

VMware

Exam Questions 3V0-21.21

Advanced Design VMware vSphere 7.x



NEW QUESTION 1

An architect is reviewing a physical storage design. The customer has specified that storage DRS will be used for ease of operational management for capacity and performance.

Which recommendation should the architect include in the design?

- A. Create smaller datastores to balance space with Storage DRS
- B. Use a larger number of storage profiles (varied disk speeds and RAID levels) to improve performance
- C. Create larger datastores to balance space with Storage DRS
- D. Create more datastores within each Storage DRS cluster to balance space and performance

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 2

A customer requests a review of its current vSphere platform design.

The following information is noted:

- There are three different workload profiles for the virtual machines:
- Tier-1 virtual machines operate resource-intensive applications and require dedicated allocations for CPU and RAM.
- Tier-2 virtual machines operate internet-facing applications and require access to externally facing networks.
- Tier-3 virtual machines operate platform management tools such as vCenter Server and have different lifecycle management requirements.
- Tier-1, Tier-2 and Tier-3 virtual machines are all hosted on a single large vSphere cluster.
- The Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) has raised concerns that hosting externally facing applications alongside management tools does not meet internal compliance standards.
- The Operations team has raised concerns about Tier-1 virtual machines negatively impacting the performance of vCenter Server.
- The Operations lead has stated that management changes have consistently been rejected by application teams.

As a result of the review, which recommendation should the architect make regarding the design of this platform?

- A. Separate Tier-1, Tier-2 and Tier-3 virtual machines using dedicated distributed virtual switches (DVS)
- B. Separate Tier-2 virtual machines onto a dedicated cluster
- C. Separate Tier-1, Tier-2 and Tier-3 virtual machines onto dedicated clusters
- D. Separate Tier-1, Tier-2 and Tier-3 virtual machines using resource pools and shares

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 3

An architect is designing a new vSphere platform for a customer to meet the following requirements:

- The platform must be deployed into five physically separate sites.
- The sites are spread across multiple regions.
- Some sites require more than one vCenter Server.
- The platform must provide an administrator with the ability to access virtual infrastructure components across all sites from a single management tool instance.

Which single sign-on (SSO) design recommendation will meet these requirements?

- A. Use an SSO domain across all vCenter Server instances
- B. Use an SSO domain per region
- C. Use an SSO domain per vCenter Server instance
- D. Use an SSO domain per site

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 4

During a transformation project kick-off meeting, an architect highlights specific areas on which to focus while developing the new conceptual design.

Which two of the listed statements are business requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. The project should use the existing storage devices within the data center
- B. Sites must support a network latency of less than 12 ms round-trip time (RTT)
- C. The solution must allow data replication between sites
- D. There is no budget specifically assigned for disaster recovery
- E. There must not be a single point of failure for the virtual infrastructure

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 5

An architect is designing the expansion of an existing vSphere 7 environment. The customer is requesting a design for a new cluster to support the anticipated future business growth. The requirements specified for the existing environment design must be considered when designing the new cluster.

The existing design has the following requirements:

- REQ01 The environment has an availability target of 99.5% for all infrastructure.
- REQ02 The recovery time objective (RTO) for Tier 1 virtual machines is one hour.
- REQ03 Windows and Linux virtual machines must reside on separate clusters.
- REQ04 Access to the management cluster within the environment must be controlled. Which of the listed requirements would be classified as a functional requirement?

- A. The environment has an availability target of 99.5% for all infrastructure

- B. The recovery time objective (RTO) for Tier 1 virtual machines is one hour
- C. Access to the management cluster within the environment must be controlled
- D. Windows and Linux virtual machines must reside on separate clusters

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 6

An architect is designing a new greenfield environment that will install ESXi on local disks. There is a requirement to streamline initial and future installations of ESXi hosts.

Which configuration option should the architect recommend for installing ESXi hosts to meet these requirements?

- A. Installation with kick start script
- B. Auto Deploy with stateless caching mode
- C. Manual installation using boot from SAN
- D. Auto Deploy with stateful install mode

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 7

During a requirements gathering workshop, the customer's Chief Information Security Office (CISO) provides the following requirements that are pertinent to the design of a new vSphere environment:

- > All operating system critical patches must be installed within 24 hours of release.
- > All virtual machine templates must be updated every three months in line with company policy.

Which requirement classification is being gathered for the design documentation?

- A. Security
- B. Manageability
- C. Recoverability
- D. Availability

Answer: A

Explanation:

This is lifecycle management function. The requirement is system critical patches, not system security patches.

NEW QUESTION 8

An architect is designing a new vSphere platform to meet a list of requirements from the security team. Which two requirements would be classified as non-functional requirements? (Choose two.)

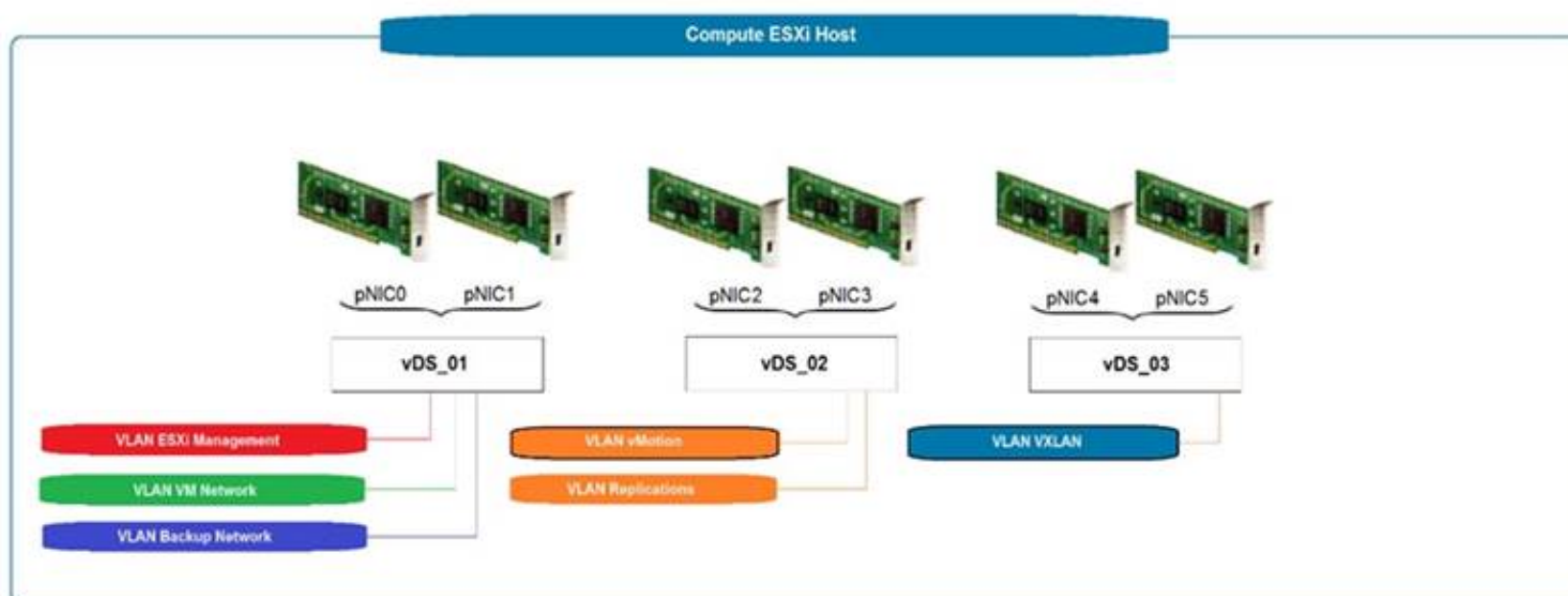
- A. Migration of virtual machines between hosts must be encrypted
- B. Log information must be verbose to support incident resolution
- C. Critical events generated within the platform must be logged to an external Syslog service
- D. Data integrity must be ensured
- E. A common content library must be maintained across all data centers

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 9

Refer to the exhibit.

During a requirements gathering workshop, the architect shares the following diagram:



What should the architect recommend for guaranteed throughput for each service?

- A. Use explicit failover order with pNIC0 as Active for ESXi Management and VM Network Use explicit failover order with pNIC1 as Active for backup network Use explicit failover order with pNIC2 as Active for vMotion Use explicit failover order with pNIC3 as Active for replication
- B. Use the Route Based on IP Hash for ESXi management and VM network Use the Route Based on IP Hash for backup network Use the Route Based on the Originating Virtual Port for vMotion Use failover with pNIC3 as Active for replication
- C. Create a link aggregation group (LAG) for vDS_01 Use the Route Based on Physical NIC Load for vMotion Use the Route Based on Physical NIC Load for replication

D. Use the Route Based on IP Hash for ESXi management and VM network Use failover with pNIC1 as Active for backup network Create a link aggregation group (LAG) for vDS_02

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

During a requirements gathering workshop, the customer provides the following requirement:

➤ A new vSphere platform must be designed securely and all interfaces must be protected against potential snooping.
 How should this non-functional security requirement be documented?

- A. Interfaces must be audited.
- B. Encrypted channels must be used for all communications.
- C. Unauthorized access to interfaces must be reported within 15 minutes.
- D. Communications must be through Private VLANs (PVLAN).

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

Which design decision must be included in a design to allow for the deployment of a minimum supported configuration of vCenter High Availability (HA)?

- A. A new subnet will be provisioned for vCenter HA services
- B. A vSphere cluster will consist of more than three nodes
- C. The deployed vCenter Server will be Tiny
- D. The vCenter HA network will support a latency of less than 50 ms

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/7.0/com.vmware.vsphere.avail.doc/GUID-8FD87389-8CC9-429>

NEW QUESTION 14

An architect is tasked with designing a greenfield VMware software-defined data center (SDDC) solution that will be used to deliver a private cloud service for a customer.

During the initial meeting with the service owner and business sponsor, the customer has provided the following information to help inform the design:

- The solution must support the concurrent running of 1,000 virtual machines
- The production environment must be delivered across two geographically dispersed data centers All virtual machines must be capable of running in either data center.
- The two data centers are currently connected to each other through a single but diversely routed, high bandwidth and low latency link.
- The link between the two data centers is capable of supporting a round-trip time (RTT) of 150 ms The existing server hardware standard document states that all virtual infrastructure hosts must be deployed using vSAN ReadyNodes
- The service owner has stated that it is critical to ensure the availability target of 99.9% All virtual machine backups must be completed using the existing backup service
- The recovery time objective (RTO) for the service is five minutes
- The recovery point objective (RPO) of the service is four hours

Which two elements represent risks to the successful delivery of this solution? (Choose two.)

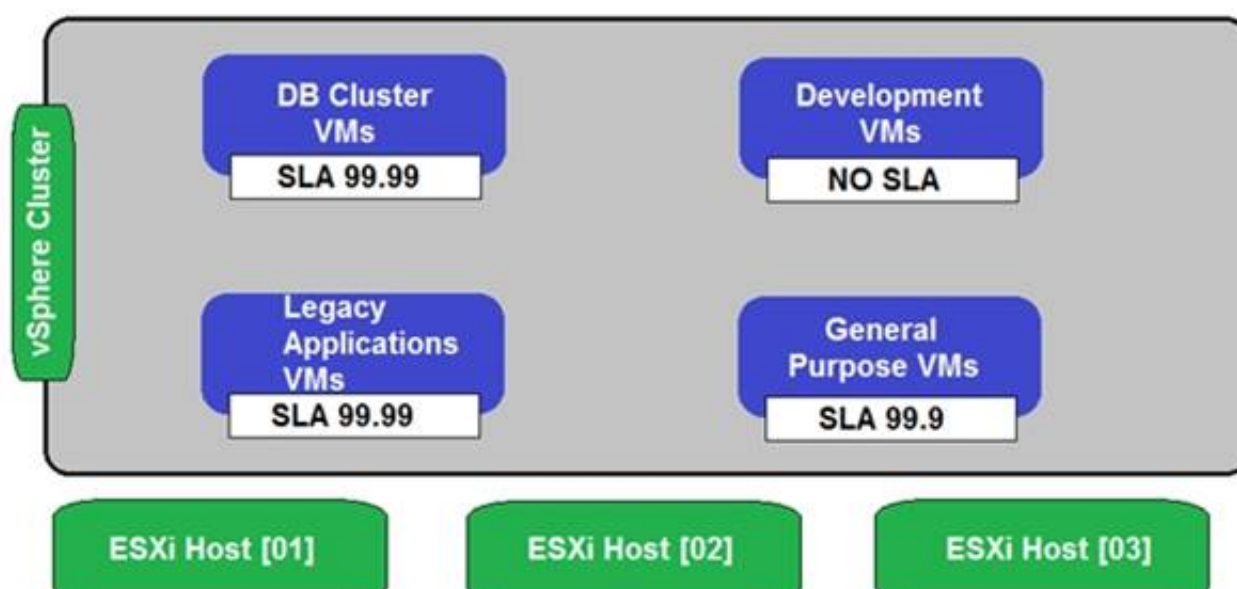
- A. The use of only two data centers
- B. The network connectivity between data center sites
- C. The use of vSAN ReadyNodes
- D. The RTT on the link between the two data centers
- E. The use of the existing backup service

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 17

Refer to the exhibit.

During a requirements gathering workshop, a customer shares the following diagram regarding their availability service-level agreements (SLAs):



The customer states that there is no application level availability for legacy applications.

Which recommendation could the architect make to meet the customer's high availability requirements for the legacy applications virtual machines?

- A. Enable vSphere HA and add a VM Override with VM Restart Priority set to Disabled
- B. Enable Fault Tolerance
- C. Achieve application availability with snapshots
- D. Enable vSphere HA and add a VM Override with VM Restart Priority set to Lowest

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 22

In a meeting to discuss the minimum viable product (MVP) deployment of a new customer-facing application, the key stakeholder shares details of the application components and the application administrators share details of performance and integrity tests for the application.

The application will be made up of the following components:

➤ A web server

-Steps to confirm the web server is operating correctly will take 15 minutes after the application server is online.

➤ An application server

-Steps to confirm application server integrity will take 15 minutes after the database is online.

➤ A database server

-The database server will be managed by a database administrator, with an agreed service-level agreement (SLA) to restore and validate database services within one hour.

The existing VMware infrastructure offers a recovery point objective (RPO) of 5 minutes and recovery time objective (RTO) of 15 minutes through a combination of backups and replication.

In the event of an outage impacting all three application components, how long will it take for the application to recover and complete all checks?

- A. 15 minutes
- B. 60 minutes
- C. 105 minutes
- D. 90 minutes

Answer: C

Explanation:

15 restore VMs + 60 restore and test DB + 15 test app server + 15 test web server

NEW QUESTION 23

The Chief Operating Officer (COO) at an organization raises concerns that their virtual infrastructure environment is vulnerable. Recently, a security-related issue with a virtual machine caused all management services to become unavailable. No budget is available in the short term for additional platform investment. An architect is asked to review the current environment and make recommendations to mitigate concerns.

A virtualization administrator has provided the following details:

➤ There is a single four node cluster of ESXi servers

➤ There are two, Layer 2, physical network switches connecting resources

➤ The data center network is presented as a single /16 subnet

Given the information provided, which functional requirement should the architect include in the design to mitigate the COOs concerns?

- A. The virtual infrastructure environment must connect application virtual machines and management services to new physical network switches
- B. The virtual infrastructure environment must connect application virtual machines and management services to separate distributed virtual switches (DVS)
- C. The virtual infrastructure environment must connect application virtual machines and management services to separate VLANs
- D. The virtual infrastructure environment must connect management services to a vSphere standard switch (VSS)

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 25

An architect is tasked with designing a greenfield VMware software-defined data center (SDDC) solution that will be used to deliver a private cloud service for a customer.

During the initial meeting with the service owner and business sponsor, the customer has provided the following information to help inform the design:

➤ The solution must initially support the concurrent running of 300 production and 600 development virtual machines.

➤ The production environment should be delivered across two geographically dispersed data centers. The development environment must be vSphere-based but does not have to be deployed on-premises.

➤ The two data centers are connected to each other through multiple diversely routed, high bandwidth and low latency links.

➤ The customer's server hardware standard document states that all virtual infrastructure hosts must be based on blade architecture only.

➤ The service owner has said that is important to ensure that neither the availability target of 99.5% nor the resource capacity is affected when the operations team completes maintenance activities, such as the monthly software patching and ad-hoc hardware break/fix.

➤ All virtual machine backups must be completed using the existing backup service. The recovery time objective (RTO) for the service is four hours.

➤ The recovery point objective (RPO) of the service is 24 hours.

Given the information from the customer, which two would be classified as assumptions within the design? (Choose two.)

- A. The backup service will store data in a secure facility
- B. The backup service has sufficient capacity for the new requirements
- C. The customer will update their hardware standard to support rack mount servers
- D. All virtual machines will be deployed with the same resource profile for production and development
- E. The clusters will have a minimum redundancy of N+1

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 28

An architect is designing storage for a new vSphere environment to meet the following requirements: ➤ Asynchronous replication is required between two sites.

- The impact on the storage layer should not impact the performance of the compute layer.
- Each application tier will require different replication attributes.
- Virtual machine live migration across compute and storage must be supported.
- Virtual machine aware back up will be leveraged.
- Operational management overhead should be minimized.
- Operational automation should be supported.

Which storage design recommendations would meet the requirements?

- A. Two new Fibre Channel storage arrays will be deployed, one at either site. Each application tier will be initially provisioned a new LU
- B. Data replication will be offloaded to the new arrays.
- C. Two new vSphere clusters enabled with vSAN will be deployed, one at either site
- D. vSAN will be used to provide policy-based management for each application tier. vSphere Replication will be used to replicate the virtual machine data in an asynchronous configuration.
- E. Two new iSCSI storage arrays will be deployed, one at either site. Each application tier will be initially provisioned a new LU
- F. Data replication will be offloaded to the new arrays.
- G. Two new storage arrays will be deployed, one at either site. vSphere Volumes (vVOLS) will be used to provide policy-based management for each application tier
- H. Data replication will be offloaded to the new arrays.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 33

An architect is considering placement of virtual machines within an existing VMware software-defined data center (SDDC). During the discovery phase, the following information is documented:

Cluster One

- Six ESXi hosts
- vSphere HA with host failures cluster tolerates = 1
- Proactive HA is enabled and set to automated
- Fully Automated vSphere DRS
- Transparent Page Sharing (TPS) is enabled

Cluster Two

- Eight ESXi hosts
- vSphere HA with host failures cluster tolerates = 1
- Proactive HA is disabled
- Partially Automated vSphere DRS
- Transparent Page Sharing (TPS) is disabled

Cluster Three

- Three ESXi hosts
- vSphere HA with admission control is disabled
- Proactive HA is not supported
- Transparent Page Sharing (TPS) is disabled

Virtual Machine Resource Profile 1

- Memory sharing techniques should not be used
- Virtual machines should be automatically restarted in the event of host failure if resources are available
- Automated initial virtual machine placement

Virtual Machine Resource Profile 2

- Memory sharing techniques can be used
- Virtual machines should be protected from any host hardware failures
- Automated initial virtual machine placement

Which two recommendations should the architect make for placement of the virtual machines to meet resource profile requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. All virtual machines matching Virtual Machine Resource Profile 2 should be placed on Cluster One.
- B. All virtual machines matching Virtual Machine Resource Profile 1 should be placed on Cluster One.
- C. All virtual machines matching Virtual Machine Resource Profile 2 should be placed on Cluster Two.
- D. All virtual machines matching Virtual Machine Resource Profile 1 should be placed on Cluster Two.
- E. All virtual machines matching Virtual Machine Resource Profile 2 should be placed on Cluster Three.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 38

An architect is designing a VMware solution for a customer to meet the following requirements:

- The solution must use investments in existing storage array that supports both block and file storage.
- The solution must support the ability to migrate workloads between hosts within a cluster.
- The solution must support resource management priorities.
- The solution must support the ability to connect virtual machines directly to LUNs.
- The solution should use existing 32G fabric infrastructure.
- There is no budget for additional physical hardware.

Which design decision should the architect make to meet these requirements?

- A. The ESXi hosts will leverage Fibre Channel (FC).
- B. The ESXi hosts will leverage iSCSI.
- C. The ESXi hosts will leverage Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE).
- D. The ESXi hosts will leverage NFS.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 41

An architect is preparing a design for a company planning digital transformation. During the requirements gathering workshop, the following requirements (REQ) and constraints (CON) are identified:

- REQ01 The platform must host different types of workloads including applications that must be compliant with internal security standard.
- REQ02 The infrastructure must initially run 100 virtual machines.
- REQ03 Ten of the virtual machines must be compliant with internal security standard.
- CON01 The customer has already purchased the licenses as part of another project.
- CON02 The customer has five physical servers that must be reused.

Additionally, based on resource requirements, four physical servers will be enough to run all workloads. Which recommendation should the architect make to meet requirements while minimizing project costs?

- A. Use Network I/O Control to ensure the internal security zone has higher share value
- B. Purchase additional servers and plan separate, isolated clusters for workloads that must be compliant with internal security
- C. Use a single cluster and ensure that different security zones are separated at least with dedicated VLANs and firewall
- D. Use a single cluster and configure DRS anti-affinity rules to ensure internal security compliant virtual machines cannot migrate between ESXi hosts.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 46

An architect is tasked with planning the design of a new vSphere environment. When commissioned, this environment will be used to migrate an existing set of virtual machines.

An inventory of the existing infrastructure, including configured vCPU, RAM and storage sizes has been provided.

In order for each virtual machine to be migrated, which two data sources with peak and average utilization data are required for sizing? (Choose two.)

- A. %Ready
- B. Disk Write latency
- C. CPU
- D. Ballooned memory
- E. IOPS

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 48

Following a recent acquisition, an architect needs to merge IT assets into its current data center. The combined vSphere environment will need to run the newly acquired company's virtual machines.

Network integration work has already been completed and the current environment has capacity to host all virtual machines. The Operations team needs to identify which virtual machines belong to the acquired company and report on their usage.

How should the architect merge the company's assets and virtual machines?

- A. Leave the newly acquired company's assets in its current place
- B. Lift and shift the acquired assets into the data center
- C. Migrate the acquired company's virtual machines into the existing vSphere environment
- D. Migrate and apply vSphere tags to the acquired company's virtual machines

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 50

An architect is designing a new VMware software-defined data center (SDDC) that will consist of 100 branch sites connected to a single VMware vCenter Server within the primary data center. To allow for the use of existing automation scripts, there is a requirement to replicate the names of the virtual distributed port groups across all sites. The procurement team purchases licensing and there is no further budget allocated.

Which design decision should the architect make to meet this requirement?

- A. A new vCenter Server will be deployed for each branch site
- B. A new host and cluster folder will be created for each branch site
- C. The automation script will be updated to reflect unique naming for each site
- D. A new virtual data center will be created for each branch site

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 55

Which requirement would be classified as a functional requirement within the application design documentation?

- A. The application must be hosted with redundancy levels of N+1 or better.
- B. Penetration testing must be executed quarterly with a pass rate of 80% or higher.
- C. The application must be capable of handling 200 transactions per second.
- D. Administrators must monitor the network traffic of the desired systems.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 57

The architect for a large enterprise is tasked with reviewing a proposed design created by a service partner. Which design elements are expected to be detailed within the physical design section of the documentation?

- A. A design diagram illustrating the configuration and specific attributes, such as IP addresses
- B. A list of requirements, constraints, and risks
- C. A solution architecture diagram with the components and data flow
- D. An entity relationship diagram describing upstream and downstream dependencies for specific service components

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 62

A customer defines a requirement to minimize the vMotion migration time during a maintenance period. The servers being used are equipped with eight 1 GbE network adapters.

Per the defined logical network configuration, there are two network adapters each used for:

- Management traffic
- vMotion traffic
- iSCSI traffic
- Virtual machine traffic

Which design decision should the architect make to meet the customer requirement?

- A. Use Network I/O Control to define a reservation for vMotion traffic.
- B. Implement Multi-NIC vMotion by adding additional vMotion VMkernels.
- C. Configure a dedicated TCP/IP stack for vMotion traffic.
- D. Combine vMotion and Management traffic to make use of four adapters.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 63

An architect is designing a vSphere environment for a customer based on the following information:

- The vSphere cluster will have three hosts only due to budget considerations.
- A database cluster (node majority) consisting of three virtual machines will be running on the vSphere cluster.

Which two recommendations can the architect make so that the customer achieves the highest level of application availability while taking into consideration operational resiliency? (Choose two.)

- A. Create VM-VM anti-affinity rules
- B. Set `das.respectvmvantiiaffinityrules` to false
- C. Create VM-Host anti-affinity rules
- D. Disable vSphere HA during maintenance
- E. Set `das.ignoreinsufficienthbdatastore` to true

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 67

During a requirements gathering workshop to design a physical to virtual migration, the customer provides the following information:

- There is no physical firewall in the data center with no anticipated plans for a future network refresh.
- Leveraging the virtual infrastructure to mitigate the lack of network security must be addressed in the design.
- All physical servers to be migrated exist on the same VLAN.

Which recommendation should the architect make to address the customer requirement with regard to virtual networking?

- A. Split the virtual machines into several VLANs Use tag actions
- B. Create port groups with different names and same VLAN IDs Enable traffic shaping for ingress and egress traffic
- C. Enable traffic filtering and marking Use allow or drop actions
- D. Disable traffic filtering and marking Use tag actions

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 72

Which two of the listed requirements would be classified as manageability non-functional requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. ESXi clusters must scale when compute resources are sustained above 70% for five business days
- B. vSphere Fault Tolerance must be supported to improve application uptime
- C. ESXi host updates must be installed within one week of release
- D. The vSphere environment must support administrator password rotation
- E. ESXi clusters must scale to 500 concurrent virtual machines

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 76

A new real-time financial service application is being developed by the engineering team at a financial firm and will be released as a public Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) offering. The solutions architect has designed and deployed a new vSphere environment and the supporting network infrastructure for hosting all public services. ESXi hosts are configured to use Precision Time Protocol (PTP) and a local stratum-1 network time server.

Application provisioning and scaling will be managed by VMware vRealize Automation and can be run on Microsoft Windows or multiple distributions of Linux. Which three recommendations should the architect include in the design to ensure that the service maintain timekeeping within an accuracy of one second? (Choose three.)

- A. Use Microsoft Windows Server as the guest operating system.
- B. Configure the chrony time-sync agent on each virtual machine guest operating system.
- C. Set the virtual hardware device to use Host System Time (NTP) for each virtual machine running the application.
- D. Add a precision clock virtual device to each virtual machine running the application.
- E. Use a Linux distribution as the guest operating system.
- F. Add a virtual watchdog timer (VWDT) device to each virtual machine running the application.

Answer: ABC

NEW QUESTION 80

An architect decides to separate virtual desktops and application servers into separate vSphere clusters to meet security and management requirements. What are two implications of this design decision? (Choose two.)

- A. There will be an increase in management overhead.
- B. Identical hardware must be procured for all hosts.
- C. There will be a reduction in performance.
- D. The patching cycles will affect both clusters at the same time.
- E. There will be additional licensing and cost requirements for both clusters.

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 83

During a requirements gathering workshop, the customer provides the following requirement (REQ) and constraints (CON):

- REQ01: The customer is looking for a way to limit database virtual machine (VM) placement to save on CPU licensing costs.
- CON01: There is a single cluster with no budget to scale.
- CON02: All virtual machines must run on the consolidated cluster.

Which two design decisions should the architect make to meet the customer requirement? (Choose two.)

- A. The solution must use VM-VM anti-affinity rules
- B. The solution must use vSphere DRS in manual mode
- C. The solution must use a vRealize Orchestrator workflow for VM placement
- D. The solution must use VM-Host affinity rules
- E. The solution must use vSphere VM and host DRS groups

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 85

An architect is tasked with expanding an existing VMware software-defined data center (SDDC) solution so that it can be used to deliver a virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI) service off-shore development activities.

The production environment is currently delivered across two geographically dispersed data centers. The two data centers are currently connected to each other through multiple diversely routed, high bandwidth and low latency links. The current operations management components are deployed to a dedicated management cluster that is configured with N+1 redundancy. The current VMware software-defined data center (SDDC) has a monthly availability target of 99.5%, which includes all management components.

The customer requires that the new solution scale to support the concurrent running of 500 persistent virtual desktops. The virtual desktops must not share the same virtual infrastructure as existing virtual machines, but can be managed using the same VMware operations management components. Any new VDI service management components must be installed into the management cluster. There is no requirement to back up the virtual desktops because all relevant user data is stored centrally. The VDI service is providing business critical services and must have an availability target of 99.9%.

Given the information from the customer, which two assumptions would the architect include in the design? (Choose two.)

- A. The existing virtual infrastructure has sufficient capacity to host the new VDI workloads
- B. The existing operations monitoring tools have sufficient capacity to monitor the new VDI services
- C. The existing management cluster has enough available capacity to host any VDI service management component
- D. The management cluster has N+1 redundancy
- E. The VDI service has a higher service-level agreement (SLA) than the operations management SLA

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 90

Which of the listed requirements would be classified as a recoverability non-functional requirement?

- A. The platform must be integrated with existing change control policies.
- B. The platform must be able to support a maximum tolerable downtime (MTD) of 30 minutes.
- C. Maintenance windows must be scheduled to take place monthly during an established overnight period.
- D. The platform must be available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week with the exception of scheduled downtime.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 95

An architect is tasked with designing a new VMware software-defined data center (SDDC) solution for an online retail customer who has a primary and secondary data center as well as 10 distribution hubs.

The customer has provided the following business requirements to help inform the design:

- The solution must support the running of up to 1,000 concurrent virtual machines across the primary and secondary data center.

- The solution must support the running of up to 20 concurrent virtual machines in each distribution hub.
- The solution must support the separation of management and lines-of-business application virtual machines.
- All management components (including directory services, backup, automation, operations and logging) must be deployed to the primary data center.
- All virtual infrastructure components must have redundancy of N+1.
- The solution should support a monthly uptime target of 99.9%.
- The recovery time objective (RTO) for the solution must be four hours.
- The recovery point objective (RPO) for the solution must be 24 hours.

Given the information from the customer, which assumption should the architect include in the design?

- A. All business application virtual machines can be deployed into a single cluster within the primary data center.
- B. Each distribution hub should be configured with a backup device.
- C. The wide area network has sufficient bandwidth to support centralized management.
- D. Each cluster will have a minimum of four hosts.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 98

An architect is designing a series of new vSphere environments for an organization. The environments will be deployed in their US-East and US-West region data centers. Each data center may have one or more dedicated vSphere environments. Only the vSphere environments within a data center will be configured with Enhanced Linked Mode. The Chief Technology Officer (CTO) has authorized the use of VMware vRealize Automation Cloud for automation. The build team creates standardized virtual machine images for various operating systems in Open Virtualization Format (OVF) and publishes the latest version on an as-needed basis to an internal HTTPS-accessible repository.

The architect must design a content library topology that meets the following requirements:

- A localized content library must be available in each data center.
- Each content library must be updated when an image is updated and released by the build team.
- It must leverage the existing build team processes.

What should the architect recommend to meet the requirements?

- A. Work with the build team to create a local content library for each vSphere environment. Import the OVF images when new image are published to the repository.
- B. Create a local content library for the primary vSphere environment in each data center. Create a subscribed content library for each additional vSphere environment in each data center.
- C. Configure the content library to download content automatically.
- D. Work with the build team to automate a JSON-based manifest to the repository when changes occur in the repository. Create a subscribed content library for each vSphere environment.
- E. Configure the content library to download content when needed.
- F. Work with the build team to automate a JSON-based manifest to the repository when changes occur in the repository. Create a subscribed content library for each vSphere environment.
- G. Configure the content library to download content automatically.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 102

Which two of the listed requirements would be classified as performance non-functional requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. The vSphere platform must be able to provide a recovery time objective of 30 minutes
- B. The vSphere platform must be able to provide a minimum throughput of 400 MB/s
- C. The vSphere platform must be able to provide N+1 redundancy
- D. The vSphere platform must be able to provide a maximum read latency of 15 ms
- E. The vSphere platform must be able to provide a service-level agreement (SLA) of 99.9%

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 104

A customer requires the use of data encryption to ensure data is not accessible when a drive is removed from the primary storage platform. However, there is also a requirement to use deduplication and compression against all workloads in order to conserve space.

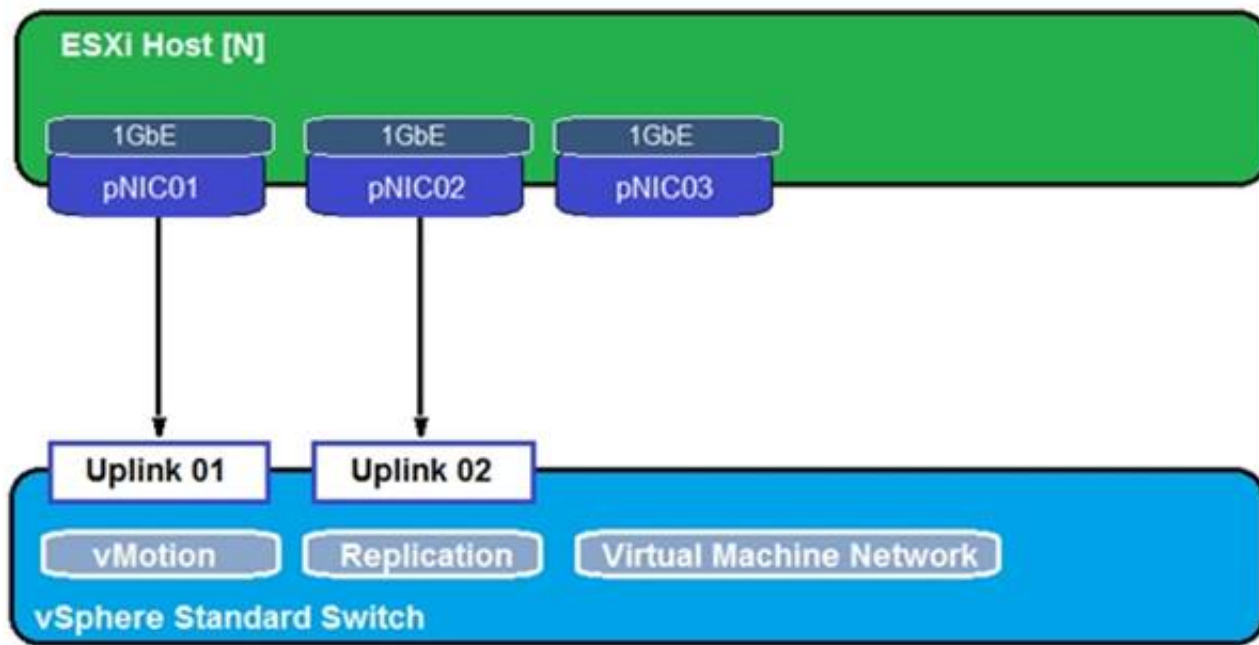
Which solution meets the customer requirements?

- A. Data-in-transit encryption
- B. OS-level encryption
- C. Encrypted backups
- D. Array-based encryption

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 108

Refer to the exhibit.



During a requirements gathering workshop, the customer shares the following about their existing ESXi host virtual networking infrastructure:
 The customer confirms that:

- Each ESXi host has approximately 200 virtual machines.
- They want to maximize the number of concurrent virtual machine migrations.
- When placing a host in maintenance mode, it takes a long time to evacuate the virtual machines. Which two recommendations should the architect make in order to help the customer overcome their challenge? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure the network to use MTU for the VMotion VMKernel to 1,600 bytes
- B. Configure the network to use MTU for the VMotion VMKernel to 9,000 bytes
- C. Create an additional standard switch with pNIC3 to use for vMotion
- D. Use the 3 pNICs and bundle them in a link aggregation group (LAG) configuration
- E. Use 10 GbE NICs instead of 1 GbE

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 111

Application owners require support of a Microsoft Windows Server Failover Cluster (WSFC).
 Their current environment consists of the following components:

- vSphere 7.0 and vSAN 7.0
- External array supporting NFS 3.0/4.1, Server Message Block (SMB) 2.1
- 10 GbE storage connectivity for all devices

The solution architect is tasked with coming up with a solution to meet this requirement while utilizing their existing investments.
 Which two recommendations could the architect make? (Choose two.)

- A. Use vSAN native support for WSFC
- B. Use NFS 4.1 shares for quorum and shared disk
- C. Use raw device mapping (RDM)
- D. Use the SMB 2.1 protocol for sharing disks
- E. Run WSFC on vSAN iSCSI Target Service

Answer: AE

Explanation:

<https://blogs.vmware.com/virtualblocks/2018/04/18/vsan-6-7-introducing-wsfc-support-vsan>

NEW QUESTION 116

An architect is designing a VMware software-defined data center (SDDC) solution based on the following customer requirements:

- The solution must initially support 1,000 virtual machines
- The solution must scale to support the concurrent running of up to 5,000 virtual machines
- The production environment should be delivered across two data centers
- The solution should have a maximum tolerable downtime (MTD) of four hours
- The solution should have a monthly service availability target of 99.8%

Which two assumptions could the architect make based on the information from the customer to help size the solution? (Choose two.)

- A. The number of vSphere hosts in a cluster
- B. The average resource utilization of a virtual machine
- C. The size (CPU/RAM/storage) of the average virtual machine
- D. The guest operating system for each virtual machine
- E. The size (CPU/RAM/storage) of the vSphere hosts

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 120

An architect is designing a new vSphere environment with the following resources:

-

600 vCPU

➤ 5,760 GB RAM

Average resource usage is:

➤ 60 vCPU

➤ 1,152 GB RAM

The design must meet the following requirements:

➤ The environment has the ability to burst by 25%.

➤ Each host can schedule 36 vCPUs and has 512 GB RAM.

➤ Management overhead is 20%.

What is the minimum number of hosts required to meet the design requirements?

A. Three

B. Five

C. Four

D. Two

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 124

An architect is tasked with designing a new VMware software-defined data center (SDDC) using VMware vSAN. The architect uses a storage assessment tool to determine the storage requirements for the new vSAN cluster. The new SDDC is going to be deployed into the existing data center and must be connected to a shared core network switch.

The architect decides to use vSAN ReadyNodes with the following configuration:

➤ Two disk groups with:

➤ Write Intensive NVMe 800 GB drive for cache

➤ Four 3.84 TB Mixed Use NVMe for capacity

➤ Four 10 GbE ports

Which element represents a risk that should be included in this design?

A. The number of 10 GbE capable ports in the vSAN ReadyNode

B. The use of vSAN ReadyNodes

C. The existing network is 10 GbE capable

D. The use of NVMe drives for cache and capacity

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 128

An architect is planning the physical server configuration for a vSAN-based infrastructure.

Which operations mode should a RAID controller support to minimize potential server downtime during physical disk failures?

A. RAID controller with Passthru mode

B. RAID controller with RAID 5 mode

C. RAID controller with RAID 10 mode

D. RAID controller with RAID 6 mode

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 131

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