

Oracle

Exam Questions 1z0-066

Oracle Database 12c: Data Guard Administration



NEW QUESTION 1

Which two are prerequisites for configuring Transaction Guard in a Data Guard environment?

- A. Grant execute permission on the DBMS_APP_CONT package to relevant database schema owners
- B. Create a database service with COMMIT_OUTCOME set to TRUE, and ensure clients use that service to connect to the database instance.
- C. Ensure that connection descriptors for database clients use the failover clause with the COMMIT_OUTCOME parameter set to TRUE
- D. Set INSTANCE_NAME identically on all the Data Guard Configuration databases and modify the local service name on the client to include a CONNECTION_LIST containing all the standby hosts.
- E. Create a database service with COMMIT_OUTCOME set to TRUE and ensure that the service is statically registered with the default listener on the primary host

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 2

Examine the Data Guard configuration:

```
DGMGRL> show configuration;
```

Configuration –Animals

Protection Mode: MaxAvailability

Databases:

dogs- Primary database

cats- Physical standby database

sheep- Logical standby database

Fast-Start Failover: DISABLED

Configuration Status:

SUCCESS

Which three will be true after a switchover to Sheep?

- A. Dogs will be an enabled logical standby database.
- B. Sheep will be the primary database.
- C. Cats will be a disabled physical standby database.
- D. Dogs will be a disabled logical standby database
- E. Cats will be an enabled physical standby database.

Answer: ABE

NEW QUESTION 3

You must use a physical standby database file to recover a data file on a primary database in a Data Guard environment.

Which three of these steps must be performed on the primary database after the file has been backed up using RMAN on the physical standby database?

- A. Connect to the primary database as the AUXILIARY.
- B. Catalog the data file copy for RMAN to use on the primary database for restore.
- C. Back up the data file as copy on the standby host to a location on the standby host.
- D. Switch to the data file copy using the RMAN SWITCH command.
- E. Back up the data file as copy on the standby host to a location on the primary host
- F. Connect to the primary database as the TARGET.

Answer: ABD

NEW QUESTION 4

Which four are true about DGMGRL show command?

- A. It can be used to show properties of a pluggable standby database.
- B. it can be used to show properties of a pluggable primary database.
- C. it can be used to show instance-specific properties for a RAC database.
- D. it can be used to show properties of a far sync instance
- E. it can be used to show Fast Start Failover properties.
- F. It can be used to show properties of a primary container database.

Answer: ABEF

NEW QUESTION 5

Your Data Guard environment consists of these components and settings:

1. A primary database supporting an OLTP workload
 2. A remote physical standby database
 3. Real-time query is enabled
 4. The redo transport mode is set to SYNC.
 5. The protection mode is set to Maximum Availability
- Which two are true regarding the DelayMins Database Property for the standby database?

- A. it can only be enabled for a configuration in Maximum Performance mode.
- B. It allows user errors on the primary to be recovered by using the physical standby database.
- C. It enables you to bypass the default network timeout interval specified for the standby redo transport destination.
- D. it can only be enabled for a configuration in Maximum Availability mode.
- E. It allows logical corruptions on the primary to be recovered by using the physical standby database.
- F. It specifies a delay before the primary ships redo to the standby destination having DelayMins set.

Answer: BF

NEW QUESTION 6

Examine the Data Guard configuration:

```
DGMGRL > show configuration;
```

```
Configuration –Animals
Protection Mode: MaxAvailability
Databases:
cats- Primary database
dogs-Physical standby database
sheep-Logical standby database
```

```
Fast-Start Failover: DISABLED
```

```
Configuration Status:
SUCCESS
```

Which three will be true after a switchover to Dogs?

- A. Sheep will be an enabled logical standby database.
- B. Cats will be an enabled physical standby database
- C. Dogs will be the primary database
- D. Sheep will be a disabled logical standby database
- E. Cats will be a disabled physical standby database

Answer: BCE

NEW QUESTION 7

You are monitoring your Data Guard broker configuration and issue this set of DGMGRL commands:

```
DGMGRL> SHOW CONFIGURATION
```

```
Configuration – DRSolution
```

```
Protection Mode: MaxPerformance
Databases:
Close_by-Primary database
FS_inst- Far Sync
Far_away –Physical standby database
```

```
Fast-Start Failover: DISABLED
```

```
Configuration Status:
SUCCESS
```

What is true concerning this configuration?

- A. The Close_by primary database instance forwards redo to the FSinst Far Sync instance, which forwards the redo in turn to the Far_away physical standby database instance.

- B. The far sync instance will not forward redo to the Far_away physical standby because the Protection mode is not MaxProtection.
- C. The close_by primary database forwards redo to the Far_away physical standby directly and also sends redo to the FSjnst Far Sync instance.
- D. The far sync instance will not forward redo to the Far_away physical standby because Fast-Stan: Failover is disabled
- E. The FSjnst Far Sync instance forwards redo to the Far_away physical standby only if the close_by primary database is not able to do so.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

Examine the Data Guard configuration: DGMGRL> show configuration Configuration -Animals

Protection Mode: MaxAvailability Databases:

dogs- Primary database

sheep- (*) Physical standby database cats- Physical standby database

Fast-Start Failover: ENABLED Configuration Status: SUCCESS

What happens if you issue "switchover" to sheep;" at the DGMGRL prompt?

- A. The switchover succeeds but Dogs need to be reinstated
- B. The switchover succeeds but Fast-Start Failover is suspended.
- C. The switchover succeeds and Cats become the new failover target.
- D. The switchover succeeds and Dogs become the new failover target
- E. it results in an error indicating that a switchover is not allowed.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 9

You created a physical standby database PRODSBY1 from the primary database PROD using SQL and RMAN Which two are prerequisites for creating a Data Guard Broker configuration to manage these databases?

- A. The standby database must have supplemental logging enabled.
- B. The primary database must have FORCE LOGGING enabled
- C. The DG_BROKER_START parameter must be set to TRUE for both database instances.
- D. The primary database must have supplemental logging enabled.
- E. A local net service name to enable connectivity to the PRODSBY1 database instance must be defined on the primary database host.

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 10

Which four factors can influence the rate of SQL apply on a logical standby database?

- A. the size of the undo tablespace on the logical standby database
- B. the number of full table scans performed by SQL apply
- C. the number of coordinator processes on the standby database instance
- D. the size of the shared pool
- E. the number of APPLIER processes
- F. the number of PREPARER processes

Answer: BDEF

NEW QUESTION 10

Which two statements are true for Data Guard environments with multi-tenant databases?

- A. DB_UNIQUE_NAME must be specified differently for each pluggable database within a multi-tenant standby database.
- B. Each pluggable database within a multi-tenant physical standby database has a minimum of one associated Oracle Net service name.
- C. Each pluggable database within a multi-tenant physical standby has one MRP background process running during redo apply.
- D. A pluggable database within a multi-tenant standby database can have a different open mode than the container database
- E. A pluggable database within a multi-tenant standby database can have a different database role than the container database.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 13

In which two cases is it possible to change the protection mode to maximum protection using Enterprise Manager Cloud Control?

- A. a snapshot standby database is the only standby database in the Data Guard configuration.
- B. A logical standby database is the only standby database in the data guard configuration.
- C. A far sync instance is the only Data Guard configuration member receiving redo in synchronous mode.
- D. Flashback is not enabled for either the primary database, the standby database, or both in the Data Guard configuration.
- E. The primary and standby databases are hosted on different operating systems.

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 14

A Data Guard environment has this configuration and these attributes:

- 1. The primary database prima is in the local region.
- 2. A physical standby database physt1 is in the local region.
- 3. A physical standby database physt2 is in a remote region.
- 4. The primary ships redo to physt1.
- 5. physt1 ships redo physt2.
- 6. physt1 and physt2 have Real-Time Query enabled

A sequence has been created with this SQL statement in the primary database: CREATE SEQUENCE a NOCACHE SESSION: Which two statements are true?

- A. The sequence is usable on physt1 and physt2
- B. The sequence is usable on physt1 but not usable on physt2.
- C. The sequence is usable on physt2 if physt1 becomes unavailable, but only if an alternative redo destination has been configured on the primary database.
- D. physt2 will no longer receive redo if physt1 becomes unavailable, unless LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n has the ALTERNATE attribute specified on the primary database.
- E. physt2 will no longer receive redo if physt1 becomes unavailable, unless LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n has the ALTERNATE attribute specified on physt1.

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 18

A data file on one of your physical standby databases has been accidentally deleted and you must restore and recover it. All the archive logs required for recovery are still on disk in the directory pointed to by the log_archive_dest_1 parameter Which three steps must be performed to restore the missing file and recover the standby database while it is in the MOUNT state?

- A. Recover the datafile by using the RMAN RECOVER DATAFILE command
- B. Restart the redo apply.
- C. Restore the datafile by using the RMAN RESTORE DATAFILE command.
- D. Stop the redo apply.
- E. Recover the database by using the RMAN RECOVER DATABASE command.

Answer: CDE

NEW QUESTION 22

Your Data Guard environment consists of these components and settings:

- 1. A primary database supporting an OLTP workload
- 2. A remote physical standby database
- 3. Real-time query is enabled
- 4. The redo transport mode is set to SYNC.
- 5. The protection mode is set to Maximum Availability

Which two are true regarding the DelayMins Database Property for the standby database?

- A. it can only be enabled for a configuration in Maximum Performance mode.
- B. It allows user errors on the primary to be recovered by using the physical standby database.
- C. It enables you to bypass the default network timeout interval specified for the standby redo transport destination.
- D. it can only be enabled for a configuration in Maximum Availability mode.
- E. It allows logical corruptions on the primary to be recovered by using the physical standby database.
- F. It specifies a delay before the primary ships redo to the standby destination having DelayMins set.

Answer: BF

NEW QUESTION 25

Which three are true concerning database states after a successful switchover?

- A. If the former primary database became a logical standby database it will be in mount state
- B. The new primary database will be open read-write.
- C. The former primary database will always be open.
- D. If the former primary database became a logical standby database it will be open read-write.
- E. if the former primary database became a physical standby database it will always be open read-only.
- F. If the former primary database became a physical standby database it will be in the same state as the former physical standby database

Answer: ABE

NEW QUESTION 27

Which three are required in order to use Real-Time Query without lagging behind the primary?

- A. There must be standby redo logs on the standby database
- B. There must be standby redo logs on the primary database.
- C. The primary must ship redo asynchronously.
- D. COMPATIBLE must be set to 11.1.0 or higher.
- E. Real-Time apply must be enabled on the standby.

Answer: ADE

NEW QUESTION 30

Which four requirements can be met by deploying a logical standby database?

- A. Support for workloads requiring additional indexes.
- B. it can be used to create additional schemas.
- C. it can be used to create additional tables.
- D. It must have the same physical structure as the primary database.
- E. it must provide a disaster-recovery solution that protects all data with capability of performing switchovers and failovers.
- F. Support for workloads requiring additional materialized views.
- G. it can be used for Real Application Testing without affecting the disaster recovery capabilities.

Answer: ACEG

NEW QUESTION 35

Which three steps are prerequisites for the creation of a physical standby database on a separate server using the RMAN active database duplication method?

- A. Set the DB_UNIQUE_NAME parameter on the primary database to a different value than that of the DB_NAME parameter.
- B. Put the primary database into archivelog mode
- C. Startup nomount the standby database instance.
- D. Configure Oracle Net connectivity on the primary host to the standby database instance.
- E. Establish user equivalence for the database software owner between the primary host and standby host.

Answer: CDE

NEW QUESTION 40

Which two are true about management of a far sync instance when using the Data Guard Broker?

- A. A far sync instance is in a disabled state in the broker configuration immediately after adding it
- B. A far sync instance that has its RedoRoutes property set may not be disabled in the broker configuration.
- C. Broker management of a far sync instance may only be disabled with the disable configuration DGMGRL command.
- D. A far sync instance need not exist before adding it to the broker configuration but may not be enabled until created

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 41

Which three are true concerning restoring of RMAN backups to primary and physical standby databases in a Data Guard environment?

- A. Backups of data files taken on the primary database may be restored on a physical standby database.
- B. Backups of control files taken on the primary database may not be restored and used on a physical standby database.
- C. Backups of SPFILEs taken on a physical standby database may not be restored on the primary database.
- D. Backups of control files taken on a physical standby database may be restored on the primary database.
- E. Backups of data files taken on a physical standby database may be restored on a primary database.
- F. Backups of SPFILEs taken on the primary database may not be restored and used on a physical standby database.

Answer: CEF

NEW QUESTION 45

Which three are true concerning Automatic Block Media Recovery in a Data Guard environment when running an application as an ordinary Oracle user?

- A. Real Time Query must be enabled on the primary database
- B. Real Time Query must be enabled on the physical standby database.
- C. If a physically corrupt block is discovered on a physical standby database, then a valid block image from the primary database is retrieved.
- D. If a physically corrupt block is discovered on the primary database, then a valid block image from a physical standby database is retrieved
- E. If a physically corrupt block is discovered on a logical standby database, then a valid block image from the primary database is retrieved.
- F. If a physically corrupt block is discovered on a primary database, then a valid block image from the logically standby database is retrieved.

Answer: BCD

NEW QUESTION 50

Examine the Data Guard configuration after an accidental switchover to Sheep:

```
DGMGRL> show configuration;
```

```
Configuration - Animals
```

```
Protection Mode: MaxAvailability
```

```
Databases:
```

```
sheep- Primary database
```

```
dogs- Logical standby database
```

```
cats- Physical standby database (disabled)
```

```
ORA-16795: the standby database needs to be re-created
```

```
Fast-Start Failover: DISABLED
```

```
Configuration Status:
```

```
SUCCESS
```

Which three will be true after a switchover to Dogs?

- A. Sheep will be a disabled logical standby database.
- B. Sheep will be an enabled logical standby database.
- C. Cats will be a disabled physical standby database that can be manually enabled.
- D. Cats will be an enabled physical standby database.
- E. Dogs will be the primary database.

Answer: BCE

NEW QUESTION 55

Which two Data Guard features require the use of flashback database by the broker?

- A. Read-Mostly physical standby implementations
- B. Far Sync Instances
- C. Fast-Start Failover
- D. Real Time Query
- E. Snapshot Standby databases

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 59

Which three types of backups taken in which situations may be used to perform restore operations to a logical standby database in a Data Guard environment?

- A. backups of data files taken on the primary database if connected to the recovery catalog where the logical standby database is registered
- B. backups of data files taken on the standby database if connected to the recovery catalog where the logical standby database is registered
- C. backups of control files taken on the primary database if connected to the recovery catalog where the logical standby database is registered
- D. backups of data files taken on the logical standby database, if not connected to arecovery catalog
- E. backups of control files taken on the logical standby database if not connected to a recovery catalog

Answer: ADE

NEW QUESTION 63

You administer a Data Guard environment with a primary and two physical standby databases.

One of the physical standby databases is used for reporting and is on the same host as the primary database.

The other physical standby database is remote, used for disaster recovery and REDO is routed to it via a far sync instance.

Backups are offloaded to the remote physical standby.

Which three are true concerning the management of archive logs in this Data Guard configuration?

- A. Archive logs on the primary database may be deleted once they are applied on all standby databases.
- B. Archive logs on the primary database may be deleted once they are shipped on all standby databases.
- C. The deletion policy for archive logs on the remote physical standby should be set so that archived logs are deleted once they backed up at least once on the remote physical standby database.
- D. The deletion policy for archive logs on the remote physical standby should be set so that archived logs are deleted once they are applied on all standby databases.
- E. Archive logs on the primary database may be deleted once they are archived locally to disk.

Answer: ADE

NEW QUESTION 68

You administer a Data Guard environment consisting of a primary and three physical standby databases.

One physical standby database is used for disaster recovery, one is used for reporting, and one is used as a replica for testing.

The standby database used for testing is occasionally converted into a snapshot standby database and then converted back to a physical standby.

The physical standby database is the only standby that is a mandatory destination The broker configuration operates in MAXIMUM PERFORMANCE mode.

Which ARCHIVELOG DELETION POLICY should be set. so that archive logs generated on the primary database are not deleted before they are consumed appropriately on each of the standby databases, but which allows them to be deleted form the primary as soon as it is safe to do so?

- A. CONFIGURE ARCHIVELOG DELETION POLICY TO APPLIED ON ALL STANDBY
- B. CONFIGURE ACHIVELOG DELETION POLICY TO APPLIED ON STANDBY;
- C. CONFIGURE ACHIVELOG DELETION POLICY TO SHIPPED TO ALL STANDBY;
- D. CONFIGURE ACHIVELOG DELETION POU CY TO SHIPPED TO STANDBY,
- E. CONFIGURE ACHIVELOG DELETION POLICY TO NONE;

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 72

You administer a Data Guard environment consisting of a primary and three physical standby databases.

One physical standby database is used for disaster recovery, one is used for reporting, and one is used as a replica for testing.

The standby database used for testing is occasionally converted into a snapshot standby database and then converted back to a physical standby.

The physical standby database is the only standby that is a mandatory destination The broker configuration operates in MAXIMUM PERFORMANCE mode.

Which ARCHIVELOG DELETION POLICY should be set. so that archive logs generated on the primary database are not deleted before they are consumed appropriately on each of the standby databases, but which allows them to be deleted form the primary as soon as it is safe to do so?

- A. CONFIGURE ARCHIVELOG DELETION POLICY TO APPLIED ON ALL STANDBY
- B. CONFIGURE ACHIVELOG DELETION POLICY TO APPLIED ON STANDBY;
- C. CONFIGURE ACHIVELOG DELETION POLICY TO SHIPPED TO ALL STANDBY;
- D. CONFIGURE ACHIVELOG DELETION POU CY TO SHIPPED TO STANDBY,
- E. CONFIGURE ACHIVELOG DELETION POLICY TO NONE;

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 76

A data file on one of your physical standby databases has been accidentally deleted and you must restore and recover it. All the archive logs required for recovery are still on disk in the directory pointed to by the log_archive_dest_1 parameter Which three steps must be performed to restore the missing file and recover the standby database while it is in the MOUNT state?

- A. Recover the datafile by using the RMAN RECOVER DATAFILE command
- B. Restart the redo apply.
- C. Restore the datafile by using the RMAN RESTORE DATAFILE command.
- D. Stop the redo apply.
- E. Recover the database by using the RMAN RECOVER DATABASE command.

Answer: CDE

NEW QUESTION 78

You have a Data Guard Broker configuration called Somewhere' as shown:

```
DGMGRL> show configuration;
```

Configuration –Somewhere

Protection Mode: MaxPerformance

Databases:

Nearby-Primary database

FS-Far Sync

Farout-Physical standby database

Fast-Start Failover: DISABLED

Configuration Status: SUCCESS

You then run this command:

```
DGMGRL> SHOW DATABASE 'Nearby' 'InconsistentProperties';
```

Which two are true about the output of this DGMGRL command?

- A. A far sync instance cannot have inconsistent properties because it has no database.
- B. It shows all properties whose broker configuration values for database Nearby are inconsistent with the broker configuration values for database Farout.
- C. It shows all properties whose broker configuration values for database Nearby are inconsistent with the values in the corresponding server parameter file or the runtime values for database instance Nearby.
- D. Any inconsistency reported is on an instance-specific basis.

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 79

Examine the Data Guard configuration:

```
DGMGRL> show configuration;
```

Configuration –Animals

Protection Mode: MaxAvailability

Databases:

dogs- Primary database

cats- Snapshot standby database

sheep- Snapshot standby database

Fast-Start Failover: DISABLED

Configuration Status:

ORA-01034: ORACLE not available

ORA-16625: cannot reach database "dogs"

DGM-17017: unable to determine configuration status

Which three will be true after a successful failover to Cats?

- A. Sheep will be in the disabled state.

- B. Sheep will be in the enabled state.
- C. Dogs will be in the disabled state and has to be manually reinstated
- D. The configuration will be in Maximum Performance mode.
- E. The configuration will be in Maximum Availability mode.

Answer: BCD

NEW QUESTION 84

Which three are required in order to use Real-Time Query without lagging behind the primary?

- A. There must be standby redo logs on the standby database
- B. There must be standby redo logs on the primary database.
- C. The primary must ship redo asynchronously.
- D. COMPATIBLE must be set to 11.1.0 or higher.
- E. Real-Time apply must be enabled on the standby.

Answer: ADE

NEW QUESTION 89

A Data Guard environment has this configuration and these attributes:

1. A primary database
2. A Physical Standby Database named sbdb
3. The configuration is in maximum availability protection mode.

Then sbdb is converted to a snapshot standby database When two statements are true?

- A. Sbdb can still apply redo
- B. The recovery point objective increases
- C. The protection mode is lowered to maximum performance
- D. The recovery time objective increases.
- E. Sbdb can still receive redo

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 90

Which three types of backups taken in which situations may be used to perform restore operations to a logical standby database in a Data Guard environment?

- A. backups of data files taken on the primary database if connected to the recovery catalog where the logical standby database is registered
- B. backups of data files taken on the standby database if connected to the recovery catalog where the logical standby database is registered
- C. backups of control files taken on the primary database if connected to the recovery catalog where the logical standby database is registered
- D. backups of data files taken on the logical standby database, if not connected to a recovery catalog
- E. backups of control files taken on the logical standby database if not connected to a recovery catalog

Answer: ADE

NEW QUESTION 91

A Data Guard environment has this configuration and these attributes:

1. The primary database prima is in the local region.
2. A physical standby database physt1 is in the local region.
3. A physical standby database physt2 is in a remote region.
4. The primary ships redo to physt1.
5. physt1 ships redo physt2.
6. physt1 and physt2 have Real-Time Query enabled

A sequence has been created with this SQL statement in the primary database: CREATE SEQUENCE a NOCACHE SESSION: Which two statements are true?

- A. The sequence is usable on physt1 and physt2
- B. The sequence is usable on physt1 but not usable on physt2.
- C. The sequence is usable on physt2 if physt1 becomes unavailable, but only if an alternative redo destination has been configured on the primary database.
- D. physt2 will no longer receive redo if physt1 becomes unavailable, unless LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n has the ALTERNATE attribute specified on the primary database.
- E. physt2 will no longer receive redo if physt1 becomes unavailable, unless LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n has the ALTERNATE attribute specified on physt1.

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 93

Which three statements are true about Far Sync instances?

- A. The Data Guard Broker must be used to deploy and manage Far Sync instances.
- B. They enable standby database to be configured at remote distances from the primary without impacting performance on the primary.
- C. A primary database can ship redo directly to multiple Far Sync instances.
- D. They use as spfile, a standby controlfile, and standby redo logs.
- E. They work with any protection level.

Answer: ABD

NEW QUESTION 94

Examine the Fast-start configuration

```
DGMGRL> show fast_start failover;
```

Fast-Start Failover: ENABLED

Threshold : 30 seconds
Target: sheep
Observer : 017.example.com
Lag Limit: 30 seconds (not in use)
Shutdown Primary: TRUE
Auto-reinstate: TRUE
Observer Reconnect: (none)
Observer Override: FALSE

Configurable Failover Conditions

Health Conditions:
Corrupted Controlfile YES
Corrupted Dictionary YES
Inaccessible Logfile NO
Stuck Archiver YES
Datafile Offline YES

Oracle Error Conditions: (none) Which three are true?

- A. The observer will initiate a failover when the primary database is unable to produce local archived redo log files.
- B. An automatic failover will be initiated even if the target standby database lags behind the primary
- C. The observer is running
- D. a failover may occur if the observer has lost connectivity to the primary database, even if the Fast-Start Failover target standby database has a good connection to the primary database
- E. The configuration operates in Maximum Availability mode
- F. The configuration operates in Maximum Performance mode

Answer: ACE

NEW QUESTION 95

A customer asks you to propose the most appropriate solution for this set of requirements:

1. We need a disaster recovery solution that enables us to fail over from our production database with zero data loss.
2. We want to generate reports from the proposed standby database at the same time that it is used for other purposes.
3. Developers may need to test occasionally on a copy of the live database.

You have to already confirmed that there are no unsupported data types on the primary database Which two solutions would you recommend?

- A. a remote physical standby database with RedoRoutes via a far sync instance
- B. a snapshot standby database with synchronous redo transport
- C. a physical standby database with real-time query enabled
- D. a logical standby database
- E. a read mostly implementation of a physical standby database

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 99

Your Data Guard environment has one physical standby database using Real-Time Query. Two sentences have been created by these SQL statements:
create sequence a global; create sequence b session; Neither sequence has been used since being created

Session 1 connects to the primary database instance and issues these two SQL statements:

```
SELECT a.nextval FROM DUAL;
```

```
SELECT b nextval FROM DUAL;
```

Then session 2 connects to the physical standby database instance and issues the same SQL statements.

What output will be seen for session 2?

- A)

Sequence a output	21
Sequence b output	1
- B)

Sequence a output	21
Sequence b output	21
- C)

Sequence a output	1
Sequence b output	1
- D)

Sequence a output	1
Sequence b output	21

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 102
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