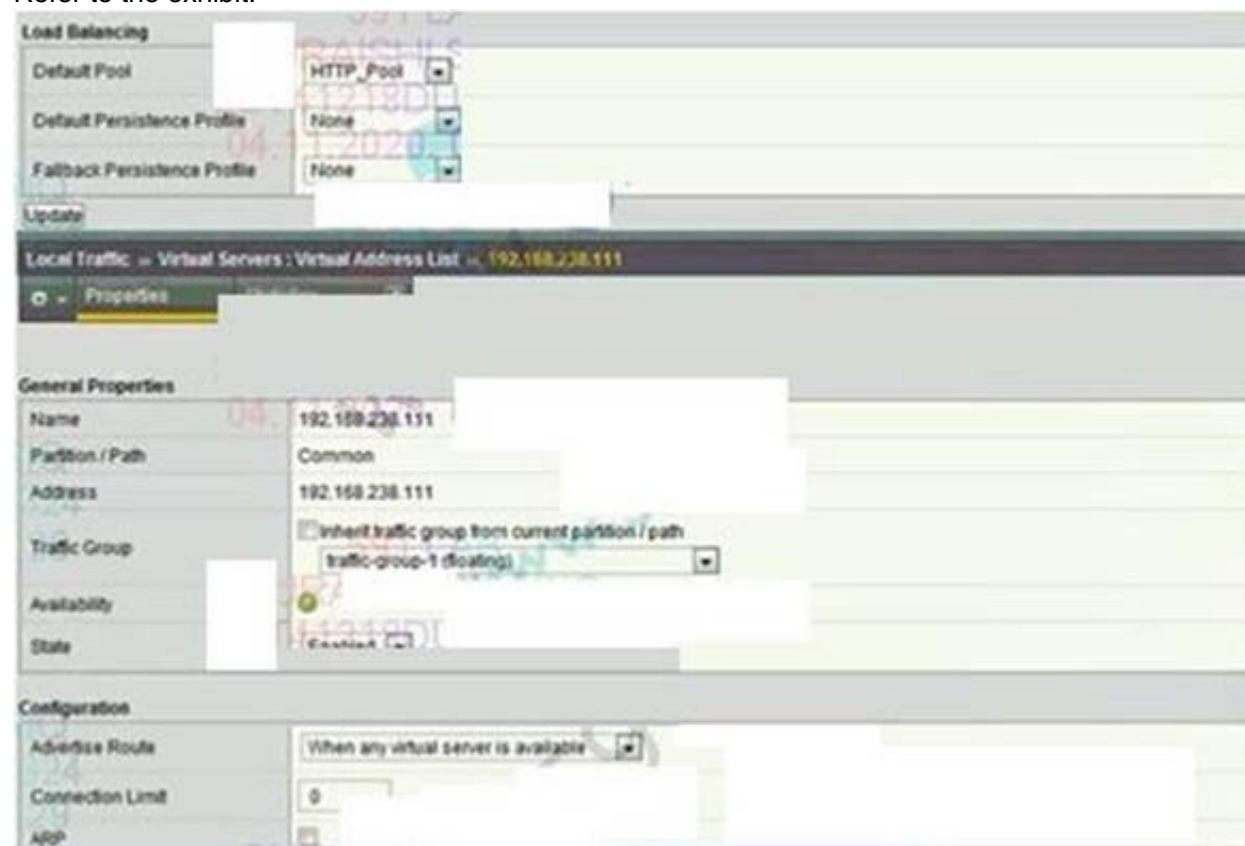
The BIG-IP Administrator configures an HTTP monitor with a specific receive string. The status is marked 'down'. Which tool should the administrator use to identify the problem?

- A. Ping
- B. Health
- C. tcpdump
- D. ifconfig

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 290

Refer to the exhibit.



An LTM device has a virtual server mapped to www.f5.com. Users report that when they connect to /resources/201.1.2h.l_l.com they are unable to receive content. What is the likely cause of the issue?

- A. The pool associated with the virtual server does not have priority group activation enabled.
- B. The virtual address does not have ARP enabled.
- C. The virtual address does not have route advertising enabled.
- D. The pool associated with the virtual server is failing its health check.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 293

A Standard Virtual Server for a web application is configured with Automap for the Source Address Translation option. The original source address of the client

must be known by the backend servers. What should the BIG-IP Administrator configure to meet this requirement?

- A. The Virtual Server type as Performance (HTTP)
- B. An HTTP profile to insert the X-Forward-For header
- C. An HTTP Transparent profile
- D. A SNAT Pool with the client IP

Answer: B

Explanation:

Because it is a web application, you can insert the source IP in the xff field in the http profile.

NEW QUESTION 297

Assuming other failover settings are at their default state, what would occur if the failover cable were to be disconnected for five seconds and then reconnected?

- A. As long as network communication is not lost, no change will occur.
- B. Nothin
- C. Failover due to loss of voltage will not occur if the voltage is lost for less than ten seconds.
- D. When the cable is disconnected, both systems will become activ
- E. When the voltage is restored, unit two will revert to standby mode.
- F. When the cable is disconnected, both systems will become activ
- G. When the voltage is restored, both systems will maintain active mode.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 302

Refer to the exhibit.



How many nodes are represented on the network map shown?

- A. Four
- B. Three
- C. One
- D. Two

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 303

Which two statements are true about NATs? (Choose two.)

- A. NATs support UDP, TCP, and ICMP traffic.
- B. NATs can be configured with mirroring enabled or disabled.
- C. NATs provide a one-to-one mapping between IP addresses.
- D. NATs provide a many-to-one mapping between IP addresses.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 307

A BIG-IP Administrator must determine if a Virtual Address is configured to fail over to the standby member of a device group in which area of the Configuration Utility can this be confirmed?

- A. Device Management > Traffic Groups
- B. Device Management > Devices
- C. Local Traffic > Virtual Servers
- D. Device Management > Overview

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 309

Which statement accurately describes the difference between two loadbalancing modes specified as "member" and "node"?

- A. There is no difference; the two terms are referenced for backward compatibility purposes.
- B. When the loadbalancing choice references "node", priority group activation is unavailable.
- C. Loadbalancing options referencing "nodes" are available only when the pool members are defined for the "any" port.
- D. When the loadbalancing choice references "node", the addresses' parameters are used to make the loadbalancing choice rather than the member's parameters.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 313

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to find which modules have been licensed for use on the BIG-IP system. In which section of the Configuration Utility can the BIG-IP Administrator find this information?

- A. System > Services
- B. System > Resource Provisioning
- C. System > Platform
- D. System > Support

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 318

Refer to the exhibit.

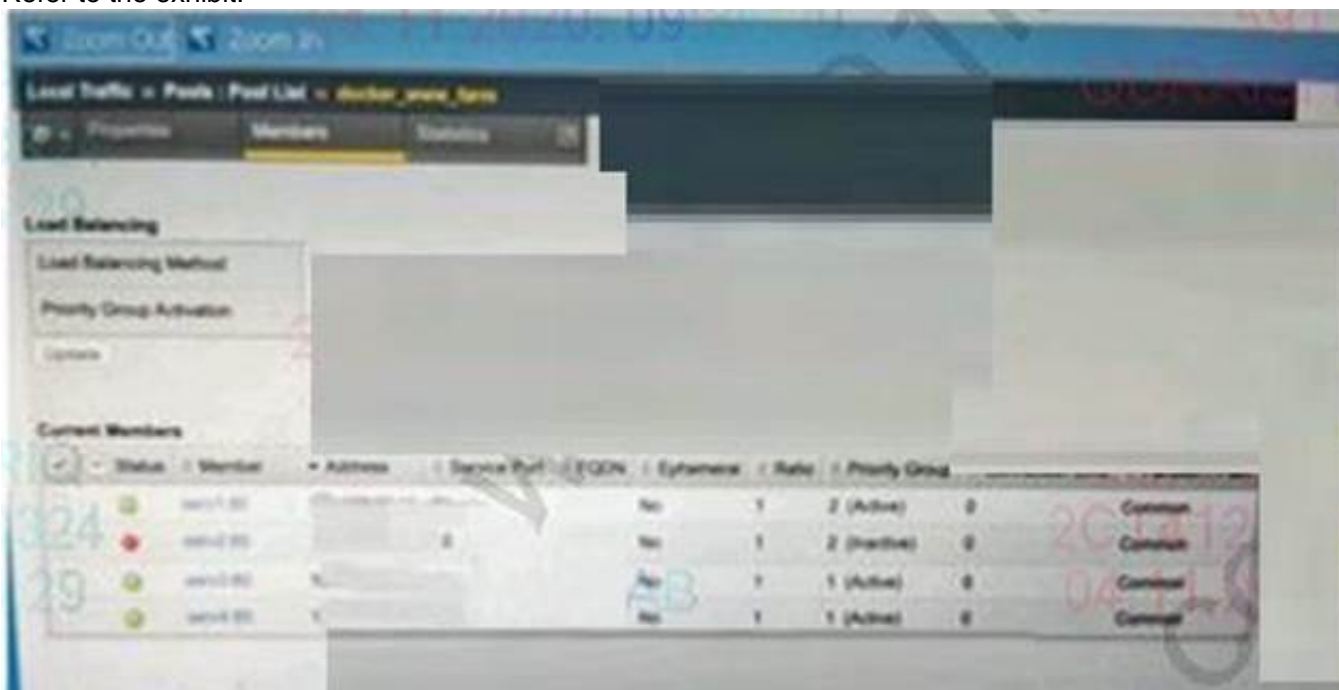
Which two pool members should be chosen for a new connection? (Choose two.)

- A. 172.16.15.9.80
- B. 172.16.15.4.80
- C. 172.10.15.2.80
- D. 172.16.15.1.80
- E. 172.16.15.7.80

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 323

Refer to the exhibit.



Status	Member	Address	Service Port	EQDN	Endpoint	Ratio	Priority Group
Active	serv1	172.16.15.1	80	No	1	2 (Active)	0
Inactive	serv2	172.16.15.4	80	No	1	2 (Inactive)	0
Active	serv3	172.16.15.7	80	No	1	1 (Active)	0
Inactive	serv4	172.16.15.9	80	No	1	1 (Inactive)	0

Which Pool Members are receiving traffic?

- A. Serv1, serv2, serv3, serv4
- B. serv1, serv3
- C. serv1, serv3, serv4
- D. serv1

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 326

An IT support engineer needs to access and modify Virtual Servers in three partitions (Common /Banking and Dev) daily on a BIG-IP device. The company operates a Least Privilege access policy. What level of access does the IT support engineer need to ensure completion of daily roles?

- A. Manager in /common/Banking, and /Dev partitions
- B. Application Editor in /Common, /Banking, and /Dev partitions
- C. Manager in all partitions
- D. Application Editor in all partitions

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 331

One of the two members of a device group has been decommissioned. The BIG-IP Administrator tries to delete the device group, but is unsuccessful. Prior to removing the device group, which action should be performed?

- A. Disable the device group
- B. Remove all members from the device group
- C. Remove the decommissioned device from the device group
- D. Make sure all members of the device group are in sync

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 335

A BIG-IP device sends out the following SNMP trap:

big-ipo.f5.com - bigipExternalLinkChange Link: 1.0 is DOWN

Where in the BIG-IP Configuration utility should the BIG-IP Administrator verify the current status of Link 1.0?

- A. System > Platform
- B. Network > Trunks > Trunk List
- C. Statistics > Performance > System
- D. Network > Interfaces > Interface List

Answer: D

Explanation:

1.1 is a physical interface, you can see the interface status from the physical interface in the network.

NEW QUESTION 338

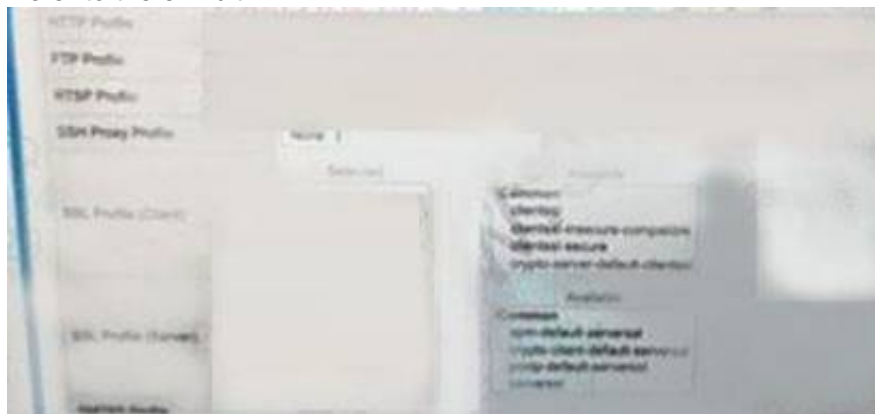
Users report that traffic is negatively affected every time a BIG-IP device fails over. The traffic becomes stabilized after a few minutes. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to reduce the impact of future failovers?

- A. Enable Failover Multicast Configuration
- B. Set up Failover Method to HA Order
- C. Configure MAC Masquerade
- D. Configure a global SNAT Listener

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 341

Refer to the exhibit.



A BIG-IP Administrator configures a Virtual Server to handle HTTPS traffic. Users report that the application is NOT working. Which actional configuration is regard to resolve this issue?

- A. Configure SSL Profile (Client)
- B. Configure Protocol Profile (Server)
- C. Configure Service Profile HTTP
- D. Configure SSL Profile (Server)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 344

Which action will take place when a failover trigger is detected by the active system?

- A. The active device will take the action specified for the failure.
- B. The standby device also detects the failure and assumes the active role.
- C. The active device will wait for all connections to terminate and then failover.
- D. The standby device will begin processing virtual servers that have failed, but the active device will continue servicing the functional virtual servers.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 347

Which cookie persistence method requires the fewest configuration changes on the web servers to be implemented correctly?

- A. insert
- B. rewrite
- C. passive
- D. session

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 351

Assume a virtual server is configured with a ClientSSL profile. What would the result be if the virtual server's destination port were not 443?

- A. SSL termination could not be performed if the virtual server's port was not port 443.
- B. Virtual servers with a ClientSSL profile are always configured with a destination port of 443.
- C. As long as client traffic was directed to the alternate port, the virtual server would work as intended.
- D. Since the virtual server is associated with a ClientSSL profile, it will always process traffic sent to port 443.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 356

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to restore a UCS file to an F5 device using the Configuration Utility. Which section of the Configuration Utility should the BIG-IP Administrator access to perform this task?

- A. Local Traffic > Virtual Servers
- B. Local Traffic > Policies
- C. System > Archives
- D. System > Configuration

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 361

Refer to the exhibit. The BIG-IP Administrator needs to avoid overloading any of the Pool Members with connections, when they become active. What should the BIG-IP Administrator configure to meet this requirement?

- A. Different Ratio for each member
- B. Same Priority Group to each member
- C. Action On Service Down to Reselect
- D. Slow Ramp Time to the Pool

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 362

A local user account (Users) on the BIG-IP device is assigned the User Manager role. User1 attempts to modify the properties of another account (User2), but the action fails. The BIG-IP Administrator can successfully modify the User2 account.

Assuming the principle of least privilege, what is the correct way to allow User 1 to modify User2 properties?

- A. Move User2 to the same partition as User1
- B. Grant User1 administrative privileges
- C. Move User to the same partition as User2.
- D. Modify the partition access for User 1

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 365

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to determine which pool members in a pool have been manually forced offline and are NOT accepting any new traffic. Which status icon indicates this?

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 368

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to configure the BIG-IP system to perform load balancing for FTP servers running passive mode FTP. How should the administrator configure the Virtual Server to perform this load balancing?

- A. A Standard Virtual Server + FTP profile
- B. A Forwarding Virtual Server
- C. A Performance Layer 4 Virtual Server + FTP profile
- D. A Message Routing Virtual Server

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 370

A BIG-IP Administrator is configuring a pool with members who have differing capabilities. Connections to pool members must be load balanced appropriately. Which load balancing method should the BIG-IP Administrator use?

- A. Least Sessions
- B. Least Connections (member)
- C. Fastest (node)
- D. Weighted Least Connections (member)

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 371

Which must be sent to the license server to generate a new license?

- A. the system's dossier
- B. the system's host name

- C. the system's base license
- D. the system's purchase order number

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 376

Which two statements are true about SNATs? (Choose two.)

- A. SNATs are enabled on all VLANs, by default.
- B. SNATs can be configured within a Profile definition.
- C. SNATs can be configured within a Virtual Server definition.
- D. SNAT's are enabled only on the VLAN where origin traffic arrives, by default.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 378

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to install a HotFix on a standalone BIG-IP device, which has HD1.1 as the Active Boot Location. The BIG-IP Administrator has already re-activated the license and created an UCS archive of the configuration. In which sequence should the BIG-IP Administrator perform the remaining steps?

- A. Install HotFix in HD 1.1, Reboot the BIG-IP device
- B. Install UCS Archive
- C. Install HotFix in HD 1.2, Install base Image in HD 1.2, Activate HD1.2
- D. Install base Image in HD1.2, Install HotFix in HD1.2, Activate HD 1.2
- E. Activate HD 1.2, Install base image in HD 1.2. Install HotFix in HD 1.2

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 382

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